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PRICE FIVE CENTS.

A SILLY STORY

VOL. XVII.

CONCERNING THE MANAGEMENT OF SOUTHERN APPOINTMENTS.

Cleveland to Keep His Own Council, and to Do as He Pleases—The Retirement of General Grant— The Contest Over the Illinois Senator-ship—Other Washington Gossip.

WASHINGTON, January 14 .- [Special.]-The recently published report that Senators Lamar, Harris, Cockrell, Coke and Vance had been constituted an advisory board to control southern appointments under the coming administration is too silly for denial, but all the senators named characterize it as a pure fabrication. No man or set of men, will dictate to Cleveland, and this story shows to what extremes of invention those persons are driven

who are trying to forecast his policy. BothGeorgia senators voted for the bill to authorize the president to retire General Grant. It will pass the house if a vote can be had en it. In that body are some northern democrats who will stoutly oppose it as a bad precedent.

They may be strong enough to prevent its consideration by the adroit use of the rules of the house. General Rosecrans will oppose the bill, and General Slocum may do so. Judge Moulton, of Illinois, is another prominen democrat who is outspoken against it.

The Illinois democratic congressmen are disgusted at the conduct of their party friends in the state legislature. They say the rush of democratic candidates for the senatorship, and their efforts to best each other off, combined with the factious quarrels which have sprung up in the organization of the legislature, have well nigh destroyed all hope, of electing a democratic successor to Logan. Democratic jealousies and blunders have about made Logan's return to the senate exceedingly probable.

F. H. R.

GRANT AS A PENSIONER. The Senate Agrees to Put Him on the Re-

The Senate Agrees to Pat Him on the Retired List.

Washington, January 14.—In the senate, Mr. Allison, from the committee on appropriations, pursuant to the recommendation of the president, reported a bill, which was read three times and passed, providing for the compensation and expenses of special electoral messengers to be sent to lowa and Oregon for the returns of the late presidential election the returns of the late presidential election in those states.
Mr. Cockrell, asked why such a bill was

Mr. Allison said the returns were not here,

and the laws required that in such case, a messenger should be sent.

Mr. Cockrell suggested that a copy of the aw be sent to Iowa and Oregon, instead of

messengers at great expense.

Mr. Dolph explained that the snow blockade on the Northern Pacific was partially responsible for the failure to receive the Oregon returns. The copy sent by messenger had been received. THE GRANT RELIEF BILL

Mr. Edmunds, calling Mr. Fry to the chair, took the floor and called up the bill, yesterday offered by him, providing that the president may appoint to the retired list any person who has consided the position of general cammand. may appoint to the retired list my person who has occupied the position of general commanding of any of the armies of the United States, or general-in-chief of the United States army. He moved to amend it by adding: "With the rank and full pay of such general or general-in-chief, as the case may be." The amendment was agreed to.

Mr. Cockrell desired to record his vote registed to the bill yet the will yet the point when the was

against the bill, not knowing whether the years and nays would be called on it. The retired list was not the place fer-private citizens. It had been created for officers, who, being still in the service, had been rendered incapacitated. There was neither justice nor propriety in placing private citizens on such a list. General Grant was now enjoying the receipt of \$15,000 a year, which was enough for the support of any American citizen.

Mr. Edmunds said he concurred in the general principles laid down by Mr. Cockrell a to the retired list, that it was not the place for private citizens. He (Edmunds) was on that private citizens. He (Edmunds) was on that point a democrat of democrats. But as a senator and a citizen, he was glad of the opportunity to ask the passage of this bill. General Grant had served his country faithfully and gallantly in the Mexican war while a young lieutenant. He became a general of the armies of the United States on an occasion of very considerable importance and interest. Mr. Edmunds was stating it mildly in order not to excite the temperaments of anybody on the other side of the chamber. General Grant had been removed from the office of general of the armies of the United States from which he would have been retired when he reached the proper age, and put in this very list, to assume the presidency and the command of the armies of sge, and put in this very list, to assume the presidency and the command of the armies of the United States as commander-in-chief, under its constitution. He had not sought it. He had obeyed the call of duty, that removed him from the technical place that he had held in the army to a higher place as constitutional commander of the armies of the United States under the law. When his term expired he became a private citizen. In that state of the case, and under the circumstances which all knew, and in view of the honor, respect, gratitude and duty that we may owe him as primus in illustrius in the history of this country, Mr. Edmunds would be glad to have a unanimous vote for the bill.

Mr. Maxey had heretofore opposed the efforts of this character, being opposed to placing private citizens on the retired list. But the circumstances of this case were exceptional. As a southern man who had opposed the tectures of General Grant

who had opposed the course of General Grant he (Maxey) could not but recognize that when the supreme hour came to the southern states, when they had to yield up all save their honor, when they had to yield up all save their hoar, no man had ever acted with more magnanimity and generosity than Ulysses S. Grant did at Appemattox. Not only did Mr. Maxey remember that fact, but the people smong whom he lived remembered it, and he did not believe that there was today a man in the south who would begrudge a reasonable and fair support for Grant in his declining years. Mr. Maxey added that he had known General Grant for forty years, and believed that his recent troubles arose entirely from Grant's supreme confidence in

Gibson said that while form of the bill might mmend itself to his judgment, its object did. He sympathized with the people of the country who desired to testify their appreciation of General Grant's service. As a senator from Louisiana he felt it incumbent on him to vote for the bill, to show the good will and sympathy of the people of that state for Grant.

Mr. George said he was here as a senator Mr. George said he was here as a senator from Mississippi in the restored union. On being commissioned by his people to come here, he had made a covenant with himself that in his votes in the senate, on all quistions that did not effect the honor of his people, he would vote exactly as if he had worn the federal instead of the confederate uniform. He believed the people desired the passage of the proposed measure.

the proposed measure.

Mr. Jones said he had opposed a similar measure when proposed some years age, because he had not approved certain acts of Grant's administration, and because Grant did not then need aid. Under the present circumstances of the general, however, he favored the bill.

Mr. Voorhees said that Mr. Cockrell's refer-

ence to General Grant's income might create misapprehension in the popular mind. When the guaranteed term should expire, six years hence, the investment fund would prove of little value. Mr. Voorhees said that he would strongly favor this measure. He recalled the fact that Secretary Stanton wanted to arrest and imprison General Robert E. Lee, after the surrender at Appomattox, and that General Grant had told Stanton that Lee was his (Grant's) parolled prisoner, and a Lee was his (Grant's) paroled prisoner, and a hair of his head should not be molested. He remembered, also, Grant's fearless ac-knowledgement of his error in the Fitz-John

The bill was then read a third time and passed—yeas 49, nays 9. Those voting nay were Messrs. Beck, Cockrell, Coke, Harris, Pendleton, Sauisbury, Slater, Vance and Walker.

THE NAVAL BILL. The senate took up the naval appropriation bill. The senate appropriation committee amendments were concurred in and the bill

The chair laid before the senate the regular order, being the inter state commerce bill.

Mr. Slater offered an amendment, probibiting charging higher rates of compensation for transporting of the same kind and amount of property a shorter distance than for a longer distance. Mr. Slater described the operation of the principle of discriminating against "short hauls," and the suffering of western communities in consequence.

"chort hauls," and the suffering of western communities in consequence.

Pending the debate on this amendment Mr. Harrison called the attention of the senate to the death of Schuyler Coffax, who had been presiding officer of the senate and vice-president of the United States. After a few brief but feeling words of eulogy of the deceased by Mr. Harrison and Mr. Sherman, Mr. Harrison offered a resolution reciting that the senate had heard with great sorrow of Colfax's death, and that out of respect to his memory the senate do now adjourn. The senate accordingly, at 4:25 p. m. adjourned. ingly, at 4:25 p. m. adjourned.

THE BELATED RETURNS.

Oregon and Iowa Fail to Report their Elec-

toral Votes.

Washington, January 14.—In the house, Mr. Randall sent to the clerk's desk and had read a letter received from the secretary of state, informing the house that one of the certificates of the electoral vote of Oregon, and one of the certificates of the electoral vote of Iowa, not having been received by the presi-dent protem of the senate, it became incumbent on him to send a special messenger to each of those states, as required by law. The secretary requeste that an appropriation be made to pay the expenses and compensations of the messenger. The speaker laid before the house a message from the president on the same subject.

Mr. Randall then introduced a bill, which was immediately passed, appropriating \$1,500 for the compensation and expenses of these messengers.
Mr. Mills, of Texas, introduced a bill to cre-

ate a revenue commission. Referred. This is similar to the bill introduced in the senate by

similar to the bill introduced in the senate by Mr. Beck, on the 5th inst.
Mr. Weller, of Iowa, introduced a bill to refund the bonded debt of the United States ai 2½ per cent interest, to reduce the taxation on the circulating bank note currency, and to secure such currency against unnecessary disturbance and fluctuation, by applying the national revenues economically to the payment of the public debt. Referred.
Mr. Thompson, of Kentucky, asked unanimous consent for the passage of a bill amending the Pacific railroad acts so as to provide for the construction of a road from Sioux City, Iowa, to a point on the Union Pacific rail-

Iowa, to a point on the Union Pacific rail-coad, west of the one hundredth meridian. Mr. Reagan, of Texas, objected. THE FRENCH SPOLIATION CLAIMS.
Under the special order the house proceeded to the consideration of business reported from the committee on foreign affairs. The first bill considered was the senate French

Mr. Cox, of North Carolina, sketched the istory of these claims, and maintained that history of these claims, and maintained that the importance of the case and justice to the claimants devolved upon congress the duty of providing a tribunal competent to secure the settlement of vexed questions. In years gone by forty-three favorable reports had been made by congressional committees upholding the validity of these claims, and these reports had been submitted, after careful study, by such pean as Deniel Webster, Calab Cushing such men as Daniel Webster, Caleb Cushing and Charles Sumner. Mr. Jones, of Wisconsin, presented an argu-ment in opposition to the bill.

ment in opposition to the bill.

Mr. Rice, of Massachusetts, gave an interesting history of the claim, and argued in support of the bill as a matter of justice and coulty.

Mr. Broadhead, of Missouri, argued in the same line. Messrs. Cox of New York, Holman and Mesers. Cox of New York, Holman and Blount opposed the measure.

After further discussion by Mesers. Hunt of Louisiens, Phelps of New Jersey, and Milliker of Maine, in favor of the bill, Mr. Warner, of Ohio, moved that it be committed to the committee on claims. Lost.

The bill was then passed—yeas 181, nays 71. It refers all claims to the court of claims for examination and report to congress.

THE CHINESE INDEMNITY FUND.

Mr. Weite, of Connecticut, then called up

Mr. Waite, of Connecticut, then called up the Chinese indemnity fund bill, and after a short explanation by him the bill was passed. t authorizes the president to cause the residue of the Chinese indemnity fund to be converted into coin, and to cause the sum of \$583,000 to be returned to the Chinese government and the balance carried into the treasment and the balance carried into the treas-ury, provided that before the payment to China the secretary of state shall pay from the fund to the executors of C. E. Heil \$13,000 on account of the loss of the vessel "Kenjear." On motion of Mr. Randall, of Pennsylva-nia, the senate amendment to the bill for the payment of the messengers sent for the certi-fication of the cleanal votes of Orac carried ication of the clectoral votes of Oregon and

Iowa was concurred in.
The house at 5 o'clock adjourned. A democratic caucus was announced to take

place to-morrow at 4 p. m. FEDERAL TOPICS. The University Land Grants -- Notes of the

Departments.

Washington, January 14.—The secretary of the interior has instructed the commissioner of the land office that under the act of April 24, 1884, the state selections for the university of Alabama are entitled to be admitted upon the public lands not embraced in the subsisting grant by the United States, subject, of course, to any legal priorities existing at the date of selection. The secretary holds that date of selection. The secretary holds that there is no requirement in the act and the department does not require that lists of selections shall be published, or any preliminary affidavit of freedom from settlement shall be required of the state agents, but that senators claiming adversely in order to defeat the right of the state, must file their claims within the time required by law, and comply with the requirements of the settlement laws as to settlement and publication. When, after a large of the proper period, no adverse claims lapse of the proper period, no adverse claims are filed, the state selections are entitled to prevail.

Chief Justice Waite.

Washington, January 14.—Cirief Justice Waite is slowly improving in health, and he expects to leave Washington for the south next week, hoping to benefit from the milder climate. He made a short visit to the capitol to-day.

IRISH ANGER,

WHICH LED TO THE ATTEMPT TO ASSASSINATE PHELAN.

An Irish Dynamiter Tells the Cause for the Stabbing

- Fhelan Pursued in Ireland-Mrs. Phelan at

Her Husband's Bedside-O'Donovan

Rossa Makes Open Declara ions.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., January 14 .- An Irishman who saw Phelan assaulted has arrived here. "My name is Michael Joseph Doran," he

said, exhibiting a letter bearing that superscription, "and I know O'Donovan Rossa and all the other boys. I was in Rossa's office when Dick Short tried to remove Tom Phelan, and I know all about it. I don't make any secret of what I know, and will go back to New York and do what I can to save poor

"What was the cause for the stabbing?" was asked by a bystander.

"Well, there were several causes. The talk in the newspapers about it all being on account of that interview out west about blowing up the Queen is all nonsense. Phelan had actually to skip from Ireland and England as fast as his heels could carry him or he would have been shot, for there were a dozen men in Cork, and as many more in Glasgow, ready to do the job. Phelan went over to the old country nearly two years ago to get avidence to do the job. Phelan went over to the old country nearly two years ago to get evidence on behalf of P. J. Sheridan, and while he was there he became acquainted with Dick Short, William Featherstone and Dan Deasy. That was in Cork. The explosion in the Glasgow gas works, followed by the attempt to blow up the Glasgow, railway, atation, took place, while

Glasgow railway station, took place while Phelan was in Cork. Phelan went to Glasgow to see some of the boys there, as he said, and almost immediately Featherstone and Deasy were arrested and sentenced to penal servitude tor life. Short escaped. Soon after the Cork were arrested and sentenced to penal servitude for life. Short escaped. Soon after the Cork arrests, ten men were arrested in Glasgow for connection with the explosions, and eight of them were transported. McDermot was known to have given information, and Phelan was seen in his company. Both knew what was coming, and they left the country to-gether. There, now, is the long and short of it."

gether. There, now, is the long and short of it."

MRS. PHELAN AT HER HULBAND'S BEDSIDE.

New York, January 14.—On the announcement of the arrival from Kansas city of Mrs. Phelan, scompanied by her fourteen year old daughter Alice, Dr. Bull, of the Chambers street hospital, drew screens about Capiain Phelan's bed so that when they reached the bedside the meeting between man and wife might be hidden from the gaze of the other ward patients. Mr. Reilly, who has spent a great deal of his time at Phelan's bedside, was there early, but Mrs. Phelan did not arrive until after 12 o'clock. Their manner was calm and Mrs. Phelan impressed the doctor as being a very sensible woman. She is about forty years eld, of slight build, with the east of countenance of the average Irish-American woman. She was slight build, with the cast of countenance of the average firsh-American woman. She was plainly but neatly dressed. On approaching the bed her lips moved as if she was about to speak, but no sound was heard. She took his hand in hers and looked inquiringly at him, and then both smiled, but there was no scene and no exclamations were heard from either the sufferer or his wife. He kissed his daughter affectionately. Taking off her bonnet Mrs. Phelan sat down by her husband and talked to him in quiet tones for a few minutes.

A policeman has been stationed at the bed-side of Captain Phelan to prevent any further Fenian attempt at assassination. This, it is openly declared, they will yet do.

WHAT HOSSA SAYS.

openly declared, they will yet do.

WHAT HOSSA SAYS.

O'Donovan Rossa, in his paper, declares that the Short-Phelan episode is a plot hatched by England. He calls loudly for a congressional inquiry, and offers to furnish the proof that England is hatching dynamite conspiracies in America, and that England's agents in America have been paying money to agents to engage in the work. He denies that Phelan was lured into his office before the attemp at assassination, and further on says, referring to Phelan's threat to make sieves with his bullets of those who had denounced him: "To make sieves of us with his bullets is not a thing which will clear him of uspicion. To make sieves of us with his bul lets is a thing which England would pay him a large amount of money for, but we do not want the work done."

In an interview Rossa says: "I charge Presdent Arthur with being inspired by informa-ion furnished him by Phelan when he wrote his last message and referred to dynamiters. I don't deny sending assistance to the men who are fighting England, and they may use it in any way they like, in dynamite or what

BARNUM'S PROPOSITION. He Offers General Grant \$100,000 for the

Temporary Use of His Trophies. New York, January 14.—[Special.]—Gener-ol Grant has received the following letter from

New York, January 14.—[Special.]—General Grant has received the following letter from P. T. Barnum, the great showman.

Bridgerort, Conn., January 12th, [1885. General Ulysses S. Grant, twice president of the United States, etc., etc.—Honored Sir: The whole world honors and respects you. All are anxious that you should live happy and free from care. While they admire your manliness in declining the large sum recently tendered you by friends they still desire to see you achieve financial independence shan honorable manner.

Of the finique and valuable trophies with which you have been honored we have all read and all have a laudable desire to see these evidences offlove and respect bestowed upon you by monarchs, princes and peoples throughout the globe. While you would confer a great and enduring favor on your fellowmen and women by permitting them to see these trophies, you could at the same time remove existing embarrassments in a most satisfactory and honorable manner.

I will give you \$100,000 cash, besides a proportion of the profits, assuming all risks myself, if I may be permitted to exhibit these relies to a grateful and appreciative public, and I will give satisfactory bonds of \$500,000 for their sale keeping and return. These precious trophies, of which all your friends are so proud, would be placed before the eyes of your millions of admirers in a manner and style at once pleasing to yourself and satisfactory to the best elements of the entire community. Remembering that the mementoes of Washington, Wellington, Napoleon, Frederick the Great, Stephen Girard and many other distinguished men, have given immeuse pleasure to millions who have been permitted to see them, I trust you will in the honorable manner proposed gratify the public and thus inculeate the lessons of honesty, perseverance and true patriotism so admirably illustrated in your career.

"The offer of Mr. Barnum is a very advantageous one for the general," was the opinion of Robert Bonner, of the Ledger, one of the

"The offer of Mr. Barnum is a very advantageous one for the general," was the opinion of Robert Bonner, of the Ledger, one of the general's warm friends, 'looking at it in a business way, but the general will not turn showman. The general and ex-president could not lower his dignity and part with his self respect in that mander. No, sir; the offer will be rejected. His course throughout has been honorable. What the nation should do to show it gratitude is to restore him to his been honorable. What the nation should do
to show it gratitude is to restore him to his
old rank on the retired list."
"What the general's reply to Mr. Barnum
will be I cannot say," said Colonel Grant.

The Danger of an Overflow.

PORT ALLEN, La., January 14—The commissioners of the fourth levee district met here and recognizing the danger of a disastrious overflow, and their pecuniary inability to prevent it, resolved to apply to congress for aid in protecting the levees from the mouth of the Red river to the gulf.

Two Men Crushed to Death. ARMY WRANGLING.

Hazen, McKeever and Garlington All Mixed Up.
Washington, January 14.—General Hazen's formal charges against Assistant Adjutant-General McKeever, are accompanied by a note to Lieutenant-Colonel Sheridan, in reply to the memorandum of Lieutenant-Gen eral Sheridan, that there was nothing in the informal charges General Hazen preferred sgainst General McKeever, to justify his trial by a court marshal. In this note General Hazen says he cheerfully yields to General Sheridan's wishes in the matter but that such publicity has been given to the subject, it is but just to Lieutenant Colonel McKeever that I now make the charges that he may have an opportunity, if it is thought best to refer them to him, to withdraw his objectionable statements, with any reparation or explanation he may see fit to make." General Hazen disclaims that there is anything personal to himself in what he (General McKeever) did, but he saws: "It seemed the plain, simple duty. in what he (General McKeever) did, but he says: "It seemed the plain, simple duty, alike to the men of my command so carelessly arraigned, to a due regard for discipline, and a proper sense of what should actuate an official of the army, that official notice should be taken of his actions." He then relates in detail, as the ground for the charges, the objectionable remarks alleged to have been made by McKeever regarding the management of the arctic expedition under Lieutenant Greely. It is understood that the charges have been returned to General Hazen, and that no official notice will be taken of them.

them.
It is understood that Lieutenant Garlington sent to the secretary of war to-day formal charges against General Hazen, founded upon the statements recently made by the latter to Lieutenant Garlington's discredit. The charges, it is said, are of conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman, and the specifications set forth instances of alleged lying and slander.

ST. JOHN'S CORRUPTION. More Evidence that the Saint Was a Trader

More Evidence that the Saint Was a Trader in Politics.

Physburg, January 14.—Joseph D. Weeks, late secretary of the republican committee, in an interview to-night, said:

"I have read carefully the interview with J. S. Clarkson, of the Des Moines Register, in the Chicago Tribune of Tuesday, January 13, regarding the evertures made by St. John to sell out to the republicans in the late campaign. As it was well known that I was a prohibitionist though not a St. Johnist, both Clarkson and Kerls kept me imformed as to the overtures made, and showed me she correspondence. So far as I am acquainted with the facts, and I had knowledge of almost every instance referred to in Clarkson's interview, he states them correctly. I have seen the Instance referred to in Clarkson's interview, he states them correctly. I have seen the originals of the letters of James F. Legate to Clarkson and Kerns, and have copies of them taken from the originals by myself, and these letters as given by Clarkson and Kerns are correct. I believed at the time, and still believe, that Legate was the representative of Jno. P. St. John, and acted with his full knowledge and consent." his full knowledge and consent.'

THE RIVERS AND HARBORS. The Appropriation Agreed Upon by the

Committee.

Washington, January 14.—The committee on rivers and harbors to-day completed its bill, with the exception of the item making an apprepriation for Hennepin canal, and one or two items for small rivers. The appropria-tion for the Mississippi river is as fol-lows: For the reservoirs at the head waters \$35,000; for a survey of the entire river waters \$35,000; for a survey of the entire river \$75,000; for removing snags \$50,000; for snag boats \$50,000; for the river from Des Moines rapids to the mouth of the Illinois river \$200,000; from the Illinois river to Cairo \$200,000; below Cairo \$250,000. The other large appropriations are for the Missouri river \$500,000; for the Ohio \$350,000; for the entire river with the exception of the falls at Louisville, for which an appropriation of \$125,000 is made; Charleston, S. C., harbor \$150,000; Mobile harbor \$120,000; 31 smess river, Va., \$150,000; mouth St. Johns river, Fla., \$150,000; Cumberland river \$100,000; Kentucky river \$200,000.

THE SENATORSHIPS.

The State Legislatures Getting Ready to Bal-VIRGINIA CITY, Nevada, January 14 .- In the

senate to day, Jones for United States senator received 13 votes, and P. P. Keating, 5. Two republicans were absent. In the assembly Jones received 32 votes and Keating 8. Harrorn, Conn., January 14.—The demo-cratic caucus this afternoon nominated Wil-liam H. Barnum for United States senator. The republican caucus nominated Hon. Orville

H. Platt.
VIRGINIA CITY, Nev., January 14.—The election of Jones as United States senator has been confirmed on joint ballot. A TOUCH OF DYNAMITE.

Five Hundred Pounds of the Compound Explodes.
Somerser, Pa., January 14.—At the Somer SOMERSET, Pa., January 14.—At the Somer-set chemical works, two miles east of this place, where nitro glycerine and all grades of high explosives are manufactured, five men were at work in the packing house to-day, when dynamite was ignited from a red hot poker, with which one of the men was boring a hole in the doors. In a second the entire building was in flames, and

a hole in the doors. In a second the entire building was in flames, and the men, with their clothing airs, started to run, and were but a short distance from the building when five hundred pounds of dynamite, packed ready for shipment lying outside of the building exploded with terific noise. Two men were found about sixty rods away burned to crisps. The other men were not seriously injured. The shock was so great that the people in this town ran into the streets, thinking their houses were falling down. The window glasses were broken in houses half a mile from the scene of the accident. GONE TO CANADA.

A Trusted Employe Seeks Release From the Importunate Creditors.

Importunate Creditors.

Baltimore, January 14.—Since Friday last Thomas A. Graham, esshier of the Baltimore and Ohio works, and Mount Clare, has been missing. Last night he left town, and the officials of the road commenced an investigation of his accounts. It was found that a shortage of over \$10,000 existed, for which no explanation was made. The company is protected by good bondsmen. Graham has been in the employ of the company for a number of years, and was widely known and highly respected. He is at present a member of the school board, and has been a member of the city council. His friends think he has gone to Canada. His friends think he has gone to Canada.

Stabbed to the Heart.

Berlin, January 14 .- At Frankfort on-the-Main, last night, a police commissioner named Rumpff, who has been active in the prosecution of the socialists, was found dead in front of his own home, stabled to the heart with two wounds. His assassin is unknown, but the act is charged to the account of friends of the anarchists recently tried at Leipsic, in whose trial he had been concerned.

Sentenced to Hang. Selva, Alabama, January 14.—[Special.]—Sanford Jackson, the negro who murdered Rufus Gill, colored, in the spring of 1883, has been sentenced to ang in this city Friday, February 13th. THE TONQUIN WAR.

PREMIER FERRY ANNOUNCES RIGOROUS MEASURES. e War to be Prosecuted Until the Whole Country is Occupied, and Until France Rules in the Orient-France and Germany Unite to Rutually Protect Each Other.

Paris, January 14 .- Jules Ferry, French prime minister, this afternoon, in the chamber of deputies, made an official declaration of the government's intention with regard to Tonquin. The declaration was partly in answer to an interrogatory put forward by the opposition respecting the retirement of General Camperon from the ministry of war. Camperon resigned his port-

folio on the 3d inst. because, contrary to his advise, the ministry persisted in the Tonquin invasion. He contended that the task was unprofitable and unworthy of the republic, invasion. He contended that the task was unprofitable and unworthy of the republic, which could not, he argued, afford to spare twenty thousand French soldiers, essential to the success of the enterprise, in view of the European situation and the pressing necessity of a more perfect mobilization of the army of France. General Camperon's idea was that this mobilization was the immediate and supreme duty of the hour, and that it should at once be undertaken with a view of giving the republic an available military strength of three millions of men. General Lewal, of the 17th army corps, who commanded the Rhine army during the Franco-German war, and who was in thorough sympathy with Ferry's views, was at once installed as Camperon's successor. Ferry went bluntly to the point at once. He announced that the government intended to immediately increase its energies in Tonquin, and would not stop until it occupied the entire country to the frontier of the Chinese empire. The declaration produced a profound scention, and was received with cheers and considerable disapproval. Among the distinguished visitors who were present to hear the ministerial announcement was Prince Hohenlehoe, German ambassador. M. Ferry, continuing, said "that the operations necessary to the proposed conquest of Tonquin would in no wise compromise the French military strength at home, or interfere with the necessary general mobilization. In saying this the premier fortified himself with the authority of General Lewol, than whom there could be no military authority more repected by France. These were three millions of men in the republic, the best soldiers in the world, ready to march at a moment's notice in the cause of France. It was impossible to longer keep the army in Tonquin crouching idly, like hunters with their eyes fixed upon a single point. That was unworthy of an army of France. That army must be centived, has astounded the Parisians generally, and made them quite serious. The general impression it has made may be described as grand. Th which could not, he argued, afford to spare

London, January 14—Colonel King Harmon, (conservative,) member of parliament for Dublin county, addressing a meeting of arrangement at Blackpool, Lancashire, last night, said that if the redistribution bill night, said that if the redistribution bill should be passed, two fifths of Ireland would be completely handed over to the Parnellites, and the remaining three-fifths would also be virtually given into their possession.

The King's Journey.

ALHAMA, January 14.—King Alfonzo gave each injured child, or married person, and each poor widow \$25. The sufferers were greatly delighted at the generosity of their king. He was often obliged to dismount and enter the villages on foot over the ruins. Some of the inhabitants raised loyal cries, while cheers fall on their faces, sobbing and

while others fell on their faces, sobbing and moaning, "Save us, we have nothing left." Land Slips in Austria. VIENNA, January 14.—A dispatch from Czernowitz, in Austria, states that a series of and slips are occurring on the hill behind the

Greek cathedral in that town. The building adjacent to the cathedral has been buried, and the cathedral itself, which cost \$5,000,000, is

great danger. CONDENSED CABLEGRAMS. WATCHING THE ARRIVALS .- Owing to information recently divulged to the police, the customs authorities at Liverpool, and the Irish constables, strictly examine all vessels,

passengers and luggage on arrival. THE MASCOTTRAGEDY.

The Funeral of Brewster--Trial of the Editors. New Orleans, January 14.—The preliminary trial of Osmond and Zennick, charged with having killed the state register of voters, Robert Brewster, who died from the effects of the ert Brewster, who died from the effects of the wounds received during the recent affray in the Mascot office, will take place Saturday. The funeral of the victim this afternoon was largely attended, the procession being fifteen sources in length.

The criminal district courts adjourned to-day out of respect to the memory of Brew-

A City Marshal Murdered.

McComb City, Miss., January 14.—City marshal, M. Bauer, having a warrant for the arrest of Pat Woods, colored, called at his house yesterday morning. On entering the door, Bauer was fired upon by Woods, the ball taking effect in his neck, producing a wound from which he died last night. Woods escended.

A Murderer's Escape. BINGHAMPTON, N. Y., January 14.—Men-ken, the Elmira murderer, has broken jail and fled. Sheriff Brown and Detective Black are out of town. When the escape was discovered the city was aroused by the clanging of the fire bells.

Criminal Events in Huntsville. CHATTANOGGA, Tenn., January 14 .- [Special.] disbolical and destructive incendiary fire of

curred at Huntsville, Ala, this morning at two o'clock. The large stable of Captain Jim Math ews' was set on fire, and before it was discovered the building was a sheet of flames. Forty-eight hales of cotion, a carriage and two buggles were burned. A fine span of horses, valued at \$1,500, were also roasted silve. Captsin Mathews had a \$1.00 pair of horses poisoned by some miscreant a few weeks since. Fire From an Explosion,

CINCINIATI, O., January 13.—Last night an explosion occurred in one of the rendering vats at the pork packing establishment of James Morrison & Sons, corner Bank and Riddley streets. A fire followed and the entire department was summoned to the scene. Fireman James Welsh had his arm broken and was otherwise injured. The fire was still burning at 1:30 a.m., though under control. The loss will probably reach \$50,000.

The Belief That a Cutting of Rates is in

THE CHICAGO PREIGHT WAR.

The Belief That a Cutting of Rates is in Progress.

Chicago, January 14.—The Tribune says: The diversion from Chicago of the grain traffic from Kansas and Nebraska, points via St. Louis and the Chesapeake and Ohio, and also from St. Louis by barge lines to New Orleans, is having its effect on east bound freight rates from Chicago and other western points. It has been rumored for several days past that east bound freight rates are again being seriously cut from this city, and it is claimed that the heavy increase in business during last week is due to that fact. The officials of the regular pool lines emphatically deny that they have been cutting rates, they insist that if any cutting of rates is being done it must be by lines having an outlet to the east in a roundabout way, and are not members of the joint executive committee. However, that may be, there can be no doubt that east bound freight rates are not members east being different and service of the presidents and general managers of all the roads, and the members of the joint executive committee, to be held in his office in New York to-morrow.

"DOUBLE-HEADED" THAINS

"DOUBLE-HEADED" TRAINS The Cause of the Fort Wayne Railroad Strike.

The Cause of the Fort Wayne Railrond
Strike.

Fort Wayne, Ind., January 14.—The strike of the brakemen of the Pittsburg, Ft. Wayne and Chicago railroad against the system of running two trains of freight in one train, with two locomotives and one crew, styled the "double-headed" system, remains unchanged. Only one freight train, local, bound east, left the city to-day, which eluded the strikers by running through the city at a high rate of speed without stopping. The strikers could not board the train to disable int. The yards are blocked with freight trains, which the officials are unable to move. At noon Superintendent C. D. Law himself unspiked and turned the switch to allow a freight train to pull out, but the strikers immediately replaced and respiked it, and would not allow the train to move. No mail, express or passenger trains have as yet been molested.\frac{3}{2}

Superintendent Low arrived in the city from Pittsburg to-day, and the strikers Mid their grievances before him at noon. No action, however, was taken. Several attempts were made to send out trains, but they were irustrated by the strikers. A train coinsisting of thirty-five cars of live stock arrived from the west this morning, and was stopped by the strikers, who would not allow it to move until permission was granted by their committee to transfer the train to the Wabash road, which was done, and the train went east from here over that road. About 4 p. m., Superintendent Low, together with minor officials of the company, with a supply of links and pins, took a shifting engine and ran it to the Grand Rapida junction, a mile from the city, where two freight trains stopped yesterday by the strikers still stand, and attempted to recouple the trains. Notwithstanding that a police force was present, a body of strikers followed upon another shifting engine, which they had captured, and upon the arrival at the junction coupled the two shifting engines together, compelled the officials to walk back. No violence was used upon either sucuring the link

THE OIL MILL POOL.

The Rumors Concerning the Mississippi Cotton Seed Manipulators.

Mempins, January 14.—The dissolution of the pool of oil mills in the Mississippi Valley, as reported from Vicksburg, is a mistake. The combination formed last September, in Memphis, still holds. The present trouble is restricted alone to the price to be to be cotton seed. At the time the combination was formed all the oil mills in the valley, from St. formed all the oil mills in the valley, from St. Louis to New Orleans, joined together, except-ing one mill in New Orleans. This mill recontly advanced the price of cotton seed from the fixed rate of \$8 per ton on the bank from the fixed rate of \$8 per ton on the bank of the river to \$9.50 and \$10, according to loca-tion. The combination mills are now paying the advanced price for cotton seed, which gave rise to the report that the pool had broken.

BREAKING THE RATES.

The Scalpers and the Ticket Agents at Loggerheads.

Chicago, January 14.—The Times says almost a panic exists in the traffic to the New Orleans exposition, the scalpers being enabled to procure tickets at such figures that the prevailing round trip rate, through their offices to New Orleans and return, is \$12, while the regular agreed rate is \$20. The prospect is favorable for a general break up of the New Orleans rates, notwithstanding the iron clad covenants to maintain them.

The Memphis and Charleston Problem CHATTANOOGA, January 14 .- |Special. |- A rail-Chartanooga, January 11.—Special.—A railroad official to-day informed The Constitution
correspondent that a plan was now on foot to
have the Memphis and Charleston
railroad placed in the hands of
receiver. The road is a leased line of the
East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad,
and the bondholders who want the receiver, will
move the motion on the ground that the East
Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia is insolvent.

Debtor and Creditor. MONTGOMERY, Ala., January 14 .- [Special.]-J. R. Adams, creditor, attached January last, the stock of merchandise of Thornton & Welborn, debtors, closing them up. The latter sued before the circust court, Judge Cobb, for wrongful and malicious attachment. The jury to day rendered a verdict in their favorof about four thousand dollars, being the full amount of the attachment bond.

What a Bank Loses.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., January 14.—The firm of J. B. Gregg & Son, of this city, boot and shoe manufacturers, made an assignment to Edmund O'Conner. Liabilities from \$120,000 to \$740,000; nominal assets, \$147,000; real assets, \$120,000. The Susquehanna Valley bank is among their preferred creditors for \$75,000. What a Bank Loses. Trade Notes.

The factory of the Norfolk knitting and cotton manufacturing company, which has been closed for four months, will resume work to-day.

Four large tobacco factories commenced work in Lynchburg yesterday, and a number of others are preparing to start up. These factories employ 2,000 colored laborers.

TELEGRAPH BREVITIES.

Tom Paddy, colored, was taken from jall at Greenville, Tex., by a mob and hanged for an at-tempted outrage upon Mrs. Webb.

The directors of the world's fair at New Orleans. have set apart February 25 as the commercial trav-elers' day. A large attendance of drummers is ex-pected.

Dr. William H. Cole, democratic congressman-elect from the third congressional district of Mary-land, is lying critically fill at his realdence in Balti-more with erysipelas.

more with erysipelas.

The foot-path fare over the Brooklyn bridge has been reduced so that twenty-five tickets shall be sold for five cents, and the car fare is made three cents, to go into effect March I.

Twelve Clydesdale horses were run down and killed in a narrow cut on the Indianapolis, Burlington and Wabash railway track, near Plattsburg, Clark county, Ohio. They were valued at \$200 cach.

George H. McFadden, accomplice of Prentice Tiller, who robbed the Pacific express company in \$81. Louis of over \$100.000, has plead guilty to grand larceny and was sentenced to three years imprin

CURRY'S GUILT PROVEN.

AN AUGUSTA DEVELOPER IN THE

George P. Curry Convicted of Applying to |His Own by Judge Roney to Five Years in the Penitentiary-A Remarkable Case.

AUGUSTA, Ga., January 14.-[Special.]-"Guilty," "Five years in the penitentiary," said Judge

This afternoon the news of the conviction and immediate sentence of George P. Curry for larce ny after trust, or the fraudulent conversion to his own use of a thousand dollar bond, deposited by E. S. Hammond, in trust with Curry, before the failure of Curry's Exchange bank last February spread rapidly through Augusta, creating a gener elstir. Public sentiment sustains the verdict o the jury, the fearless charge of Judge Roney and straightforward prosecution of Solicitor-Genera Boykin Wright.

THE NATURE OF THE CASE.

This is a celebrated case here, and very many Soubted that a man of Curry's prominence Talth could be convicted, the result in re shing, and the first step in clearing up the clouds around Augusta's commercial reputation. was a prominent banker, broker, and owner of the Summerville factory, and before this failure his wealth was estimated at about \$300,000. The charge in the indictment, sustained by the court, was that Curry was intrusted with a one thousand dollar Augusta bond for safe keeping until called for and notwithithstanding this trust Curry frauduconverted said bond to his own use Messrs. Foster and Lamar spoke for Curry, claiming no criminal intent to steal on Curry's part. Solicitor General Wright made a telling speech. He admitted, with Curry's counsel, that the of-

"Yes," said Mr. Wright, "it is modern, and a very fashionable offense, peculiar to these times, but none the less heinous and horrible-an offens that is sapping society, undermining public confidence, demoralizing the old and young, and mak-ing thieves and robbers of men discharging high

THE SENTENCE RENDERED.

Judge Roney's charge was strong and unmistakable, clearly expounding the law in the case. The jury was out only a little while, and when the verdict of guilty was read he immediately pronounced full sentence under the law of five years.

CURRY'S MOVEMENTS. Curry is still at liberty, under a new bond filed this afternoon, binding until the final outcome of the case. His lawyers are preparing a motion for a new trial, which Judge Roney will, of course, over-rule, when the case will be taken to the sueme court on exceptions to the judge's rulings While the verdict is against him, it will be some time before he goes to the penitentiary. Curry is about forty-five years old, and has a wife and sev-

Another case similar to the one tried this week. and brought by Mr. Palmer, of Warren county stands now on the criminal docket. The result in this case shows clearly that while Augusta has suffered in commercial integrity of late, and has received several black eyes, there is an honest and thorough determination to right the record and wipe out all stains, that befoul and blot her reputation.

THE POISONED MILK.

A Curious Complication in the Compton Family.

ATHENS, Ga., January 14 .- [Special]-The poisoning case of Mrs. Compton is discussed by every-body in Athens, and a great many theories about the case have been given. There is no one who had access to the milk which had the poison in it but the old negro woman, Caroline Holt, and her

ives. The little negro who carried the goblet of milk to Mrs. Compton's room is the son of Caroline Holt This family of negroes had been left in Mrs. Compton's will a large lot of money, and some think that they put the poison in it to hasten her death, as they were the only ones that had any possible chance to put it in, except Mrs. Compton, who first discovered the poison. Mr. Compton was out of the house, and in the yard, while the milk was being carried up. There are others who do not think that any one tried to poison Mrs. Compton, but that it was a singular freak of that lady to test the hose around her, or to make an excuse to change her will. Mr. Compton had, some time since, purchased a bottle of strychnine to kill dogs with. This bottle could not be found after the poison was found in the milk. The case will undergo investigation, and already detectives

have been put to work to ferret out the case The Booty Discovered.

CONYERS, January 14 .- [Special.]-This morning Brand, of Lithonia, notifying him that some one had entered his store during the night, and that some shoes, an overcoat, and other things, were missing, and to be on the lookout. Marshal Bellah, while on his rounds to day, found in an old out house, about two miles above here covered up under some corn stalks, eleven pairs shoes, three vests, four pairs pants, three dress coats, three vests, lour pairs pants, three dress coats, three bolts cloth, one overcoat, one pair suspenders, and a sack marked '8, Lithonia.' The overcoat found fills the description of the one Mr. Brand lost. Marshal Bellah has written to Mr. Brand to come down and identify the goods. The goods can be very easily identified, as they have their cost mark on them. Marshal Bellah thinks he has a clue to the right party.

The Ogeechee Tragedy.

SAVANNAH, January 14,-[Special.]-Coroner Sheff-il who went to Ogeechee to investigate the death of W. W. Smith, returned to the city to day. He reports exhuming the finding the shoulder and one rib broken. The man was buried immediately after he was killed and the body greatly decomposed. Seven witnesses were examined, but very little information was obtsined. It appeared that he was assaulted by Doll Floyd, a ne-gro woman, and struct with an ax helve. Doll was arrested and brought to Savannah this evening and lodged in jai.

Suspected Safe Crackers.

BREMEN, January 14 .- [Special.]-Last night detective came to Bremen and to-day there has been constant effort to work up a case against two ng men who came here a few days ago, well sed, quite full handed and who were bold in showing their money, and had bought out a bar room and went to selling. About half past three they were arrested and one of them, Mr. Stoveah, now rests in the lockup, and the other likely will seen be. The charge is that a sate has been opened at Loganville and several nundred dollars extracted. Harris is the name of one.

McCauley Murder Case.

GIBSON, Ga., Januar 14.—|Special.]—There are no new developments in the McCauley murder case. The beautiful murderess failed to appear at her trial on the 5th, and it is not known where

FAYETTEVILLE, January 14 .- [Special.] - A drove of mules belonging to S. T. & A. O. Blalock, of this place, frightened by an approaching train, make a general stampede near East Point yesterday, seriously injuring a Mr. Quick and a negro who had charge of them. Mr. Quick says they out ran the trein for more than a mile and finally took to the woods between East Point.

Dodge Superior Court.

EASTMAN, Ga., January 14.—[Special.]-Judge Kibbee's charge to the grand jury was clear and concise. No useless verbiage was employed and no time needlessly consumed in comments upon statutes given specially in charge. The new judge organized the court in a business-like manner and received promptly to business. Several criminal taxes which have been on the docket for a long ime with entries of no arrest, were transferred to he deed docket and thus gotten out of the way, one important case was tried, that of the state gainst Murdock Bryant charged with assault with near to murder W. W. Burnham. The defendant was acquitted. He was represented by Deservand Rishon. CAMPBELL'S NEW JAIL,

A Substantial Home Established for Law breakers. FAIREURN, Ga., January 14 .- [Special.] -- The new

iail for this county has just been finally completed and received by the county commissioners. Its total cost was \$7,469.14, which has been fully paid. It is a handsome brick structure, the part occupied by the jailer being two stories high, supplied with blinds, and with the general finish of the best residences. The jailroom proper runs back, one story high, and is furnished with iron cells. The architects, Bruce & Morgan, of your city, proished the design and specifications for the

furnished the design and specifications for the building and cells. The building was put up by M. P. Harvey and J. H. Luck, of this place, who, in the manner of its construction and completion attested the wis dom of the commissioners in letting the contract to them. The cells were furnished and put in place by Snead & Co., of Louisville, Kentucky. The jail is a handsome, comfortable and safe one. The cells and room, in which they are located, are well ventilated, furnished with water works and other healthful applance. Escape from them is believed to be impossible. This work is a handsome monument to the retring commissioners W. A. McCurry, W. C. Parker, B. Lucks, C. M. Dodron and A. Hutcheson, under whose administration it was originated and completed. It would be a credit to a much richer county. It has been unly paid for, leaving about a \$1,000 in the trease a credit to a much richer county. It has been ally paid for, leaving about a \$1,000 in the treas urv.
The old jail, an old style log weather-boarded structure, was sold at auction yesterday for \$14.50.
The moving of it would really pay for it.

DR. BARRETT'S VIEWS.

He Compliments Sandersville and Its Post-SANDERSVILLE, Ga., January 14.-[Special.]-Dr. Barrett, postoffice inspector, originally from Maine, was in this city on Sunday. He said to THE CONSTITUTION representative: "I have no special business in Sandersville, I am on my way to look after the money order business of a postoffice on the Central railroad, below here. Having seen a communication in THE CONSTITUTION of the 5th instant as to the progress and wealth of your town and county, and this being Sunday, I thought that I could do no hing better than to stop over with

you to-day."

J. B. Roberts, the money order department inspector, said: "I am not here to inspect specially the money order business of this office, but I have, nevertheless, made examination of the same, and find everything in excellent condition. No postmaster in the state keeps neater or more correct books then Dr. Roberts. There is not a blot on his books. Sandersville is certainly blessed with an efficient postmaster."

A Question of Tax Default.

GRIFFIN, Ga., January 14.-[Special.]-Judge Sherrill begun yesterday to take down evidence in the case of Collins vs. Judkins, contest over the recent election of Judkins for the office of the justice of the peace. The evidence discloses the fact that Judkins owed the state and county several years of taxes at the time of his election, but since the election he has paid the same. The governor will be called upon to decide whether a tax defaulter is eligable to office, and whether the disability can be removed after the election by the payment of the taxes.

BRUNSWICK, Ga., January 14.—[Special.]—The regular annual meeting of the stockholders of the First National bank of this city was held here to day, and the following gentlemen re-elected day, and the lollowing gentlement re-elected directors: C. Downing, Jr., W. E. Burbage, M. Ullman, A. E. Buck, James Herr Smith, R. K. Walker. Mr. C. Downing, Jr., was re-elected president and Mr. W. E. Burbage vice president. President Downing's annual report showed the bank in a flourishing condition.

A Temporary Suspension. Gisson, Ga., January 14.—[Special.]—The Enter-prise newspaper has dropped publication until February next, in order to change office and make improvements.

The Courier Changes Hands.

Rome, Ga., January 14.—[Special.]—Colonel Wm. H. Hidell to-day purchased of M. Dwinell the office and good will of the Daily Courier. Captain Dwinell has been proprietor of the paper for more than thirty years. Mr. J. H. Martin will continue as editor in chief.

The Dawson Schools.

Dawson, January 14 .- [Special.]-The South Georgia male and female college is now daily receiving accessions to its roll of pupils, and the spring term for 1885 will doubtless be highly prosperous and successful.

The Owen Nelson institute, under the excellent management of Professor Quillian, the principal, is also a most admirable school, and deserves the liberal patronage which it has hitherto received.

The Cumming High School. CUMMING, Ga., January 14.-[Special.]-The high school at Cumming has 96 scholars. The school is in charge of Professor W. R. Hall. Professor Hall came from Philadelphia last summer, and has succeeded in building up a fine school. He is assisted by his wife and sister.

The Savannah Contest.

SAVANNAH, Ga., January 14 .- (Special.]-At a meeting of the citizens' committee last night committees were appointed to arrange for primaries in the several districts to select aldern be presented at the mass meeting to-morrow night. city registration law was vigorously de-need, and its repeal will be asked for at the t legislature. Resolutions bearing en the ect were adopted. A very lively time is an-

The City Officers of Griffin, GRIFFIN, Ga., January 14.-[Special.]-The city council last night confirmed the election of the

following fire department officers: Chief, Frank Flynt; assistant chief, M. F. Morris; recretery and treasurer, W. H. Dismuke. Stonewall hose company has recently been admitted to the department, thus supplen enting our already efficient and ever prompt department. Grifin feels proud of her firemen.

ROME, Ga., January 14.—[Special.]—The residence occupied by J. S. Wyatt, one and a half miles from the city, was burned to the ground late last night. The furniture was saved. The loss is about \$2,500, partly covered by insurance. It was with some difficulty that Mrs. Wyatt, who is seriously sick, was removed from the burning building.

Fire in Augusta. Augusta, Ga., January 14.—A fire broke out here this morning resulting in damage to the stock of dry goods and notions worth \$50,000 in the store of S. H. Myers. Insured.

Flocking to Arkansas.

ROME, Ga., January 14.—[Special.]—About twenty persons, mostly from Flatwoods district, in this county, left to-day for Arkansas to seek new

Dawson's Artesian Water.

Dawson, Ga, January 14,-[Special.]-Mayor W. B. Cheatham and Mr. J. G. Sparks sent by express to-day, a sample of our "Dawson artesian water" to be analyzed by the state chemist. These gen themen have been drinking this water regularly for rome time now, and say they have derived great benefit therefrom. There is no doubt but that this water possesses valuable medicinal properties, certainly iron, magnesia, lime, and sulphur,

COLUMBUS, January 14.—[Special.]—Married this evening at the residence of the bride's father, in Meriwether county, Mr. Charles Harrison, of Coson of Colonel Charley Harrison, of Columbus, and engaged in the shoe store of Mr. L. Mercers, and is a young man of sterling character and business qualifications, and well liked. The bride is a most charming young lady, one of the best families of Meriwether, and esteemed by all. A number of friends went from this city to witness the ceremony.

STATE SPECIALS CONDENSED.

There is a marked revival in business in Buford this week. Farmers have begun buying fertili-

The recently elected mayor of Buford, Captain Vesl, and the other town officials were installed on Friday night. J. L. Bryson was elected mar-shal.

The Buford high school has opened with a most A jury in the city court of Athens has been hung for the past two weeks on a case of Dr. Resemberg for peddling spectacles without a license. license.

Miss Laura Speer, of Athens, will repeat the
Dorcus sewing society for the benefit of the Meth-

Dorcus sewing society for the benefit of the Methodist parsonsge.

Mr. C. W. Rush, formerly of Atlanta, was married to Miss Lizzle Eberhart, of Athens. Rev. C. W. Lane, officiating.

The testimony of Ordinary Lyle, of Oconee, the contestant, will be heard before Judge Jackson next Wednesday. Mr. Thrasner has been given five days to file his answer.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

CULLED FROM MAILBAGS AND

A Silver Wedding in Rome-Barn Burning in Sumter County-Stock Raising in Southwest Georgia-One Boy Accidentally Kills Another-Other Important News of the Day.

On Saturday afternoon there was great excitement in and around St. Simon's mills, a small own in Glynn county, occasioned by the murder ous acts of Henry Downs, colored. He visited Brunswick in the morning, and took aboard more whisky than a man of his mental calibre could navigate under. He then returned to St. Simon's on the afternoon boat, taking a fresh supply of fire water with him. Shortly after his arrival at St. Simon's mill he sought to engage a colored boy in difficulty, claiming that the boy had some time previous offended bim. Spectators managed to get he boy out of the way, when he went to the store of St. Simon's mill, where he found Colonel W. A. Fuller, the manager. Colonel Fuller at-tempted to pacify him by soothing words, but it was time wasted and Downs proceeded to carve up Colonel Fuller with a knife, inflicting a yound about four inches in length in the flesh part of his left arm. Fuller then escaped from is would-be murderer, and Downs then made for Captain Smith, inflicting a slight wound in his arm. Downs then made his way into the mill where the men were at work, and with a flashing knife he proposed to carve them all up in the most approved style, and he would have probably done so, but for the fact that all except Mr. Beavergot out of his way. Beaver was using an ax at the time in his work, and he told Downs that if he came near him he would cut him with the ax. This resistance injuriated man at bay until one of the bands informed Beaver that Downs was crazy, and thereupon he dropped his ax and ran away from Downs. Downs then made for a stevedore named Lewis Wade, colored. Wade warned Downs that if he came towards him with that knife he would shoot him. Downs advanced and. to intimidate bim, Wade shot first over Downs's head. But Downs was not to be frightened in that manner, and continued to advance, when Wade fired the second time, the ball passing through Downs's side, in the region of the stomach, inflicting a dangerous if not fatal wound.

A newly-born colored infant was found in a ditch in the suburbs of Fort Valley Sunday morning last dead. Justice Branham, with a jury, held an inquest. The verdict of the jury was that the nother of the child was Lou Peavy, a negro woman living in the vicinity; but whether the child was still born or murdered the jury could not deter

Rome Courier: Sunday the principal topic of sorversation on the streets and in hoteloffices was he arrest Saturday of Mr. Eli Williams on the charge of being a party to the stealing of four bales of cotton. In Sunday's Courier we gave all he facts known in the case up to the arrest of Mr. illiams and two colored men and their giving and for their appearance before Mayor King yesbond for their appearance before Mayor King yesterday morning. The position the young man held in the city and his splendid family connections clothed the affair with more than ordinary interest. And long before the hour set for the trial yesterday morning a large crowd comprised of all classes of our citizens, had congregated in front of the city hall to witness the trial. It was rumored among those assembled that the young man would not be present—that he had quietly shook the mud of the city from his feet and left for parts suknown. At 10 o'clock Mayor King entered the crowded court room, took his seat and called for order. Marshal Magruder opened the docket and called out: lo c'clock Mayor King entered the crowded court room, took his seat and called for order. Marshal Magruder opened the docket and called out: "Case against Eli Williams! Is Mr. Williams in court?" There was no response, and for about one minute the courtroom was as still as death. Mr. Williams had certainly left us. The silence was broken by Colonel Fonche, attorney for the prosecution, who moved for a continuance of the case against the two colored in en on the ground that the absence of Mr. Williams deprived the prosecution of his evidence, and that it was mainly upon Mr. Williams' testimony they expected to prove the guilt of Doc Joiner. Mayor King continued the cases until the 22d. Captain W. T. Williams did not reach the city hall until after court had adjourned and the people were coming out, and when told that his son had disappeared he was dumb founded with surprise and mortification. He said that he never once dreamed of Eii terving, and thought even then that it must be a mistake. Mr. Eli Williams was seen in the city late Sunday evening. And it is affirmed by some of his friends that he never rich tend its lawing hy differends that he never rich tend to the town of his friends that he never friends even into the fire friends that he never reached its lawing hy differends that he never rich tend to the proper his firends that he never rich tends that he for the firends that he he was frightened to the proper his firends that he never rich tends that he never he had a firends that he had the proper his firends the three search and the proper his firends that he had the proper his firends the three the proper his firends the head the proper his firends the head the proper his firends the proper his firends the proper his firends

log, and thought even then that it must be a mistake. Mr. Eli Williams was seen in the city late
Sunday evening. And it is affirmed by some of his
friends that he was frightened into leaving by different plarities telling bim how strong were the circumstances rgainst him and advising him to go
Be that as it may his disappearance does anything
but put a better face on the affair and the charges
against him. All our people sympathise with the
innocent ones whose lives the affair has cast so
much gloom and caused so much suffering. The
poice are looking for Bob Chum, a colored man
who drove Joiner's dray. He skipped out Saturday night and has not been seen or heard from
stnee. The prosecution is confident that if they
can catch Chum they will get at the bottom facts
in the stealing. Efforts will be made to capture
both he and Mr. Williams.

Walton has nine or ten young men at Athens in

Walton has nine or ten young men at Athens in

During the recent cold spell, Mrs. Chaffin, o Walton, left six goblets of water on a shelf in her safe. The next morning the water in five glasses had frozen solid, but the remaining did not freeze. Mrs. Chaffin and her boarders could not accoun Mr. Joel Goddard, of Baldwin, has a hog weigh

ing 359 pounds. He was eighteen months old, but

was not pushed until fall. McMillan, Wilson, and Lingould, who were engaged in the murder of Tollison, of Baldwin, ove a year ago, and sentenced to the penitentrary

for one year each, will be discharged the last of

A. C. Speer, ordinary of Sumter county, was married to Mrs. f usanah Tison last Sunday.

Rome Courier: Last saturday, the 10th day of January, was the twenty-fifth anniversary of the marriage of Dr. and Mrs. G. W. Holmes. The doctor has been a practicing; playstclan for forty years. He is to-day hardier and more capable of endurance than ever before in his life. His life has been full of charity, and one of devotion to his chosen profession, and one of usefulness to his fellow men. He has for many years occupied a position of rare eminence in the medical profession. Of Mrs. Dr. G. W. Holmes, all that is excellent, smalle and true of woman may be said. She is a model as a wife, mother and friend. In looks she appears as one of almost youthful years. May their lives be spared for many years to ome, and may they be blessed without measure in reaping the rich harvests of good which they have sewn.

Sunday night, about 9 o'clock, in Sumter coun-A. C. Speer, ordinary of Sumter county, was

Sunday night, about 9 o'clock, in Sumter county, Mr. J. W. Harris' barn was discovered to be on fire. The rain had been pouring down for about two hours, and it was a source of wonder that it would burn. Mr. Harris' horse was gotten out, but nothing else was saved. He lost a quantity of fodder, corn and oats, and many other things usually kept in a barn. The barn was in-

Citizens of Covington carry nearly half a mil-

lion dollars of life insurance. Presten is to have a twenty-four roomed hotel. Edwards are about to engage in the manufacture of brick. They have purchased sixteen acres of land, about a mile from town, near the Central railroad track, paying Colonel Tift, from whom they made the purchase, \$100 perfacre. The clay ou this land is of a superior quality for brick making, and in almost inexhaustible quantity. These gentlemen will build a railroad track from the yard to the main track for more conveniently handling and shipping. They have been at work on the yard vigorously for several days, and in a short time will be under headway. land, about a mile from town, near the Centra

The Albany News also says:

For many years the impression has prevailed among some people that farm stock cannot be successfully raised in southwest Georgia. This delusion, like many others, has been exploded. Messrs Morehead & Salter are engaged in stock-raising on their plantation, a few miles west of Albany. Several days ago twenty beef eattle were driven to town from this farm, the average weight of the lot being 1,160 pounds. Two of them weighed 1,550 pounds each. Thee News and Advertiser made mention of the fact at that time. There are now on the farm, twelve thoroughbred trotting stock coits of rare besuty and promise. A stock man recently offered \$1,000 or eight of them, being an average of \$500 a piece. Several of these coits, two years old, have made the excellent time of a mile in three minutes in barness. The hogs raised by these gentlemen are equally as fine as the horses and cattle. Messrs. Morehead and Salter have opened upa new field of enterprise in this section, and we hope that their example will be followed by others. The Albany News also says:

The Swainsboro Itemizer has been removed to Mount Vernon. On last Wednesday morning Tommie Smith and Willie Hartley, two young men living twelve miles from Dublin, went out hunting together.

cide which course to take while talking to a mile smith playfully pointed a gun, which had but one barrel loaded, or his companion and pulled the trigger to what he thought was the unloaded barrel. The gun went off, its contents lodging in the bowels of Willie Her fley. Drs. Hightower and labyrous respectible for the right but resched Johnson were called for that night, but reached the young man only a short time before his death, which occurred at 12 o'clock Wednesday night.

Savannah News: Eearly yesterday morning Mr. B. H. Smith, living near the Butler or Dillon bridge on the Southfield road leading to the Ogee chee river, summoned Coroner Sheftall to hold an nquest over the remains of his brother, W. W. Smith, who died about two weeks ago under cirumstances which have given rise to the belief that he was murdered. It appears that Smith had been keeping a store near the bridge for a long time, where he had a stock of goods valued at from \$1,500 to \$2,000. Although inclined to get intoxicated at times, he was doing a fair amount of business for a country merchant. Employed about the premises was a tail. muscular and coal black negro woman named Doil Jenkins. Smith being unmarried, the woman filled the position of a familiar domestic about the house and store, and, in fact, did pretty much as she pleased, even to following the example of her employer in the way of imbibing at times too much whisky. She frequently quarreled with Smith, and a few days previous to his death he got into an altercation, in the course of which she knocked him down with a billet of wood and then beat him over the head. The victim lingered several days and finally died. After his death his body was taken to the vicinity of his former home in Bryan county and interred in an old cometery, about five miles from the Ogecchee river. The affair attracted no particular attention at the time. The country in which the store is located is sparsely settled, but facts relating to the difficulty happened to be overheard, the brother and some friends of the deceased investigated the matter, and finally feeling justified in the belief that a murder had been committed, it was decided that the coroner should be notified and an inquest held. Dr. Sheftall yesterday issued a number of summonses for jurors and others to meet at the store where the affray occurred to day. The brother of the dead man left the city at once to see that the summonses were served and to secure the attendance of the coroner of Bryan county. Coroner Sheftall will leave this morning by the Savannah, Florida and Western railway. At station No, 1 he will proceed to the place where the body was interred, and assisted by the coroner of Bryan county will exhume the remains and bring them to the store whe e the crime was committed. The case is a mysterious one, and the coroner s that he was murdered. It appears that Smith had been keeping a store near the bridge for a long time,

Thomasville Times: It is with pardonable pride Thomasville Times: It is with pardonable pride that Thomasville announces to-day the opening of the Piney Woods hotel in the morning. And it is not saying too much to assert that few hotels, north or south, equal this magnificent one in all the equipments which enter into and constitute a first class hotel. From towering towers to basement, through the long corridors and hallways, in capacious suites and coay rooms, guests will meet with conveniences, comforts and luxuries at every turn. To-morrow's sunlight will shine through the iolds of proudly floating flags and streamers while turn. To morrow's sunlight will shine through the olds of proudly floating flags and streamers while they will be kissed by southern breezes for the first time as they flutter from the flag staffs surmounting the towers. It will be a proud day for Thomasville; one to which she has auxiously looked for weeks. There can be—and is no doubt—about the success of the house. It is enough to say that M. A. Bower is proprietor and Edward A. Gillett manager. Wherever these names are known—and they are widely known—the bare announcement will satisfy the most fastidious, as to the comforts and custine of the Piney Woods. The veriest epicure will staff his every want anticipated.

veriest epicure will kind his every want anticipated.

Valdosta Times: Fire insurance in Valdosta is just twenty per cent higher to-day than it was six months ago. To-day we have a four thousand dollar silsby steam fire engine, supplied with 1.000 feet of hose, well manned and equipped. The business portion of town is supplied with four large water reservoirs full of water. In addition to this we have a good hand engine and a good hook and ladder truck manned by thirty of our best colored people. No town in Georgia of its size is better protected from fire. Six months ago we had three water reservoirs—two empty—the hand engine and the truck. The companies that do business here have been notified of the aimost perfect system of our fire department and still this extra and burdensome rate is put upon us. Our business community, from long business habit, are loth to abandon the policy of insuring with the regularity with which they make necessity expenditures, but if better rates cannot be secured it will pay to quit insuring and use the money now drawn from them in bring night watchman. The premium on one building alone and its contents, in this town, if insured to full amount allowed, would hire a competent night watchman fer a year. When insurance gets that high, under present conditions in Valdosta, the people will be forced to abandon insuring altogether.

Cedartown Advertiser: On the night of the com-

Cedartown Advertiser: On the night of the 29th Cedartown Advertiser: On the night of the 29th ultimo, as the young men rehearsing for the coming minstrel show were returning to their homes about ten o'clock, several of them who had to pass by the fermer's warehouse smelt burning cotton, and felt impelied to investigate and ascertain the cause. Going to the rest side of the building, where there was an opening, they observed a small fisme about the center of the large pile of cotton bales. Some loose cotton had been set on fire and was burning briskly, and swiftly enveloping the cotton bales. The burning cotton was quickly moved and thrown out on the ground and a few buckets of water thrown on it which extinguished the fire. Five or six bales of cotton were damaged slightly by the burning. They beloaged to Messrs. W. M. Phillips & Co. Several hurdred damaged signify by the burning. They beloaged to Messrs. W. M. Phillips & Co. Several hundred bales were stored in the warehouse, and but for the timely discovery of the flames would have been consumed and the conflagration extended probably to other property. Vigilant and persistent efforts should be made to apprehend the incendiaries, and a proper punishment should be their portion.

Colonel D. P. Hill at Dallas. On the night of the Cleveland celebration in Dallas, Colonel D. P. Hill concluded his speech

with the following noble words, which express sentiments worthy of perpetuation:

sentiments worthy of perpetuation:

All honor to the millions of good and true men of the south who for twenty long years have borne the oppression of the corrupt, relentless party in power.

All honor to the noble men who have withstood the blandisments of office and persistently spurned the offer of place as the price of their treachery to their country.

All honor to the solid south that never bowel the knee to republican misrule, but has stood unshaken amid every storm, toiling, hoping and trusting that deliverance would come.

Brave men, noble men of the south, your victory is complete and your reward will be an honest government, with equal laws to all sections of the American union.

government, with equal laws to all sections of the American union.

The solid south presents a sublime spectacle of heroism. Never asking or expecting one from her own section as a candidate, she has stood firmly with the true men of the north and west, believing that truth and justice would ultimately prevail and the sweet truits of peace that have been denied her so long, would be restored and the south once more treated as part of the American union. But while the south rejoices and her cup is over

But while the south rejoices and her cup is over-flowing, she is not unmindful of the good and true men of the north and west that have heard her cry of distress and come to her relief; and she will teach her children to the last generation to stand with these men for the constitution of our fatgers, the union of the states, one flag, one country. To the states of New York, New Jersey, Connecticut and Indiana the solid south tenders her profound-est gratitude, and will ever be ready to join them for all time to come for just government and hon-est rule.

est rule.

To the democracy of the other states, north and west, the solid south presents her example of patience under misrule, endurance under oppression, and begs of them to do as we have donestand firm for truth, justice and right, and your states ere long will be in the democratic column. To the independent republicans who have joined us for honest rule, we send our congratulations and thanks, and promise for the democratic party that you, too, shall be satisfied with the justice and moderation which shall be meted out to all men everywhere.

the justice and moderation which shall be meted out to all men everywhere.

To the other republicans who are guilty of no crimes we say, have no fear, you shall enjoy the fruits of good government, not in office, but in the quiet shades of peaceful retirement.

Thank God! the union is restored, justice has triumphed and peace and good will once more be enthroned in the hearts of the American people. Our country's flag the noble Cleveland bears, Cry gainsay, who dares.

WINTER SCENES. From the Conyers Weekly. The weather is as changeable as a fourteen-year-

old girl. From the Montezuma Record. we are now blessed with bright sunshiny weather.

From the Dawson Appeal. The weather is just too lovely for anything. From the Milledgeville Chronicle. The disagreeable weather of the past three weeks has been made somewhat bearable by several beautiful moonlight nights.

In vain the eyes are filled with light! In vain the cheek with beauty glows, Unless the teeth are pure and white, Unless the breath is like the rose: And SOZODONT alone supplies These beauties the "Mal so prize.



This medicine, combining Iron with pure regetable tonics, quickly and completely Cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weakness, Impure Blood, Malaria, Chilis and Fevers, and Neuralgia.

It is an unfailing remedy for Diseases of the Klinevs and Liver.

It is invaluable for Diseases peculiar to Women, and all who lead sedentary lives. It does not injure the teeth, cause headache, or produce constipation—other from medicines do. It enriches and purifies the blood, stimulates the appreciaging aids the assimilation of food reproduce constipation—other fron medicines do.

It enriches and purifies the blood, stimulates
the appetite, aids the assimilation of food, relieves Heartburn and Belching, and strengthens the muscles and nerves.

For Intermittent Fevers, Lassi ude, Lack of Energy, &c., it has no equal.

The genuine has above trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other. Louirby Town CHEMIC L CO, DALTIMORE, MD.

DUFFY'S PURE

Will Cure any Case of

DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION,

GENERAL WEAKNESS. HEMMORRHAGES.

Pulmonary Complaints If taken in their Early Stages, and Relieve, if not

ABSOLUTELY CURE the Most Obstinate and Supposed Hopeless Cases.

Try a Bottle and be Convinced. We are the only concern in the United States who are bottling and selling to the medical profession and drug trade an absolutely pure Barley Malt Whisky, one that is free from fusil oil, and that is not only found on the sideboards of the best families in the country, but in the dispensing room, for use in cases of Dyspepsia, Indigestion and as a stimulant for tired and nursing mothers, and which in smoothness of taste, roundness and delicacy of flavor, making it alike acceptable to all ages and to the most delicate stomachs. In Typhoid fever, Dysentary, Diarrheea and all low forms of disease it is the favorite with the profession, who know its merits, finding it invaluable as a stimulant and tonic. We have not the space to speak individually of the large number of professional gentlemen who have examined this whisky, but simply say that in May last we distributed 1,500 sealed bottles to a like number of the representative physicians throughout the country for analysis and examination, and not one of that number found a trace of fusil oil or any adulteration whatever. Dr. Arendt the great German chemist, in a letter to us, states: "I find it absolutely pure and free from fusil oil, and for that reason cordially recommend it to the medical profession."

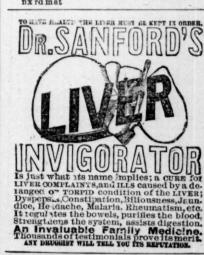
Many of the leading physicians of the United

that reason cordially recommend it to the medical profession."

Many of the leading physicians of the United States not only recommend it to the profession at large, but refuse to use any other stimulant in their practice. For the consumptive and those afflicted with hemorrhages it is an invaluable tonic, supplying the system with more carbon than disease can exhaust, the invalid gaining in strength from the date of its use. It is for sale by druggists and fine grocery houses generally, and by

P. J. KENNY, Distiller's Agent, No. 7 East Alabama street.

Price, \$1 per Bottle, or six bottles for \$5. The Duffy Malt Whisky Co. BALTIMORE, MD.





Kentucky's Great Natural Remedy STIMULATES THE LIVER,

REGULATES THE BOWELS, CURES DYSPERSIA

A SPECIFIC FOR CONSTIPATION AND SICK HEADACHE. This concentrate is obtained by evaporating natural Crab Orchard Water. Each bottle (6 ounces) equivalent to two (2] gallons natural water. Price 35 cents. See that "Crab Apple" trade mark is on the label.

As a Remedy, Superior to the Salts.
The genuince CRAB ORCHARD SALTS are sold under the same "Crab Apple" trade mark in sealed paper box packages at 10c. and 25c.
No genuince Crab Orchard Salts are sold in bulk.
BUY ONLY CRAB APPLE BRAND.
For sale by all druggists.
SIMON N. JONES, Manager.
CRAB ORCHARD WATEA CO., Proprietors,
Louisville, Kentucky.



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8,000 Acres of Land

Twenty Miles From Savannah.

Are offered for sale. The timber on this tract has never been "saw-milled" or "boxed," and being of virgin growth is very valuable to either mill men or turpentine getters
The products of this land, which have amounted to 45 busheles of rice, a bale of cotton or 40 bushels of corn to an acre, can be marketed at a minimum cost for freighting

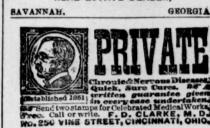
Transportation. EThe improvements in the way of dwellings, barns, rice mill and machinery are substantial and ample. There are advantages peculiar to this property which render it valuable for a CATTLE RANGE, TURPENTINE FARM, RIOE, CORN, COTTON or FUEL PLANTATION.

One corner of the land is only one-fourth of a mile from Fleming Station, on the Savannah Florida and Western Railway.

By Railroad or by Water

LIBERAL TERMS Will be given to a responsible person, or an ex-change may be negotiated for city property or city or railroad bonds. Plats will be furnished on application to

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INC. F. PERFER. OR. CHENHOWER. M. HOLDER



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In 15 Hours and 20 Minutes. Leaving Atlanta 3 P. M. Daily. 2 HOURS AND TEN MINUTES LESS THAN BY

Atlanta to New Orleans and Return, Good 15 DAYS, \$15. Atlanta to New Orleans and Return, Good

40 DAYS, \$20. Berths reserved 20 days in advance in Pullman Buf-fet cars on application to R. M. Farrar, ticket agent Union denot, or A. J. Orme, Gen'l Agent, Atlanta. CECIL GABRETT, [CHAS. H. CROMWELL,

S AM SING LEE, NEW CHINESE LAUN-dry, No. 28 Peachtree st. Strictly first class washing and ironing. General washing, 750 per dozen; shirts, 10c each; cuffs, 5c per pair; collars,

SCROPULA-SKIN DISEAS An Afflicted Family.

While the writer was seated in the excellent, hotel, the Gilcher house, in Ky., some time ago, he engaged in co with one of the proprietors and learns lowing and story. Mr. Frank Gilcher re "We are from the old country. Th land, however, did not afford charms hold my brother and myself to that c we drifted to America many years ago. had inherited what is known in that the 'King's Evil;' here you eall it ser had it in its worst form, and her child ted it from her. This was always a so ners to her. She was willing to suffer to transmit this fearful disease to h seemed at times almost to break her he suffering for many years she died from of this horrible disease. Soon after one ters, who had suffered untoid miser same terrible affliction, also died. Othe of the household were smitten with it, I fell a victim to the disease. For eig suffered untoid agony in both body Great ulcers come on both arms and Great ulcers come on both arms and neck and throat were next attacked, who saw me then thought that I sibly live. I had almost despairs myself, supposing that my fate would the other members of the family who hike me. All that medical skill corbrought into requisition, but the dis all known remedies within reach. potassium and mercury were freely use only aggravated the disease and added flame. In September last my wife was nati, and friends, hearing of my condit to secure a supply of Swift's Spe she did and returned home at once. I to take it. At first the whole surface with sores, but after taking the sixth sores all disappeared save the one on which you can observe, and that is a

> several of them would be alive to rescued me from the grave." Mr. Gilcher is well known in the gion of Kentucky, and is ready to oniries in reference to these facts.

every day. There never was a greater re

mine by the use of this wonde

The scars only remain to remind me o

sufferings. I have no hesitancy in b

any man's system than that which

For a Life-Time. SPARTA, Ga., Novemb breaking out at intervals all over both painful and annoying. All oth had been exhausted, when my me who handles S. S. S., induced me ores on my hands were drying up. is now as fair and smooth as that o babe. This eruption was hereditar was similarly affected. He has also cured. I take great pleasure in reco for it. It is all it claims to be. 1 con send to this generation, and my house

Snatched from the Gra Mrs. Sarah E. Turner and her mothe Bryan, for nineteen years residents of Tenn., make the following statement merits of Swift's Specific. Mrs. Tur well known in that community. She
"I was afflicted for two or three year ma and Erysipelas combined. My w was broken down, my strength and a and I became as helpless as a child, from place to place by my friends. I was by the best physicians in the community Iodide of Potash and the other usual remed such cases. I was given up to d friends. My sufferings were beyond and I had lost all hope of recovery. I was induced to try Swift's Specifi ceived a pamphlet from the compar merits. The first half dozen bottles to bring back hope to my heart, an of being well again brought joy at the household. I have taken altoge The sores have all healed up and d strength has returned, and I am

believe, snatched me from the grav know how to be grateful enough MRS. SARAI I know that S. S. S. has saved life. She was the most wretched that I ever saw when she comme being perfectly helpless. I thank G heard of it. It has saved my child

kinds of housework. Swift's spec

Humboldt, Tenn., Oct. 1, 1884.

Iodide of Potassium is one of the minerals used in medicine, a much suffering in the world. T time and in large doses, it juices, impairs digestion, the stor Persons with blood or skin diseas ful how they take these mine most instances the effect of them is nently impair the constitution. T of these poisons we offer you prompt and permanent relief Swift's Specific is entirely r veget and it is easy to convince you of

Twelve Years of Suff I have been afflicted with scroft twelve years. Have had sores of a man's hand for that length of a man's hand for that leaguest versal verdict of the community we have aded man in less than three spent hundreds of dollars with roined my system with mercury friend suggested the use of Swift's gan its use and sooh found it was ded. In a very short time it cure well. Oct. 26, 1883.

Painful Ulcers My mother, who is about seven and a resident of Dooly county, ankle which gave her great pain became aggravated to a fearful of application of known or suggeste to bring relief. Physicians pres avail. After six months suffer to try 8.8.8. One bottle had the feet of producing a perfect cur been no return of the disease.

Of the South of Macon, Ga., July 14, 1884.

Colonel R. H. Jones, of Twas affected for nearly four The dectors called it at first treated by physicians. I was cific. I used about thirty bottle trouble with it since. I refuse after it was recommended to some time-such was by prejudit; but having sited it myself the best blood purifier in all did another thing for me. I plies from many years. Since cine I have been relieved, and

Cartersville, Ga., August 25, 1 A Cripple Rest Some two years ago I recei into the orphans' home, nes bus. He was one of the poever scen—nothing but skit and deformed by scrofula him from his birth. About commenced eving him. him from his birth. About commenced giving him Se several bottles had been take suits to be seen, I began to d the medicine. At last signs came apparent, and from the there has been constant in body and mind. He is now old, and is one of the brigh known. I honestly believet outgrow the effects of this lost the influence of Swift's Soce The two cases of crysipels some two years ago with S. Stoms of return of the disease.



0 Or 00

Acres of Land

ty Miles From Savannah,

or sale. The timber on this tract has "saw-milled" or "boxed." and being owth is very valuable to either mill netwof this land, which have amounted es of frice, a bale of cotton or 40 bushels in acre, can be marketed at a minimum

ilroad or by Water ransportation.

There are advantages peculiar to this ich render it valuable for a CATTLE TURPENTINE FARM, RICE, PITCN OF FUEL PLANTATION.

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H. DORSETT. REAL ESTATE DEALER,

. PFEFFER & CO.



esian Wells. as and Water Works Contractors. CRIPTION OF TUBE WELLS MADE. ep Wells a Specialty. blic Landing, CINCINNATI, O

Hours and 20 Minutes. eaving Atlanta 3 P. M. Daily.

AND TEN MINUTES LESS THAN BY o New Orleans and Return, Good

15 DAYS, \$15. New Orleans and Return, Good 40 DAYS, \$20.

erved 20 days in advance in Pullman Buf-application to R. M. Farrar, ticket agent bor A. J. Orme, Gen'l Agent. Atlanta. ABBETT, CHAS, H. CROMWELL, ral Manager, Gen. Passenger agent,

NG LEE, NEW CHINESE LAUS-to. 28 Peachtree st. Strictly first class and ironing. General washing, 75c per rts, loc each; cuffs, 5c per pair; collars,

SCROFULA-SKIN DISEASES.

An Afflicted Family,

While the writer was seated in the office of that excellent hotel, the Gilcher house, in Danville, some time ago, be engaged in conversation with one of the proprietors and learned the fol lowing sad story. Mr. Frank Gilcher remarked:
"We are from the old country. The 'Father

land,' however, did not afford charms enough to hold my brother and myself to that country, and we drifted to America many years ago. My mother had inherited what is known in that country as the 'King's Evil;' here you call it scrofula. She had it in its worst form, and her children inherited it from her. This was always a source of sadness to her. She was willing to suffer herself, but to transmit , this fearful disease to her offspring seemed at times almost to break her heart. After suffering for many years she died from the effects of this horrible disease. Soon after one of my sisters, who had suffered untold misery from the rame terrible affliction, also died. Other members of the household were smitten with it, and at last I fell a victim to the disease. For eight years I suffered untold agony in both body and mind. Great ulcers come on both arms and legs. My neck and throat were next attacked, and no one who saw me then thought that I could possibly live. I had almost despaired of life myself, supposing that my fate would be that of the other members of the family who had suffered like me. All that medical skill could do was brought into requisition, but the disease baffled all known remedies within reach. Iodide of potassium and mercury were freely used, but they only aggravated the disease and added fuel to the flame. In September last my wife was in Cincin nati, and friends, hearing of my condition, pressed her to secure a supply of Swift's Specific, which she did and returned home at once. I commenced to take it. At first the whole surface was covered with sores, but after taking the sixth bottle the sores all disappeared save the one on my throat which you can observe, and that is growing lesevery day. There never was a greater revolution in any man's system than that which was wrought in mine by the use of this wonderful medicine The scars only remain to remind me of my former sufferings. I have no hesitancy in believing that if my family had had the benefits of this medicine several of them would be alive to-day. It has rescued me from the grave."

Mr. Gilcher is well known in the blue grass region of Kentucky, and is ready to answer all in

For a Life-Time, SPARTA, Ga., November 21, 1884. I have suffered for years with an eruptionbreaking out at intervals all over my body. At times my hands would be useless, which were both painful and annoying. All other remedies had been exhausted, when my merchant here, who handles S. S. S., induced me to try Swift's Specific. I tried one bottle and could see that th sores on my hands were drying up. After the use of several bottles I was entirely cured. My skin s new as fair and smooth as that of a new-born babe. This eruption was hereditary, as my father was similarly affected. He has also been entirel cured. I take great pleasure a recommending it to others who are similarly affected. I can youch for it. It is all it claims to be. I consider it a Godsend to this generation, and my house shall never

Snatched from the Grave. Mrs. Sarah E. Turper and her mother, Mrs. P. E. Bryan, for nineteen years residents of Humbold Tenn, make the following statements as to the merits of Swift's Specific. Mrs. Turner's case is well known in that community. She says:

"I was afflicted for two or three years with Eczema and Erysipelas combined. My whole system was broken down, my strength and appetite gone.
and I became as helpless as a child, being lifted om place to place by my friends. I was treated by the best physicians in the community with Iodide of Potash and the other usual remedies for such cases. I was given up to die by my friends. My sufferings were beyond description, and I had lost all hope of recovery. Last January I was induced to try Swift's Specific, having received a pamphlet from the company detailing its merits. The first half dozen bottles had the effect to bring back hope to my heart, and the thought of being well again brought joy and gladness to the household. I have taken altogether 24 bottles. The sores have all healed up and disappeared; my strength has returned, and I am able to do all kinds of housework. Swift's Specific, I honestly believe, snatched me from the grave, and I do not

know how to be grateful enough for my recovery.

MRS. SARAH E. TURNER. I know that S. S. S. has saved my daughter's life. She was the most wretched looking object that I ever saw when she commenced taking it being perfectly helpless. I thank God that we ever

heard of it. It has saved my child.

MRS. P. E. BRYAN. Humboldt, Tenn., Oct. 1, 1884.

Potash, lodide of Potassium is one of the stiongest of the minerals used in medicine, and has produced much suffering in the world. Taken for a long time and in large doses, it dries up the gastric juices, impairs digestion, the stomach refuses food, and the patient declines in health and weight. Persons with blood or skin diseases should be careful how they take these mineral poisons, as in most instances the effect of them is almost permanently impair the constitution. To take the place of these poisons we ofter you as a safe, sure, prompt and permanent relief from your troubles. Swift's Specific is entirely r vegetable preparation, and it is easy to convince you of its merit.

Twelve Years of Suffering. I have been afflicted with scrofuls for more than twelve years. Have had sores on me as large as a man's hand for that length of time. The universal verdict of the community was that I would be a dead man in less than three months. I had spent hundreds of dollars with physicians and rulned my system with mercury and potash. A friend suggested the use of Swit's Specific. I began its use and sooh found it was just what I needed. In a very short time it cured me sound and well.

R. L. HIGH.

Oct. 26, 1883.

Lekoni, Ark., 2

Painful Ulcers. Painful Ulcers.

My mother, who is about seventy-five years old, and a resident of Dooly county, had an ulcerated ankle which gave her great pain and trouble. It became aggravated to a fearful degree, and every application of known or suggested remedies failed to bring relief. Physicians prescribed, but to no awail. After six months suffering I induced her to my 8. S. S. One bottle had the remarkable effect of producing a perfect cure, and there has been no return of the disease.

Of the South Ga., Conference, Macon, Ga., July 14, 1884.

Colonel R. H. Jones, of Cartersville.

I was affected for nearly four years with eczoma. The dectors called it at first erysipeles. I was treated by physicians. I was cared by Swift's Specific. I used about thirty bottles and have had no trouble with it since. I refused to take it, even after it was recommended to me by others, for some time-such was by prejudice to the name of it, but having tried it myself I now believe it is the best blood purifier in all my knowledge. It did another thing for me. I had suffered from piles from many years. Since taking this medicale i have been relieved, and believe it cured it.

Cartersville, Ga., August 25, 1884. Colonel R. H. Jones, of Cartersville.

Cartersville, Ga., August 25, 1884.

A Cripple Restored.

Some two years ago I received a boy (Lona White) into the orphans home, near Macon, from Columbus. He was one of the poorest creatures I have ever scen—nothing but skin and bones—crippled and deformed by scrofula, which had attended him from his birth. About eighteen months ago I commenced giving him Swift's Specific. After several bottles had been taken and no visible results to be seen, I began to despair, but continued the medicine. At last signs of improvement became apparent, shof from that day to the present there has been constant improvement in both bedy and mind. He is now about fourteen years old, and is one of the brightest boys I have ever known. I honestly believe that he will ultimately outgrow the effects of this loathsome disease under the influence of Swift's Specific.

The two cases of crystpelas which were treated some two years ago with S. S. shows no symptoms of return of the disease.

L. B. PAYNE.

Superintendent Orphans' Home. So. Ga. Con. A Cripple Restored.

RANDOLPH OF ROANOKE.

SOME NEW LIGHT ON HIS LIFE WRITTEN BY A DESCENDENT.

Interesting Incidents From the Life of the Gr Stateman-His Parity Connections-His D votion to His Priends-The Peculiarities of Fis Disposition-Reminiscences.

Martha Randolph Keim, in the Chicago Current. John Randolph confided in my grandmother. They were relatives, and his brother Richard married my grandfather's sister, Judith, daughter of Thomas Mann Randolph, Sr., of Tuckshoe. Our plantation, Green creek, was only a few miles from Bazarre, their homestead, and John, who lived with them, came in and out of our house almost as one of the family. My grandmother, in speaking of him to me said: "Jack had a remarkable quality. Irritable and sensitive as he was, when alone he would bear with patience, and also invite a full expression of a friend's opinion on his conduct, either private or public." He once handed her a valuable diamond ring with a coiled serpent on it. An initial was caught a glimpse of, cut in the ring, under the coil, which lifted up with a spring. It was too quickly withdrawn for her to scru-tinize it more closely, and his emotion too great to elicit confidence in regard to it, which, no doubt, he intended to give. He groaned out: "One I loved better than my own soul or Him that created it.' She told me who it was. He had known and loved her from childhood. A short time before their marriage was to have been con-

summated he was walking with his betrothed and she proposed stopping into a store to look at some fine laces which had been just import-A valuable piece was afterwards missed, and John must have noticed her take it. This and John must have noticed her take it. This occurred at Richmond, and he was seen going to his hotel in a very excitable manner. Some hours after, his servant found him in his room in a state of insensibility. Physicians were called in, and it was long before he was restored, and only at the prayers and entreaties of his faithful and devoted servant. When? devoted servant, "Juba," could he be induced to taste the food placed before him. He never communicated to any one the cause of his strange conduct, and the surmise was that the lady had jilted him. One year after she united her fortunes with one in whose society she might hope to live a more happy life than in that of her other most devoted,

but unfortunate lover.

A few months after her marriage, while Sully, the artist, was completing a portrait of burly, the artist, was completing a portrait of her, she took "blue mass" in a green plum, to increase her brilliancy, fell into spasms, and died. The key to the mystery was found, and the secret disclosed; she was a kleptoma-niac. This took place in the midst of the ex-citing debates of congress. He writes to a friend, without stating the cause: "I would like to bid adien to my native shores for a few like to bid adieu to my native shores for a few years at least. Nothing but a high sense of the obligations of public duty has prevented my resigna-tion." And some time after, when feeling depressed, he said: "My apathy is not natural, but superinduced. There was a volcano un-der my ice, but it is burned out, and a face of desolation has come on not to be rectified in ages, could my life be prolonged to a patriarchal longevity. The necessity of loving and being beloved, was never felt by the imaginary beings of Rousseau's and Byron's creation more imperious than myself. My heart was offered up with a devotion that knew no re-

He was true to his friends. At the time that Robert Randolph pulled President Andrew Jackson's nose for unjust treatment of him, whilst an officer in the navy, there were rumors of his probable arrest. Robert came at once from the steamboat where it was done to the Powhatan house. He was speedily fol-lowed by John Randolph, of Roanoke, in his English coach, attended by his colored servant "Juba," and the appearance of his equipage each day before the door excited much interest and comment, as it was known that John Rendolph had been heard to say that "with his life would he protect his kinsman should General Jackson attempt arrest." Lieutenant Randolph was a kinsman also o

my father, and visited us at Green Creek after the matter was quieted down. Our dining-room servant said: "If I had such a big red nose as Mars Robert I'd a bin mightly glad if Mars President Jackson had a pulled it clean off." Edmund evidently had not heard on which free was the pulled nose. face was the pulled nose. Commodore Decatur and John Randolph were devoted friends. The commodore's un-timely end proved too much for John's neryous system, and his conduct on the occasion of the funeral is said to have been very extrava-gant, and the ignorant multitude that followed gant, and the ignorant multitude that followed the funeral pageant proclaim: "The man is mad." Hoping to draw him away from this highly exciting state of mind his friends prevailed on him to visit England. "One day I was passing along the street," says Mr. Anderson, the cashier of the United States Branch Eark in Richmond, "about April 20, 1820, when Mr. Randolph hailed me in a louder voice than sual. The first question he asked me was whether I knew of a good ship in the James river in which he could get a passage to England. He said he had been sick of a remittent and intermittent fever for forty days, and his

and intermittent lever for forcy days, and applysician said he must go to England.
"I told him there were no ships here fit for his accommodation, and that he had better go his accommodation, and that he had better go to New York and sail from *that port. 'Do you think,' said he, 'I would give my money to those who are ready to make my negroes cut my threat! If I cannot go to England from a southern port, I will not go at all.' I then endeavored to think of the best course for him to take, and told him there was a ship in the river. He asked the name of the ship I to the heavy Clay. tols him it was the Henry Clay. He threw up his arms and exclaimed: 'Henry Clay! No, sir! I will never step on the planks of a ship of that name.' I saw him in the autumn of the same year. He was then as perfectly in possession of his understanding as I ever saw

im or eny other man.' At this time he made no secret of his use of points. "I live by it; not upon opium," said he to a friend. He had been driven to it as an alleviation of a pain to which few mortals were alleviation of a pain to which few mortals were doomed, and to which may be traced many of the aberrations of mind and of conduct so much regretted by his friends, and which some unkindly and unjustly called insanity.

Mr. Randolph was present at a large meeting of the African institution at London. Mr. Wilberforce, after specking with his usual chility and cloquese on the appropriate subability and eloquence on the appropriate sub-jects of the occasion, concluded by pronounc-ing a warm panegyric upon the example set by the United States of America in making the slave-trade piracy, and upon Mr. Randolph's great efforts in promoting that act. Mr. Ran-dolph then rose to return thanks for the mark of respect towards the United States of mark of respect towards the United States of America. After a few appropriate remarks, he thanked the meeting for the grateful sense they had expressed towards America, and also assured them that all that was exalted in station, in talent, and in moral character among his countrymen was, as was also to be found in Engiand, firmly united for the suppression of this infamous traffic. It was delightful for him to know that Virginia, the land of his sires, the land of his nativity, had for halt a century affixed a public brand and indelible stigma upon this traffic, and had put in the claim of the wretched objects of it to the common rights and attributes of humanity. "The plainness of Mr. Randolph's appearance," says a London paper, "his republican simplicity of manners and easy and unaffected address attracted much attention, and he sat down amidst a burst of applause."

I was at aboarding school opposite the Prince

down amidst a burst of applause."

I was at a boarding school opposite the Prince Edward courtery. He passed in review all the old families of Virginia, spoke of their energy, sagacity, and efficient usefulness of character. "The old gentry are all gone; nothing but desolation and poverty where the fires of a noble and generous hospitality had burned on a thousand hearths." He spoke of many illustrious men whose names adorn many pages of our earliest and brightest history. "Honry Mason, and others, not one of whom," he said, and so there is the would bite the boy's head off for this; and so the boy dodged her, and got out of the way. It was thought that grandma's case was one of dyspepsis, total and long-continued. For even such tough old cases Brown's Iron Bitters work wonders. Mr. I. I. Cavius, Dinwiddie, Va., writes, "Brown's Iron Bitters made me well of spinal disease and dyspepsis of 20 wears' standing."

short, said he, "Look at the Lees Washingtons, Randolphs, what weeful degeneration."
He was then in fast declining health, and another visit to England was advised as the only hope of relief. He reached Washington, and dragged his emaciated body, with difficulty, into the senate chamber. Sinking with feebleness and the exhaustion of the effort, he caught the sound of Clay's voice, as the latter was addressing the chair. He asked "to be held up that he might listen to that voice again." Clay turned and saw him. Moved by his haggard look, with the death warrant in his face, the magnanimous Kentuckian approached his old rival and foe. The interview was touching. All the past was forgotten, and the greetings of the illustrious commoners were kind and tender. They parted in peace and good will, never to meet again upon earth. and good will, never to meet again upon earth.

THE RAILROADS.

Nashville's Depot.

A Nashville special says: President Smith and General Manager Wills, of the Louisville and Nashville railroad, arrived to-night. They will determine to-morrow as to the rebuilding of the depot burned Saturday night. The debris has been removed and the tracks cleared, so there is no delay of trains. Linck's hotel, adjoining the depot, is much less damaged than first supposed and is again in opperation as before, the loss being fully covered by insurance. Great interest is being taken in the question whether a union depot will be built for all the lines centering here. Nashville's Depot.

A New Train.

RALEIGH, N. C., January 14.—It is announced by authority that in a few weeks a new train will be put on the Charlotte, Columbia and Augusta, Atlantic, Tennessee and Shio, and the western North Carolina railroad, to connect at Warm. Springer, station with the connect at Warm Springs station with the passenger train on the East Tennessee, Vir-ginia' and Georgia road for Louisville, Kentucky, thus opening up a short through route from Charleston to Louisville. Since this route was opened it has done a heavy business in freights, great numbers of live stock from Tennessee and Kentucky being shipped over this line to Charleston. The passenger busi-ness has also been greatly increased.

The New Railroad Bridge at Drayton's,

From the Charleston News and Courier. The new bridge over the Ashley river, now being constructed at Drayton's by the Charleston and Savannah railway company, will be ready for the passage of trains on Wednesday next. The bridge will cost \$50,000, and will be a very handsome and substantial structure. It is built of iron on a foundation of crossoted piles and in accordance with plans furnished by Mr. W. B. W. Howe, Jr., thechief engineer of the Charleston and Savannah railway company. The contractor for the work is Mr. A. V. Gude, of Atlanta, Ga. The iron work has been done by Wilkins, Post & Co., of Atlanta. The bridge has been constructed in such a manner as to give an opening of eighty feet on either side of the draw for the passage of on either side of the draw for the passage of vessels. The old one gave an opening of only sixty feet for the passage of vessels, which found great difficulty in passing through the draw. The openings of the new bridge are protected by a wall of crossoted piles on either side, by which vessels will be enabled to pass through without damage. enabled to pass through without damage. The approaches on either side of the draw were built by Mr. J. D. Murphy, the superintendent of construction. Mr. J. W. Craig, the master of transportation of the Charlesto and Savannah railway, says that the bridge is one of the safest and best structures of the kind in the south.

Consumption. Notwithstanding the great number who yearly succumb to this terrible and fatal disease, which is daily winding its fatal coils ease, which is daily winding its fatal colls around thousands who are unconscious of its deadly presence, Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery" will cleanse and purify the blood of serofulous impurities and cure tubercular consumption (which is only serofulous disease of the lungs). Send three letter stamps and get Dr. Pierce's complete treatise on consumption and kindred affections, with numercus testimonials of cures. Address. World's cus testimoniala of cures. Address, World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y

An advance ageut-the pawnbroker's clerk.

A Case Not Beyond Help. Dr. M. H. Hinsdale, Kenawee, Ill., advised s of a remarkable cure of Consumption. He ays: "A neighbor's wife was attacked with says: violent lung disease, and pronounced beyond help from quick consumption. As a last re-sort the family was persuaded to try DR. WM. HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS. To the astonishment of all, by the time she has used one-half dozen bottles she was about the bouse doing her own work. I saw her at her worst, and had no idea she could recover."

YOUNG MEN!-READ THIS, THE VOLTAIC BELT CO.. of Marshall, Mich., offer to send their celebrated Emecro Voltaic Belt and other Electric Appliances on trial for thirty days, to men (young or old) afflicted with nervous debility, loss of vitality and manhood, and all kindred troubles. Also for rheumatism, neuralgia, paralysis, and many other diseases. Complete restoration to health, vigor and manhood guaranteed. No risk is incurred, as thirty days trial is allowed. Write them at once for illustrated pamphlet free.

You can tell an ex-schoolmaster every time. He always tries his chair with his hand before sitting

Skinny Men.

Wells's Health Renewer" restores health and vigor, cures dyspepsia, impotence, sexual debility. \$19

Doweger: "It's been the worst season I can remember, Sir James. All the men seem to have got married and none of the girls."

DURKEE'S SALAD DRESSING & COLD MEAT SAUCE. The finest mayonaise for meat, fish, and vegetable salads, and a superb table sauce It far surpasses any home-made dressing Everybody likes it.

Mrs. Lockwood says: "Women help to populate bis country." However we may differ with Belva solitically, we agree with her in this. HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE

Admirable Results in Fevers. . Dr. J. J. RYAN, St. Louis, Mo., says: "I invariably prescribe it in fevers; also in conva-lescence from wasting and debilitating dis-eases, with admirable results. I also find it a tonic to an enfeebled condition of the genital

When a woman deserts a man who has not carned his salt for years he immediately advertises that he will pay no debts of her contracting.

CINCINNATI, U., April 14, 1884 .- S. B. SMITE CINCINGATI, U., April 14, 1884.—S. B. SMITE & BRO., Covington, Ky.—Esteemed Sirs: I have been troubled with a serious kidney affection, and seeing your advertisement, concluded to try a bottle of your May Flower, though without much hope of being benefited by it, The first bottle worked splendidly, and persevering with it use, I am entirely relieved of my painful illness. Any one can write to me and I will reiterate what is here written.

Miss. E. Wither,
Walnut Hills, Cincinnati, O.

Says a philosopher: "No thoroughly occupied men was ever miserable." Probably this philosopher never spent a forenoon, among his friends trying to borrow a five dollar bill.

An Extended Popularity. Brown's Browmany years. For relieving Cough and Throat troubles they are superior to all other artibles

A Jack's valley ranchman has posted the following threatening notice: "If any man's or woman's lows or oxes get on these oats, his or her's tail will be cut off, as the case may be."

Mill Save the Hair

Mill Save the Hair

And keep it in a strong and healthy condition, because it will sfimulate the roots of the hair, and

the natural action upon which its growth pett's Flavoring Extracts are absolutely

A European sculptor is at work on Mary Anderson's bust. This makes Bill Nye say: "Modest lary, we quit yer. You should have returned to its and patronized home industry."

All Weakness of Genital Organs, Sexual Impotency, and nervous disorders permanently cured in thirty days, by the genuine Dr. Ricord's Restorative Fills. Bottles 50 pills \$1.25, 100 pills \$2.00, 200 pills \$3.50, 400 pills \$6.00. Magnus & Hightower, corner Pryor and Decatur streets, Atlanta. Wholesale by Lamar, Rankin and Lamar.

Said an astronomer to a bright-eyed girl, when talking of rainbows: "Did you ever see a lunar bow?" "I have seen a beau by moonlight, "If that is what you mean," was the sly rejoinder.

ADELINA PATTI, the great songstress says of Solon Palmer's Perfumes, Toilet Soaps and other Toilet articles: "I unhesitatingly pronounce them superior to any I ever used." Principal Depot, 374 and 376 Pearl street, N.

Dr. Tanner is reported to be living at a Chicago boarding house. We sineerely trust that this last gastronomical attempt will "fetch" him.

One bottle of Dr. Fuller's Pocket Injection, with syringe combined, cures without capsules. \$1. All druggists. tu,th,sa-wk

The officeholder warbles: "I would not live always; I sek not to stay, but I'll miss, oh, I'll miss that magnificent pay—after next March."

COLLARS NO CUFFS BEARING THIS MARK FINEST GOODS EVER MADE nema Ail Linen, nor

Ask for them.

RHEUMATISM.

Although a bractitioner of nearly twenty years my mother influenced me to procure B. B. B. fe her. She had been confined to her bed several nonths with Rheumatism which had stubbornly resisted all the usual remedies. Within twenty four hours after commencing B. B. B. I observed marked relief. She has just commenced her third bottle and is nearly as active as ever, and has been in the front yard with "rake in hand" cleaning up. Her improvement is truly wonderful and immensely gratifying.
C. H. MONTGOMERY, M.D.,

Jacksonville, Ala., June 6, 1884.

KIDNEY TROUBLE.

For over six years I have been a terrible suffered from a troublesome kidney complaint, for the re lief of which I have spent over \$250 without benefailures. The use of one single bottle of B. B. B. has been marvelous, giving more relief than all other treatment combined. It is a quick cure, C. H. ROBERTS,

Atlanta Water Works.

SCROFULA.

Dr. L. A. Guild, of Atlanta, who owns a large nursery and vineyard, has a lad on his place who was cured of a stubborn case of Scrofula with one single bottle of B. B. B. Write to him about the

Frank Joseph, 245 Jones street, Atlanta, has a son who had a sloughing. Scrofulous ulcer of the neck, and had lost his hair and eye sight, finding no relief. One bottle of B. B. B. healed the ulcer eradicated the poison from his blood, restored his eye sight, and placed him on the road to health. A book filled with wonderful proof from the very best class of citizens, and recommendations from the leading Drug Trade of Atlanta, mailed

free to any address. B. B. B. only a year old and is working wonders. Large bottle \$1.00, or six for \$5.00. Sold by Druggists. Expressed on receipt of BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga.

d2taw tue thu next rd mat wky2 DA FRANCK'S GENUINE
CRAINS DE SANTE.—The
best remody agrainst Migraine,
Constipation and Congostion,
the words Grains de Sante DU
Du Frances printed in four colors on a Blue Bax. Those contained in a red or any other colored box are imitation. Ph. LeBoy, Paris. E. FOUGERRA & OO.,
N. Y., and at all Chemists.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP

-THE FIRM OF-

CLEMMONS & KENNY

Is this day dissolved by mutual agreement. The business will be continued by E. P. Kenny, the junior partner, Mr. J. A. Clemmons, retiring, the new firm assuming all liabilities. Very respectively. J. A. CLEMMONS, E. P. KENNY.



sun-tu-th-sa-&-wk

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All kinds of LUBRICATING OILS,

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TO LOAN ON A 1 COMMERCIAL PAPER AND collaterals; also buy Central Bank Block stock. Charles C. Nelson, 18% Whitehall street.

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Architect,
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of 5 per cent for his professional services. Those
considering this charge excessive can find a numcer of cheap architects in the city.

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AND BONELESS BACON NONE GENUINE

UNLESS BEARING OUR PATENTED TRADE-MARKS, A LIGHT METALLIO SEAL, ATTACHED TO THE STRING, AND THE STRIPED CANVAS, AS IN THE OUT. BREWER'S LUNG

RESTORER!

Another Voice Singing its Praise!

My health, which had previously been all that I could desire, became so impaired from a cough which I contracted, and continuing to grow worse, I became almost helpless. I exhausted the catalogue of so called remedies without relief and finally concluded that I was a victim of consumption and could but suffer its ravages the rest of my days. In my great distress of mind and body, a friend recommended Brewer's Lung Restorer, and after using a small quantity, I felt that I had at last found the true remedy for the disease, and persevering in its use, my health has improved so rapidly that I feel like praising the name of the discoverer of this great remedy, and would be glad if every one who suffers as I did could know of its healing virtues.

MRS. M. A. GRIMES, Macon, Ga.

This is to certify that my daughter, Louisa J. Wiggins, who is now in her twentieth year, has been affected since infancy with a severe cough and difficulty of breathing. She has been under the treatment of several physicians, and no benefit arising from their prescriptions, she then began using the different kinds of patent medicines, none of which benefited her in the least. She was considered by all who knew her to be in the last stage of consumption and we had almost despaired of her life. During the past winter she was prevailed upon to try Brewer's Lung Restorer, and after taking three bottles, SHE GAINED THIRTY POUNDS IN WEIGHT, can go where she pleases and attend to any ordinary domesti affairs. We write this, hoping that others who are similarly afflicted will take courage and try Brewer's Lung Restorer.

MRS. TABITHA WIGGINS, Lithonia Ga.

We have never known a remedy that gave such entire satisfaction as Brewer's Lung Restorer and where ever it has once been introduced the saie of the article is simply wonderful. We do not attribute this to advertising so much as we do to the fact that all who take it tell their friends about its miraculous effects and we believe it has a larger miraculous effects and we believe it has a larger sale in this way than any other throat and lung remedy known. This proves the efficacy of the medicine. It is entirely vegetable and can be given to infants in the prescribed doses with the best results in whooping cough, croup, bronchitis. Weak and punny children thrive rapidly on it and no mother should be without it. LAMAR RANKIN & LAMAR Macon. Ga.

TO BUILDERS. WE WILL FURNISH

Granite, Sills. Coping, Curbing, Flagging DRESSED STONE for buildings or ornamental work at prices that can't be best—out of the best Granite in Georgia. All kinds of PAVING, MASONARY AND EXCAVATIONS

done on hort notice. 3,000 yards of Lynch Quarry Stone for selectheap Parties who want anything in our line will save money by calling on us, 9% Peachtree street, S. H. VENABLE & CO;

WANTED--THE PEOPLE'S MUTUAL LIVE Stock Insurance company of Baltimore, Maryland, want first class general agents. The company is nearly three years old, stands second to none, and proposes extending its business into the state of Georgis. We refer to the Maryland insurance commissioner or any banker, merchant or insurance firm in the city of Baltimore. Address with reference.

Corner Sauth and Water stock, tu these

TRUNKSAND VALISTS

H UZZA ONCE MORE IN BUSINESS FOR HIM-H UZZA, SAMPLE TRUNKS AND CASES AT 86

HEZZA, THE TRUNK MAKER, REPAIRS irunks and valises in a wolkman-like manner,

HUZZA, 55 S. PRYOR STREET.

H UZZA—SEND YOUR GLD TRUNKS AND VA-lises to Huzzs and have them made as good as new. at 55 8. Pryor st. H U22A GUARANTEES SATISFACTION IN RE-pairing old and making new trunks and sam-ple cases at 55 S. Pryor st.

H UZZA'S EXPENSES ARE LOW AND SO ARE his prices, at 55 S. Pryor st. VALUABLE CENTRAL REAL ESTATE—A fine chance to make a safe, sure investment. That J. C. Kimoeli lot, on Western and Atlantic Railroad, 120 feet frontage, will be sold Tue-day, 11 o'clock, January 20th, 1885, adjoining the Kanesaw Hock. L. B. Davis, Auctioneer. Office, 30 Perchirce street.

AUCTION SALES

UCTION SALES OF LIVE STOCK, REGULAR A auction sales every Thursday at Redd & Cox's stables, 58, 60 and & South Pryor street. Any per-son wishing their stock sold at auction will bring them on day of sale or the day before. J. N. Bur-top, Anethopser.

HELP WANTED-Mate

WANTED-BOY WITH GOOD REFERENCE, to attend store, collect and run errands. Jelks & Tappau. WANTED-AN EXPERIENCED CIGAR SALES-man who can travel and pay his own expen-ies; to such a man a good paying position. Ad-dress box 325, Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED-A TAILOR TO TAKE AN INTERE To in a well established business; no capital required; no drinking man need apply; address J. J. Hahn. Bainbridge, Ga. 3 WANTED-WE DESIRE TO ESTABLISH A W general agency in Atlanta or vicinity, to control the sale of a staple article of daily consumption. Any energetic man with small capital may secure a permanent, paying business. For particulars address Greenwich Manufacturing Co., 47 Vesey St., New York.

WANTED-EXPERIENCED MATTRESS MAKE y ers—none others need apply. Southers pring Bed Co. 97 S. Pryor St. we thir su TERTILIZER SALESMAN WANTED - ONE familiar with the business preferred. A dress, with roferences, Manufacturer, Markham Home. GOOD BOOK CANVASSERS AT 53 8 PRYOR

SITUATIONS WANTED .- Males. A YOUNG MAN, HAD EXPERIENCE IN THE clothing, dry goods, carpets and gents' furnishing business, wishes situation at once, is not particular what branch of business. City or country. B. W., this office.

WANTED-BY AN EXPERIENCED BOOK-keeper a set of books to write at night. An-dress X. I. E., care Constitution. thu sun A YOUNG MAN WITH GOOD EDUCATION, apeaks German and English, has experience in the mercantile business, wishes a situation at once, city or country. W B., this office. WANTED SITUATION-Female.

WANTED-BY A WHITE WOMAN, A SITUA-tion at housework. Address, S. M., Constitu-WANTED-Boarders.

PARTIES WISHING GOOD BOARD WILL DO well to consult this column. GOOD BOARDING HOUSE KEEPERS CAN keep their houses full by advertising in our ten cent column.

WANTED-OLD SILVER AND MUTILATED W coins. Highest market price. Schuman's corner Whitehall and Hunter and Peachtree and Forsyth streets. su tu th tf W ANTED—280,000 BRICK, ONE-THIRD LIGHT and two-thirds hard, delivered on -one-Marietta. Bids will be received up to Thursday afternoon. Apply to Geo. R. Eager, Marietta, Ga. dt 1

WANTED-Partners:

WANTED-A PARTNER, SILENT OR ACT-business in Atlanta. One baving a thorough knowledge of the business and favorably known to the fine retail trade preferred. Reference ex-changed. Address "Business," Constitution. 2;

INTEND TO MAKE THE PALACE THE MOST popular Barber shop if good work, a neace and polite attention will please your achtree street. A. Nash ZACK TAYLOR IS HERE AT 24 W. ALABAMA Z street, and keeps as of old a first-class stable. Carriages, buggies and horses for hire and for sale, and plenty of room for boarding horses. Sm

EVERY ONE SAYS OF THE BOOT BLACK thirs at the Palace Barber Shop: A splendid thing—will get my shoes shined here all the time 11 Peachtree street.

FOR SALE-Miscellaneons DURT OATS, RED RUST PROOF OATS, MIX

ROR SALE-PRINTING MATERIAL - COM-plete outfit for 6-column newspaper; Washing-ton haud press, types, stones, etc. Address Amer-ican Publishing Co., Cartersville, Ga., A DEVON COW, RECORD SIX AND A HALF sud L. J. and A. W. Hill's Leaft, son of about J. J. and A. W. Hill's Leonidas. The not Jersey. Apply at 53 S Pryor st.

FOR SALE—TWO SECOND-HAND FULL CARC billiard tables. Inquire at Markham house

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES. ON ACCOUNT OF ILL HEALTH I WISH TO sell my enthe stock of millinery and fancy cods. Will rent store room to purchaser. Mrs. I. Murray, Fort Valley, Ga.

CENTRAL SALOON AND BILLIARD HALL for sale. Apply to Leak & Lyle. FOR SALE --- Real Estate. FOR SALE-TWO HOUSES ON DAVIS STREET on long credit installments. Asron Haas, 36

FOR RENT-Houses, Cottages, Etc. FOR RENT—A FOUR ROOM HOUSE, 166 CAL-houn street. Apply to Tolbert, Hoyt & Co., 24 E. Alabama street. FOR RENT-A NEW EIGHT-BOOM HOUSE, NO. 328 Washington street, with gas, water and all modern improvements. Apply J. S. Clark, 27 Peachtree street.

FOR RENT_Rooms. FOR RENT-FRONT ROOM, PARILY FURN-FOR RENT-TWO ROOMS. 51 EAST HARRIA

FOR RENT-Miscellaneous. HALL FOR RENT-LARGE NICE HALL WITH plenty of light, on second floor, 46 and 48 Mast ale barns street.

NOTICE—THE ATLANTA AND WEST POINT railroad company offers for rent its vacant freight depot in Atlanta, with the use of adjacent track. Apply to the undersigned at the office of said company. L. F. Grant, president. Atlanta, October 25th. 1884.

LADIES COLUMN. THE ROLLER PROCESS ROUND FLOUR MAN-ulactured by Thompson & Smith, Caunon Falla, Minn., is easily digested and cannot be ex-celled. Sold at No. 77 Peachtree street. OSTRICH FEATHERS CLEANED; DYED AND curied by artistic workmen, also kid glove cleaned. I. Phillips. 13 N. Broad st. tu th su-th

OST-SMALL BUNCH OF KEYS. THE FIND-er will be rewarded by leaving them at 39 East labsing a street. Correlix Mulles at East Point on Last ed, medium size. These mules were stampeded about eight o'click at night. Any information will be thankfully received. Address S. T. & A. O. Bialook, Fayetteville, Ga.

FOUND—A GOLD BRACELET IN THE CEME-tery, which the owner may have by calling and giving a description of same and paying for advertisement. Call at a Decatur street.

test Train in the South ans Exposition Limited Express Train, TLANTA AND WEST POINT R. R. ANTA to NEW ORLEANS

Published Daily and Weekly. ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION is published every day in the week, and is delivered by carriers in the city, or mailed, postage free, at \$1 per month,

\$2.50 for three months, or \$10 a year. leading out of Atlanta, and at news stands in the

principle southern cities. ADVERTISING RATES depend on location in the paper, and will be furnished on application.
CORRESPONDENCE containing important news

olicited from all parts of the country. ADDRESS all letters and telegrams, and make all drafts or checks payable to

> THE CONSTITUTION. Atlanta, Georgia.

ATLANTA, JANUARY 15, 1885.

ICATIONS for the South Atlantic state 2 a. m.: generally warmer and partly cloudy weather, local rains, easterly winds, falling barometer.

GENERAL HAZEN is still engaged in hawking around charges against army officers. Lieutenant Garlington has now filed charges against Hazen, in which the latter is adverted to as a liar and a slanderer.

THE senate yesterday passed the Edmunds bill to allow the president to place General Grant up of the retired list. Most of the southern senators voted in favor of the bill, feat its fate in the house is yet uncertain.

THE conviction of George P. Curry, in Augusta vesterday, should be taken in time as a warning by those who are engaged in the "modern" methods of business. The old conservative plan of the grandfathers is best.

THE pertinacity with which the republicans are closing the evidence of St. John's corruption in upon him, shows how deeply they feel their own defeat. They believe the temperance vote, on the old issues, would have given New York to Blaine.

PREMIER FERRY has announced the intention of the French government to completely subdue Tonquin. At the same time it is announced that an arrangement has been reached by which France and Germany will take care of each other's interests in colonial matters.

JOHN P. JONES, the original "silver" senator, has been re-elected by the Nevada legislature to spend another six years in Washington. Once upon a time the late Judge Hiram Warner announced from the bench that "there were a great many Joneses in Georgia." but when he said this he meant no disrespect to the Nevada statesman.

P. T. BARNUM has offered General Grant \$100,060 for the temporary use of his trophies. his purpose being to exhibit them to grateful Americans at so much per head. General Grant will probably refuse the offer, knowing Barnum to be a grand blowhard who never does what he says. When he puts his Bridgeport real estate at sale at the figures promised conditional on Cleveland's election honest men may then consider his business Tracec. A hundred men in Atlanta stand

ready to take him up on the offer then made. WATTERSON'S TARIFF "REFORM."

Discussing real revenue reform the other day, THE CONSTITUTION called attention to the contradictions and absurdities in which democrats of the Watterson stripe involve themselves, owing to a misconception or a misunderstanding on their part (wilful, perhaps, but serious whether wilful or not) as to the real purposes of real revenue reform. A great many of our esteemed contempo-fies—the Savannah News and a host of less iournals-take their cue from Watterson and walk blindly into the bog in which he delights to wallow and flounder. But the position in which they find them selves is so uncomfortable and so absurd that we reasonably look for them to flounder out

as readily as they floundered in. We have no hope for Watterson, however, He will never be able to flounder out of the economic absurdities in which he has involved himself, and we will do him the redit to say that he has no desire to flounder out. In the Courier-Journal of Monday returns to his discussion of Randall, and has a long article one ed, "Is He a Democrat?" in the course marlhich he goes deeper and deeper into the

l nue muddle. very atterson, as our readers know, pretends to be the prime and chief of tariff reformers. He says he is not a free-trader to the extent of desiring to hurtfully disturb American industries, but he is very anxious to give our present tariff system a tremendous shaking up. We do not remember to have seen a suggestion from him as to how his peculiar notions of tariff reform are to be carried out. He has a plan, no doubt, but if it is as muddled as his views of real revenue reform it must be a desperately ridiculous scheme. In

the course of the article to which we have

alluded, he says: Mr. Randall wants \$120,000,000 of internal revenue taxes abolished in order to create the necesolidating all taxes on imported mer chandise. He would make whisky free that he may sustain the necessity for keeping up high taxes on salt, iron, clothing and medicines. He would abolish the tax on manufactured tobacco and cigars and transfer the burdens to articles of ecessity, though the producers of tobacco in the United States have realized much higher prices nder the existing system, while the consumers of tobacco have paid the tax voluntarily since its use is an unnecessary indulgence. The taxes which be would keep up to a high level are those which men and woman must pay to satisfy their hanger and clothe their nakedness, as well as to provide the implements and materials of their handigraft. while the taxes which he would sacrifice are in the nature of duties paid on needless self-induigencies more often harmful than beneficial. The cratic party is diametrically opposed to Mr. Issue; and if it adheres to such clear principles of party policy, it will be invulnerable and invinc

We do not propose to understand Watterson's position en any subject, but he has led us to suspect that he is opposed to our present high tariff; that, in fact, he is in favor of a tariff for revenue only. Something less than a hundred thousand times he has announced this as his position during the past four years. If he is in favor of a tariff for revenue only, it must follow that he is in favor of reducing duties on imports to a revenue basis. He would do this not because the treasury needs the revenue, but for the purpose of reducing taxation.

to-morrow-suppose it was in his power to

reduce the duties on imports to a revenue basis-how would he dispose of the immense surplus that would accumulate in the treasury? Even under our present high tariff system there has been and there will be an immense surplus in the treasury; add to this the revenue that would flow from a reduction of the duties on imports, and some idea of the economic muddle in which

Watterson and his followers in congress would involve the country may be obtained. An unnecessary surplus in the treasury is an infallible evidence of unnecessary taxation: and Watterson's scheme would have the effect of trebbling the present unneces sary surplus. If the duties on imports are to be reduced to a revenue basis, what necessity will exist for the continuance of the interna revenue system, with its spies and parasites, its bribes and fees? Watterson seems to have no sort of appreciation of the results that will flow from a reduction of the duties on imports, and in the extract which we have quoted above he takes pains to advertise the fact that he is involved in a hopeless muddle. He says that "Mr. Randall wants \$120,000,000 of internal revenue taxes abolished in order to create the necessity of consolidating all taxation on imported merchandise." This is worse than nonsense. It is a statement that contradicts itself. Watterson declares that our present tariff is not only high but prohibitory, and it must be clear to the dull-

est comprehension that if the smount involved in the aboli-tion of internal revenue taxes be added to the present high duties, the tariff will be carried so far beyond the point of prohibition that the government will be unable to derive a dollar of revenue from that source. This ought to be perfectly clear to a statesman of Watterson's reputation, but we venture to say that no amount of persuasion would wring from him a confession that he is engaged in an attempt to muddle his readers as he himself is muddled. Moreover, we venture to say that Tommy and Tasso and all the little pack that run at Watterson's heels for the purpose of picking up the stale arguments he may happen to drop in his wild career, will be able to see the nature of the muddle in which they have involved themselves.

The real revenue reformers of the country know that if the tariff is to be reduced to a revenue basis, there will be neither necessity nor excuse for the continuation of the internal revenue system, which bears as hardly on the taxpayers of one section as it does on those of the other. The real revenue reformers of the country know, also, that if the internal revenue system is abolished, a reduction of the duties will necessarily follow in order that sufficient revenue for carrying on the government may be raised. The re duction will not be in the direction of freetrade, and it may not be "horizontal," but it will be in the interest of real revenue reform, and we may be sure that the interests of American industries and American wage-

earners will not be overlooked. Watterson, as the extract which we have quoted shows, is opposed to himself. The tariff will never be reduced to a revenue basis while the treasury is sucking a vast surplus from the people by means of an odious system of internal taxation. If the democratic party is opposed to Mr. Randall, as the Courier-Journal asserts, it, like Watterson is opposed to itself and to its own solemn declarations. The road to tariff reform is not by way of "horizontal" bills; it does not lead to the camp of the whisky ring; it leads in the direction of the disestablishment of the internal revenue system.

GENERAL SHERMAN would have had less troubl if he had submitted his remarks on the Jeff Davis letter to Editor Dana's able bodied johnthomas

HAINES, of Illinois, is probably an Ohio man He is in office and he despises to get out. MR. HOLMAN has succeeded in putting a very

strong bit in the mouth of our noble consul gen Spain. Mr. Holman is a man of a great deal of gumption.

THE suicide of a young lady school teacher at Emporia, Kansas, has brought to light a fad story. Miss Mary Larick, the teacher, was a stranger in the community. She was not very social, was morbidly sensitive, and cressed shabbily. Her neighbors began to criticise and find ault. The complaints caused the super intendent of schools to notify the objectionable eacher that her resignation would be accepted. Miss Larick bowed to the inevitable and kindly said in her letter of resignation that if she failed to give satisfaction the fault must be her own. The died, leaving a letter containing minute directions regarding the disposition of her effects. After her death it became known that she had been not only supporting herself, but that she was the main stay of an aged father, and was educating a young brother at an eastern college. Little by little it came out that the poor woman had practiced the most heroic self-denial. During all the cold weather she had never had a fire in her room, and her bed was without blankets or sufficient cover-ing. When the people of Emporia found out these facts they began to dimly understand why the dis charged teacher broke down in the midst of her misfortunes, and put an end to her pain, anguish and wretchedness. The dead woman's funeral was the occasion of considerable display and the church was packed with people. But public sympathy came too late. After life's fitful

have his fun if it kills every cow in the island. THE Atlanta burglar was a bore before he begu

to use the auger.

THE idea of General Sherman that the south

wanted to secode from itself a dozen times and is two or three different places is not borne out by the facts of history.

EDITOR PULITZER, of the World, is never happle than when he is engaged in a crussele against social shams. The libel suit of the hamby-pampy Marquis De Lenville has provoked Editor P to uncork the vials of his wrath and empty their vitriolic contents upon the heads of the nobility. Speaking of the duke of St. Albans, he digs up the unpleasant fact that the duke's title was created by Charles II. two centuries ago, for his son by Nell Gwynne, and quotes the reply of Charles to the frisky actress when she implored him to make their boy a gentleman: "I can make him a duke, but God Almighty couldn't make him a gentleman." The editor of the World has history on his side, but who cares a continental about the peccadilloes of the duke of St. Albans' ancestors two hundred years ago? If the duke behaves himself tolerably vell, people are not going to send him to coventry for the vices of Charles II.

PRIVATE DAIZELL, it is thought, is the author of the Jeff. Davis letter which jumped in the fire at Chicago.

GENERAL SHERMAN will put en his spectacles the next time he reads one of Mr. Davis's letters. He will also have all reporters gently ejec

THE statement that hydrophobia is a disease of he imagination probably emanated from the 'scientific" doctors. If it is true, how is it that octs never die with hydrophobia?

CHRISTMAS poetry is still appearing in the newspapers. Christmas will get to be a very serious natter after awhile.

Mascot in New Orleans has caused the Times-Democrat to discuss the true inwardness of the affair is very plain language. It seems that Robert Brewster, the man who was killed, acted as the friend of one of the principals, Mr. James D. ouston, whose brother, Judge W. I. Houston, had been assailed by the Mascot. The sudden drawing of a pistol by Editor Osmond prevented Mr. Houston from giving him the caning intended, and Brewster lost his life in the course of the general firing in which he, by the way, took an active part. The Times-Demo crat regards the affair as deplorable, but its sym pathies are evidently not with the Mascot. That paper, it is charged, has been permitteed for years run an unbridled career, and to ndulge unchecked in the most vicious and slan derous assertions about public and private persons. It has assailed men and women of unspotted purity of character, and its victims have found the aw powerless to protect them. Nothing remained but to resort to personal violence. If this statement of facts is not overdrawn it speaks badly for the administration of the law in New Orleans. A licentious press is undoubtedly a great evil, but it is a greater evil to permit individuals to become their own judges, juries and executioners in every case where they believe that their rights have been invaded.

It is said that a coachman with a dove's wing in his beaver is much sought after by the Murray Hill belles in New York. The coachman is to b pitied.

that it is better to kiss a St. Louis girl on her pretty little snub nose than to talk too much with his mouth before a couple of incendiary re porters.

THE detachments of the salvation army wow i his country occasionally come to grief. Thei methods of work are not appreciated here, and some of their members have turned out badly. In England, however, General Booth pushes the The vigorously. meeting had rousing Exeter hall. The general announced that it was farewell meeting to thirty officers, chiefly women who were to be dispatched as recruiting sergeant of the salvation army to America, New Zeland and India. He also stated that he was organizing an army corps in every British village, and the members, would barrack in vehicular caravans and be guarded at night by entries. The audience received the general's speech with frantic applause. The zeal or fanatieism of the salvationists is on the spread in Eng land among the lower classes. In this country the ction of the police in arresting them for disorder conduct materially interferes with their prog

ONE small Chicago fire is calculated to cover great many mistakes. We have forgotten who first invented the Chicago fire, but General Sher man is working it for all it is worth.

Your Uncle Cump says that a Chicago fire jumped up and consumed the Jeff Davis letter, but wasn't it the office cat?

THE Sporting Life, of Philadelphia, is now the est sporting newspaper in America. It is as hand ome as a picture, its columns are filled with news f every manly sport and from every section of the world. Its opinions are authority among the best classes. The increasing interest in baseball throughout the south has added very largely to the circulation of Life, and its sales throughout this section have doubled and doubled of its class. We commend it heartily to our readrs as a clean, earnest advocate of athletic spor and an indispensible companion to everybody who is interested in the Kennel, baseball, the roo and gun, the turf or athletic sports of any kind.

A DEPUTY sheriff who tried to evict the Sky crofters for non-payment of rent had a queer experience. The crofters surrounded him in perfect good humor, and forming a guard of honor, marched him out of the district. Horns were all along the route, and blown people of the various townships eir work and joined the proce sion. The officer was subjected to no ill treatment. On the contrary, he was loudly cheered along the route and at one place was tendered refreshments which e refused. The crofters, however, were deter mined that he should serve no they courteously shoved deputy out of the district. Of course such meth ods cannot long succeed in obstructing legal pro ess. In the end the poor crofters will doubtless eel the full weight of the law.

POLITICAL NOTES.

THE Rev. Dr. Burchard "prayed for Mr. Cleveland" at a prayer meeting in New York the

HENRY GEORGE has been refused the use of wild hall by the mayor of London for a lecture n the subject of trade depression

REPEESENTATIVE FORAN, of Cleveland, tells story of a fellow who wrote him that he wanted an appointment that would be a "sinecurey." "FEW states have six congressmen who have less faith in, love for, civil-service reform than the six from Maine," says the Boston Herald

THE Angle-French engineer commission h decided to give the Suez canal a breadth of 220 feet and a depth of 27 feet. The cost is estimated at

\$40,060,000. Some members of the Pennsylvania legislaure are trying to persuade Mayor A. M. Brown, of Pittsburg, to enter the field as a candidate for the

United States senate against Cameron. SINCE the civil service law went into opera on in July, 1883, there have been 214 clerks of the \$1,000 class appointed under its provisions in the nterior department. Most of these have com pleted their probationary term of six months, and

have been permanently appointed. A REPORT comes from Columbus that th democratic national committee is in debt, and that Congressman Paige is looking after the por tion which Ohio is expected to contribute. It is aid prominent Ohio democrats will give nearly \$10,000 to liquidate the debt, which must be a large one, if a single state is expected to make so large a contribution.

MR. EDWIN K. APGAR, who was a guest of the democratic state committee at the St. Jackson dinner, in Boston, is a wee bit of a man, but hi brain is large and his head level. He is one of Mr. Cleveland's most trusted advisors and was very near to Sam Tilden during his later years of political activity. Mr. Apgar is quite likely to be comptroller of the currency.

To an inverviewer who asked him if he had any idea of secepting a cabinet position under the next administration, the Hon. Daniel Doughert; said last week: "My friend, the late John Forney, used to say that it Dan Dougherty were watting at Burlington for the Philadelphia boat, and it came in sight, Dan would never halloa or wave his handkerchief; but would simply take it for granted that the boat would stop. Of course the boat doesn't."

THE huge tower of Philadelphia's new city hall is gradually settling. Granite blocks in the building have been broken and split by the weight of masohry. Workmen are busily engaged in cut-ting the joints and repairing forced-out sections. Evidences are found of hasty and improper brick-laying. The new city hall-cost many millions of dollars, much of which was doubtiess squandered by the political bosses who had charge of its con-struction.

MAYOR GRACE flourished his new broom vigrously in New York on Sunday, showing that the liouor laws needed only an earnest will behind them to make them effectpol. The saloons had to shut up their front, side said back doors, and even then were not safe if drinking was going on inside, for Captain williams, when denied ingress other-wise, troke a hole of opservation with his elbow through expert, re glass windows. The consequence was a quiet Sunday, a howl from the trade, a good many dry throats and fewer Monday head-notes than usual.

THE great biennial law-making season has come. Twenty-one state legislatures have begun business within six days, and five more start next week. The whole list includes all the northern states except New Hampshire, Vermont, Rhode Island and Iowa, and Arkansas, Missouti, Dela-ware, North Carolina, Tennessee, Texas and West Virginia in the south. The thing of most interest in them is of course the New

Virginia in the south. The thing of most interes in them is of course the New York senatorial matter, and in several states a contest for a seat in the senate makes the most important affair of the session. As to legislation, the important work of the kind needed, taking the states together, is astonishingly small, and yet the chances in some cases that even work of pressing necessity will be attended to are poor indeed.

REPORTS reach Little Rock, Ark., that the Oklahoma boomers mean to fight the United States troops sent to eject them. The boomers are encamped on Stillwater, at a point well adapted for defensive operations. They number four undred and are armed with all kinds of firearms, but have no cannon. They are well supplied with horses and wagons. General Hatch, who is in command of the United States troops, has estab-lished headquarters on the Cimmaron river, where he has eight companies and a battery of Hotchkiss guns under his command. He will move in a few days. The boomers declare that if they are driv-en from their settlement they will fire the grass, and thus burn all the ranches and destroy all the cattle ranges in the Indian territory.

PERSONAL INTELLIGENCE.

JOHN W. GARRETT's estate turns out to b worth thirty-five millions.

THE most beautiful of European royal women said to be Queen Olga, of Greece, It is reported that the coal railroad owned

Blaine, Elkins, Chaffee and Davis, in West Virnia, is seriously crippled by the low prices of coal, and is not proving a paying investment. It is said that Mrs. Langtry's bill for new dresses in Paris last month was \$3,750, of which

Worth secured the greater part. They will be first xhibited, professionally, in London, where Mrs. angtry is shortly to appear. GOVERNOR HILL, of New York, is not a society pan-in fact is said to be one of the bashfulest of

bachelors-but the executive mansion at Albany will not be closed this winter. The governor wil give a general reception or two and a number of small dinners. SARAH BERNHARDT will sell her present house and furniture at auction and will go into a smaller house. She has settled a part of her income on

house. She has settled a part of her income on her creditors. She has entered into a contract to write the Paris correspondence for several foreign newspapers. The Tribune of Rome will pay her 4,600 francs monthly. Her first article will be a criticism on M. Sardou's dramas. THE prince of Wales doesn't write books.that sone of his virtues. His boys, however, follow their grandmother's example, for here are Prince Edward and George just about to publish their rvoyage around the world in two volumes, profuse-ly illustrated. Photographs are cheap, but the writing will be cheaper—cheaper than the the book will. Edward is 21 and George 19½ years

MLLE. AIMEE was delayed on the rail at Pem broke, Ky., the other night by the burning of the bridge over the Yellow York river. The passengers had to walk through the woods to get to the ountry road. Aimee lost her slippers in the mud southly road. Almee lost her suppers in the mud-snd had to walk half a mile in blue slik stockings. After crossing the river to take the other train, they had to wait four hours in the open air. A house was built in an old corn field for Aimee with twenty-lour trunks. A fire was started in the cen-ter of the court so formed.

"THE woman in the case" was absent from the history of Ferdinand D. Ward. He was a domestic man and loved his famfly. His great rait was extravagance. When a clerk in the pro-uce exchange, at \$1,000 a year, he always spen-nore than he earned, and was in the habit of bormore than he earned, and was in the habit of cor-rowing \$10 or \$20 from time to time from his fellow clerks. When he had millions of other people's meney to spend, he carried his natural extrava-gance to excess. A gentleman who attended one of his dinners said that each guest at the table (and there were many present) was made a present of a there were many present) was made a present of a wase of flowers by his plate, each vase being worth

ALTHOUGH the duchess of Montrose, who figures on the turf under the disguise of "Mr. Manton," has probably a better stud, taken as a whole, than any one in England or the world, still, for numbers of horses, no one can compete with Miss Morgan of Killyon, in the county of Meath, Ireland, who reckons hers by the hundreds. Meath, Ireland, who reckons hers by the hundreds. Her brother, many years ago, represented Westmeath in the house of commons, and it is said that when on his first canvass he called on Father Mooney, an influential priest, and asked him for his vote, the latter replified: "Sir, I'd rather give it to the devil." "But," said the candidate, "in the event of your friend not coming forward for the county, what then?" His ready wit won him the clerical suffrage.

QUEEN VICTORIA is but sixty-five years old; she is a tolerably robust old lady, and her chance of living twenty years longer are, by all accounts oretty nearly as good as those of Albert Edward nimself. When the prince of Wales, supposing nim to survive his royal mother, becomes Edward him to survive his royal mother, becomes y11., king of Great Britain and Ireland at peror of India, he will very probably be a lather, and may even be a great-grand though that isn't likely; and before Albert has served his apprenticeship as prince of doubtless much more democratic. Perhaps there will be no throne of England for him to ascend.

IN GENERAL.

During the past year 320,800 steerage, and 59,500 cabin passengers, landed at New York

> Bridges on the island of Sicily are compelled to have their eyebrows shaved off immediately before the wedding ceremony takes place. THE besetting sin of cultivated American

> writers in the present day is, the London Academy say, "indirectness and allusiveness." WHILE boring an artesian well on the Rosecrans tract, near Los Angeles, the workmen discovered a deposit of conch shell at a depth of

> It is estimated that the cost of living in the United States is twenty per cent less than it was ast December; but the prices of luxuries have not

> gone down. DR. FLEISCHE, of Vienna, declares that victims of alcohol, morphine and similar drugs can be cured rapidly-he says within ten days-by neans of cocaine chloride.

> THE area once occupied by the centennial buildings may now be called the little Philadelphia desert. Though smaller than the great Sahars, it is quite as desolate.

> MESSES. ELIOT, Porter and McCosh, the residents of Harvard, Yale and Princeton colleges are about to air their views on the Greek question, and it is likely that a general discussion of the topic among the colleges may follow. Ex-Senator Underwood, of Kentucky, says:

Business is picking up in the south in many lines. The settling up about January 1 retarded progress a little. But there is every prospect of the return of prosperity in the south, such as it has not known since 1860,"

WHEN a "bear" yells out from the pit of a coard of trade, "I'll seli 5,000 February wheat," and a "bull" responds, "take it," that is a specie of modern comperce. When a man, neither a "bull" nor a "bear," says "I'il open that pot for \$0," that is a species of gambling, both ancient and modern. Some of the researches lately made my E

glish explorers in regard to deep-sea beds have led to the belief that there are no rough ridges, abrupt chasms, nor bare rock, and that the sea bottom at great depths is not affected by currents or streams—even by those of the manitude of the gulf stream—its general appearance rather resembles that of the American prairies, and it is everywhere covered by a kind of mud. SPEAKING of Dr. Richardson's process for the

pairless killing of animals, the Lancet says that

ence scores in it a magnificent success; it gives inferior creation a blessing it dare not give to man—painless leath. The agent, which has been used successfully with 6,000 dogs, is carbonic oxide passed at summer heat over a mixture of chloroform and bisulphide of carbon into a lethal chamber. The method has been used successfully with sheep and will be applied to larger animals.

In Mexico all-fools' day does not come on the

st of April. but on Holy Innocents' day, which always comes near Christmas. It is celebrated in the usual way, only perhaps a little more o, as Mexicans have more time for polling than Americans. Last month it was a peculiarly hilarious day in the City of Mexico. The papers had a dispatch saying that Governor Cleveland was assassinated, and one journal had a story about the building of a \$10,000, 600 hotel in the City of Mexico by Americans. The hotel was to have 7,600 rooms, to accommodate 10,400 people, and was to have a theater, a library, a concert pavillon, and two large churches, Catolic and Protestant. Of course this great scheme was simply a modern castle in Spain.

THE havoc wrought by the Malaga and Granada earthquakes must have shaken the confidence of the inhabitants of Madrid in their 'throned city," which, planted on a rocky plautau 1.500 feet above the sea, might well appear beyond the reach of any such calamity. So firm were the men of Madrid in this belief that when the rival capital, Lisbon, was laid in ruin by the fearful earthquake of November 1. 1755, a famous Madrid preacher took for his text, in allusion to the fancied security of the city: "It fell not, for it was founded upon a rock." Indeed, the very circumstances of the Lisbon catastrophe seemed to justify this confidence, for, whereas the quarter beside the Tagus was literally dashed to pieces, and the great quay swallowed up bodily with the 20,000 fugitives who had taken refuge upon it, the upper town, standing upon a range of rocky heights, escaped with comparatively slight injury. But when such firmly planted cities as Alhama and Granada are shaken to their foundations the citizens of the Spanish capital may well call to mind the ancient prophecy that "Madrid should stand till the earth itself became her enemy." .800 feet above the sea, might well appear beyond

Judge Lochrane arrived in the city yesterday on his return from closing his connection with the Pullman Palace Car company. The judge informs us that he will now remain at home; that he has severed his connection with the Pullman Palace Car company, which he did with many regrets. His connection with this company has been very pleasant, and the duties he had to discharge, we are satisfied, were faithfully carried out by him Nothing but a desire for rest made him resign his position of general counsel of the company. The judge will remain in Atlanta as his permanent esidence. He has demonstrated one fact that is always prominent about Atlanta men: they may travel all over the world, but they will drift back to Atlanta, and the more sensible the man is the coner he will get back to his old home. the judge has always been a citizen of Atlanta, for the last six years he has really been a citizen of the United States, but we claim him now and

hope he will remain with us for a long time. The owners of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad, hearing that Judge Lochrane had made up his mind to return to his home in Georgia, have retained him in the pending litiga

Mr. James Swann,

tion in this state.

Mr. James Swann, president of the Atlanta Na tional bank, is in the city on business connected with his bank. Mr. Swann, while president of this great bank, is also a member of the firm of Inman, Swann & Co., of New York, a firm that is, we are proud to say, a representative firm of south-ern business men, and one of the most successful in ern business men, and one of the most successful in New York. The men composing the firm did more to make the late advance in cotton than all other influences put together. One gentleman remarked, not long since, that this firm alone, by their individual effort, had added five millions of dollars to the wealth of the south.

Mrs. Swann, the daughter of the late Alfred Austel, is with Mr. Swann, and we hope she will induce Mr. Swann to make Atlanta his permament home.

Our Talk.

From the Cincinnati Times-Star. It has been estimated that a public speaker says n one hour, on an average, what, if printed, would occupy fifteen octavo pages. In ordinary would occupy fifteen octavo pages. In ordinary conversation words flow from the lips quite as rapidly as in public speech. Supposing, then, that all the talk of the day be estimated as equivalent to four hours' consecutive speaking, a man says in one week what, if printed, would be an octavo volume of 320 pages. In one year he speaks fifty-two such volumes; and in thirty years he would have an extensive library of 1,560 volumes.

ECHOES FROM THE PEOPLE.

Salt Springs Water. Subscriber, City.: Can arrangements be made or daily shipments of water from Salt springs to his city?

Arrangements can readily be made with the anagement of the springs, and on reasonable terms, but the trouble is getting it here by the ailroad. The distance is only eighteen miles, but by some unaccountable and exceedingly annoying elay it takes about a week to make the Several parties in town have had to cancel orders for the water on this account. By calling on the proper authorities of the East Tennessee, Virginia nd Georgia road you may be able to make the necessary arrangements to get the water here in a

St. Augustine's Celebration.

J. T. G., Oxford, Ala.: Is there to be a celebra On March 27 and 28 St. Augustine will commen orate the landing of Ponce de Leon on March 27, 512, and the founding of the city by Menendez in 1565. The celebration will include a grand land and water display, representing the landing of the Spaniards, and a body of Seminole Indians will take part. A grand military mass will be celebrated at the landing. There will be parades and peculiar ceremonies in the courtyard of Fort San Marco, regattas; a tournament, a carnival and firework

Abatable Nuisances. EDITORS CONSTITUTION: Comfort and cleanly ness are conditions that civilized mankind enjoy above the savage races, and it has been said the the degree of a nation's happiness and dignity is ommensurate with its respect for the qualit above mentioned. More than all things quiet and

above mentioned. More than all things quiet and freedom from unnecessary disturbance are elements of peace that make the social state enjoyable. How can one read or study with satisfaction when the atmosphere is loaded with infectious gasses or filled with the weltering din of bells. Now a church bell is an inexpensive luxury to good people who love to let the world know that they travel in the paths of rectitude as far as punctual attendance at church is concerned, and a chime of bells in a city belfry is very sweet and consoling music to the religiously inclined, but bells are not exempt from some objections that are quite serious when fairly considered. In a village, bells are disposed to be very familiar with one's ears and often fill the organs with a vapory cloud of sound that permeates the delicate hearing apparatus and disturbs the thought of the nervous student beyond endurance, by means of the floating vapors of sound offensive odors affect the nose at times when one wishes to be least disturbed, easily applied, is to surround the helity with a wire cauze, by which the sound

odors affect the nose at times when one wishes to be least disturbed.

The simple remedy, easily applied, is to surround the beliry with a wire gauze, by which the sound of tne bell itself is little impaired, but the devilish fumes of the thing itself are suppressed.

Another thing so long ignored as hardly to be observed by gross people, is the total indifference to cleanliness in outhouses. Nothing obnoxious to health should be allowed to rot on the surface of the soil. With the least expense and some little respect for comfort and decency of the working world, such a nuisance as an open cesspool would be impossible.

Discase is armed with her deadliest sting through the neglect of a single precaution that being once urged may need no further compulsion. "Prevention is better than cure," is an adage as specially needed and applicable to the present case as any deserving the thought of an intelligent public.

The Pistol and Cartridge Tax. Subscriber, West Point, Ga.: Will the tax of \$100 in pistols and cartridges be required of all persons tho were dealing in those articles on the first of

Yes. Some misapprehension has arisen in re gard to this matter because the old law imposing a special tax on pistols did not go into operation until the first day of April. Under the new tax act, however, the full amount of the tax must be paid for the fiscal year which began on the first day of Japuary. This will be a hardship on many lealers as the acts of the legislature were not pub lished until sometime after the date mentio ed. The officers charged with the collection of the tax have no alternative but to

earry out the letter of the law. The tax is, therefore, due now, or at anytime in future when a dealer in pistols and cartridges commence busi-

Bothered by the Big Whistle.

EDITORS CONSTITUTION: Visiting the city for a few days, I am the guest of a hotel near the railroad. Engine No. 17 of the Atlanta and West Point railroad has tyrned my anticipated comfort into toriure. The blast of this engine is peculiar, producing a rumbling jarring sound. Comfort, conversation or sleep are alike impossible when it is spear. Early this morning I was awakened by the windows of my chamber rattling. The horrid sound was kept up for perhaps half an hour. Such an engine as this is a public nuisance. It ought not be permitted to run in the city, or it at least, should have its whistle gauged. Bothered by the Big Whistle

AT DEATH'S DOOR.

MAJOR CRANE PASSING INTO THE DARK VALLEY.

Terrible Disease Lays Hold on His Frame and Suddenly Develops Into ar Irresistable agent of Death—The Physicians Give up All Hope and Death Insvitable.

As THE CONSTITUTION goes to press at five o'clock this merning, Major Ben. E. Crane lies at the point of death, and all hope of his recovery has been abandoned. Around his bedside are gathered devoted and tender friends and loving relatives waiting for what seems to be the inevitable, when the soul of the unconscious sufferer will take its flight. All night long he has been lingering between life and death and momentarily the summons has been expected, which will rob Atlanta of one of its truest, worthiest and noblest citizens, and a devoted family of a tender, generous and affectionate parent. His heart barely throbs, and ere now the spirit of this, truly one

of nature's noblemen, may be with its Maker. For nearly a year Major Crane has been suffering with a degeneracy of the spine. Pains severe and excrutiating were frequent, and when he consulted a physician as to relief he was advised to take a rest in his active business life. This the major declined to do, being as he thought strong enough to resist the growth of any disease. He was not in the habit of complaining, and few persons knew that he had any physical trouble, He continued to direct

- " HIS BUSINESS AFFAIRS and with that evenness of manner which was al ways one of his strong characteristics, mingled with his friends and acquaintances. The pleasant smile he always wore hid from view the pain he was enduring, and uuknown to his friends, and even to himself he continued to tread the pathway to death. A few months ago Major Crane began feeling an uneasiness about his head. The pain, a dull, heavy ache, was located more particularly in his jaws. Unwilling to believe that it was the advancement of the pains he had suffered in his spinal column Major Crane attributed it to his teeth. The gums receded from the teeth, and two weeks ago to-day he sought Dr.

HAD THREE TERTH EXTRACTED The teeth were almost ready to drop out, and their removal showed the presence of an abscess. From the dentist's office Major Crane went to his home and has never left it. He did not seek his bed, however. That would have been to acknowledge himself ill: but on the contrary he moved about his house carrying happiness and consolation to his wife and daughter. Early last week a swelling began to manifest itself on the side of his head. The swelling progressed and Dr. Logan was called in. The doctor soon became convinced that Major Crane was very [ill. He suspected the preser of blood poison but thought it better to watch the case than to annonce his belief. On Monday last the swelling had reached its acme, and Dr. Logan applied the lance. Several openings were made and poultices were then applied. These produced a discharge. Then Dr. Logan became convinced that Major Crane was

SUFFERING FROM BLOOD POISON. Dr. A. W. Calhoun, who had also been called in, concurred with Dr. Logan, and the family was informed of the fact. On Tuesday morning the major appeared to have undergone no change. He was up and about the house. He talked with those who came to see him, read the papers and conversed with his wife and daughter. About noon of that day, however, he grew much worse and his physicians; for the first time, evinced a doubt as to his recovery. That evening he retired to rise no more. Yesterday morning he was bright but seemed oppressed. He talked some, but gave his friends no cause to believe that he realized his critical condition. About noon he from that time up to four o'clock he opened his eyes to recognize those about him. but about six he again relapsed into insensibility His physicians were with him and gave forth the night. His family was so informed, but they re used to believe the heart-breaking statement and clung with that tenacity love alone suggests to the hope that he would live. At ten o'clock his

physicians
A BANDONED ALL HOPES and telling those present that the to do but await the coming of death, they left. Several of Major Cranes' life long friends were present. Mr. John Stevens, Mr. Potts Mr. StewartWoodson, Mr. William Clayton, Colonel Hoge and others were there. His family and his large circle of devoted

friends are wrapt in the deepest gloom over the sad event, and all Atlanta joins in heartfelt sympathy for the heart-broken family.

A Mate For Methusaleh. RAYWICK, Ky., January 14.- There is now living Shuck, who was born March 17, 1750, and is, thereore, in the 135th year of her age. There is a geneological record now in the possession of Mr. James Lamkin, of this place, who is over 70 years

old, and to whose great-grandfather, Oard, Aunt Charlotte originally belonged.

CHARLESTON, S. C., January 14.—The steamer Harbinger, with cotton, for Grimsby, while going to fsea this morning, struck on the bar. She sprang a leak and the water extinguished her fires. She was towed back to the city, where she now lies at the wharf with eleven feet of water in her hold. Her cargo will probably be discharged.

Death of the Earl of Avlesford. BIG SPRINGS, Texas, January 114.-The earl of Aylesford died at the Cosmopolitan hotel here at 9:30 last night, from inflammation of the bowels. His remains will be sent to England. He was heavily interested in cattle, and had spent much money on improvements at his ranch, where his house was burned some time ago.

Carver Still Cracking Away. New Haven, January 14.—Up to 7 o'clock this norning Dr. Carver had fired 5,925 shots, hitting 4,930 times, missing 995 times. He retired three hours and slept. His left wrist having swollen causing him considerable pain. At 10 o'clock he resumed firing, at noon the score stood 7,505 hits,

Still of the Same Mind.

From the Charleston News and Courier. It has always been the opinion of the most liberal and enlightened men in the south that the colored people can best be helped by recognizing their actual condition and their actual capacities, and that their interests, and our own, will be best promoted by abandoning the forcing process.

"Humbug." Roland Reed appeared last night at the opera-house in "Humbug." In the character of 'Jack Luster." Mr. Reed was exceedingly amusing, and all present seemed to enjoy the performance.

Coming Through the Wood. I saw her coming through the wood,
My pretty one. my dear;
I said: "An' you will marry me,
I'll wait for you a year.
And I'll give you a silken gown,
And I'll give you a ring,
An' you will only marry me
I' th' coming of spring,"

My love, she tossed her pretty head My love, she tossed her pretty nea As she went on her way, And said: "','m in a hurry, sir, For it's a market day." She had a basket on her arm, And she began to sing, As she went on into the town To do her marketing.

She strayed to rest as she came back Upon a fallen tree;
She'd bought a ribbon for her hair
And put it in for me;
And then we sat and wondered what
The coming year would bring;
And, ob! I think she'll marry me
I' th' coming of the spring.

—Rea, in Cassell's Magazine. A FAVORED SPOT.

THE ATTRACTIONS OF THE TRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Good Government at the Hands of the N ngress—The Crying Demand for the Libr Building—The Miserable Condition of the Congressional Library—Other News.

WASHINGTON, January 14.-[Spec

Washington has the largest city counc

world. It consists of 401 members. It

less a body than the senate and house

resentatives of the United States, ar president is the mayor. All laws affecti district are passed by congress; they ar ented by three commissioners, who sen terms of four years at a salary each of \$ year. One commissioner is a democra republican and one is an army officer d this duty. They are a large discretion and power for the applying of the laws a power for the applying of the laws a regulation of city affairs. The presen of government was adopted when the citions of the Shepherd regime brought a lar local government into disgrace. Occally there is a spasmodic effort at reac demand for an elective franchise, but ber sense of the community, and especithe tax payers, is firmly fixed agains return to the old form of local gover. There are sometimes complaints of the missioners, but, on the whole, they get very well. Congress sets agart appreciately well. Congress sets agart appreciately month for the consideration of Columbia business and frequent rules are suspended to consider such in The district does not get all it asks, but a full share of the attention of congress. a full share of the attention of congress, members are in constant association their petitioners and on good terms them. The present city and district gement moves along admirably. The micent public improvements of the payears, besides making a heavy on the treasury taxed property severely, The is much lighter now than it was a few ago, being about the average, I believe rate in cities of similar size. Insura cheaper here than in any other city in ion, owing to the space between the the water facilities, the excellent fire of ment, and the smooth streets over speedy access is gained to the fires dwellers in this little ten miles square much to be thankful for, besides the of possessing the capital of the country. enjoy material benefits of various kind the least of which is the climate. It markably like the climate of Atlanta. a little warmer in mid-summer and colder in mid-winter, but generally above. a full share of the attention of congr

a little warmer in mid-summer and colder in mid-winter, but generally absame. The death rate is low. The macqual to that of Baltimore, which boast the best in the country. Congress is in a good part of every year. These another considerations make the Dist Columbia most desirable as a place

A DAMAGING DELAY. It begins to appear that another sess allowed to pass without making a ion for the safe and proper care that library of congress. It is im for for the safe and proper care at library of congress. It is im to go into the present painfully crampe ters of the library and realize that chas been dilly dallying with this questen years without yet making the start the erection of a building that must several years more for its completion. packed to the ceiling, and scattered to out the capitol into every nook and that can be utilized to relieve the over that can be utilized to relieve the over apartments, assigned for the library. of the books and manuscripts have a been seriously damaged becaus the inadequate accommodations for the keeping. They all stand in more danger fire than they would in a properly construibrary building; in more danger than congevershould have allowed them to be. Many idents of Washington and members of conidents of Washington and members of cwho show visitors through the splendid buildings, and through the vast capita artfully guide them around the libracause they consider its present conditions a great government whose tures in other directions a lavish. It is not an spectacle that one beholds when he ilbrary, but quite the reverse. He is voked to the admiration which one greatest collections of the recorded when he had the collections of the recorded when should elicit, but to feelings of reshame that the United States is taken the treasury, the war, state and resident the control of the recorded when the collections of the collect dents of Washington and members of co the treasury, the war, state and repostoffice, the patent office, the pens—all the departments get whatever in the way of accommodations. Al spacious buildings with comforts and to make the routine of business agreeable. The library business agreeable are for its plea has neglected for years after its plea has sented for breathing room. It is the pleasing place to be found in Washi day. It ought to be the most invi ost comfortable and the most. most comfortable and the most a There are barrels of money mouldin treasury, and the library cannot get decently house and protect itself, not of its rightful demand for those architecture and art which should a temples and the thrones of the thought. Every session the thought. Every session promise of a beginning of library building ample in size and elegance for its high purposes, but the and the years pass and the intelligen grows more and more ashamed as the great, crowded, squeezed, defort dwarfed library. How long will the of congress exhibit this dusty mon itself to the afflicted gaze of the coun.

A COSTLY LUXURY.

The Swaim court martial has alree

The Swaim court martial has alre tinued "ad nauseam." The daily related to the parties directly and those who are afflict superabundant leisure. The trial drevery day in the parlors of the Ebb with now and then an angry wrangle sel and a quick relapse into its no pidity. The government is paying dull sport, and a pretty bill is run Where are the compensating benefit Where are the compensating benefin? General Swaim had not be edor before his complications with man. Some of the evidence adduce loose state of morals among arm and points to the conclus many of them are habitually Their poker games and debts of been aired before the public and man's various business enterprises pretty fully discussed. There has received and the groups to have nough and talk enough to have is yet in awful suspense over ch must settle the official fate Swaim and fix the exact condition count with Bateman & Co. Swain our most expensive luxuries. It will to part with him after spending all to find out all his nice points.

AN ELECTRICAL STO A Ship Wrapped Up in a Sheet of -- A Narrow Escape.

PHILADELPHIA, January 14.—I passage of the American line British King, which arrived here to Swansea, she encountered a blin trical storm, such, perhaps, as has no been experienced by a trans-Atia. The ship was off St. Georg on Monday last, during rain and thunder storm electricity in the atmosphere be rain and thunder storic cleatricity in the atmosphere better the set that it blinded the men on as a preventive against accident were stopped. The horizon, as far tould reach, was flashing with vivo a sheets of lightning. At the sa Elmo's fire appeared on the yar mastheads in the shape of luming

The Artesian Well. At midnight the artesian well sep. The drill was in hornblende.

EATH'S DOOR.

ANE PASSING INTO THE ARK VALLEY

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and Death Insvitable.

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or the heart-broken family. Mate For Methusaleh.

Ky., January 14.-There is now living on) county Charlotte Oard-Lamkin-was born March 17, 1750, and is, there-135th year of her age. There is a in, of this place, who is over 70 years

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—Rea, in Cassell's Magazine.

A FAVORED SPOT.

THE ATTRACTIONS OF THE DIS-TRICT OF COLUMBIA

A Good Covernment at the Hands of the National Congress-The Crying Demand for the Library
Building-The Miserable Condition of the
Congressional Library-Other News.

WASHINGTON, January 14 .- [Special.]-Washington has the largest city council in the world. It consists of 401 members. It is no less a body than the senate and house of representatives of the United States, and the president is the mayor. All laws affecting the district are passed by congress; they are executed by three commissioners, who serve for terms of four years at a salary each of \$5,000 a year. One commissioner is a democrat, one a republican and one is an army officer detailed this duty. They are vested a large discretion and great power for the applying of the laws and the regulation of city affairs. The present form of government was adopted when the corruptions of the \$8\$ hepherd regime brought a popular local government into disgrace. Occasionally there is a spasmodic effort at reaction, a demand for an elective franchise, but the sothe tax payers, is firmly fixed against any return to the old form of local government. There are sometimes complaining. Also commissioners, but, on the whole, they get along very well. Congress sets apart one day in every month for the consideration of District of Columbia business and, frequently the

of Columbia business and frequently the rules are suspended to consider such matters. The district does not get all it asks, but it has a full share of the attention of congress. The a full share of the attention of congress. The members are in constant association with their petitioners and on good terms with them. The present city and district government moves along admirably. The magnificent public improvements of the past ten years, besides making a heavy drain on the treasury taxed district property severely, The burden is much lighter now than it was a few years ago, being about the average, I believe of the rate in cities of similar size. Insurance is cheaper here than in any other city in the union, owing to the space between the blocks, the water facilities, the excellent fire department, and the smooth streets over which speedy access is gained to the fires. The dwellers in this little ten miles square have much to be thankful for, besides the glory of possessing the capital of the country. They enjoy material benefits of various kinds, not the least of which is the climate. It is re-

the least of which is the climate. It is remarkably like the climate of Atlanta. It is a little warmer in mid-summer and a little older in mid-winter, but generally about the same. The death rate is low. The market is equal to that of Baltimore, which boasts itself the best in the country. Congress is in session a good part of every year. These and many other considerations make the District of Columbia most desirable as a place of residence.

A DANAGING DELAY. It begins to appear that another session will be sllowed to pass without making any pro-vision for the safe and proper care of the great library of congress. It is impossible great library of congress. It is impossible to go into the present painfully cramped quarters of the library and realize that congress has been dilly dallying with this question for ten years without yet making the start toward the erection of a building that must require several years more for its completion. Thou-sands of the books are inaccessible. They are packed to the ceiling, and scattered through-out the capitol into every nook and cranny that can be utilized to relieve the overflowing apartments, assigned for the library. Many of the books and manuscripts have already been seriously damaged because of the inadequate accommodations for their safe keeping. They all stand in more danger from keeping. They all stand in more danger from fire than they would in a properly constructed library building; in more danger than congress ever should have allowed them to be. Many resdents of Washington and members of congress who show visitors through the splendid public buildings, and through the vast capitol itself, artfully guide them around the library, beartfully guide them around the library, ocgrace to a great government whose expendi-tures in other directions are so lavish. It is not an edifying spectacle that one beholds when he visits the

library, but quite the reverse. He is not provoked to the admiration which one of the greatest collections of the recorded wisdom of men should elicit, but to feelings of regret and shame that the United States is taking no more care of this priceless treasure: congress, the treasury, the war, state and navy, the stoffice, the patent office, the pension office all the departments get whatever they ask in the way of accommodations. All are in spacious buildings with comforts and luxuries to make the routine of their business agreeable. The library has been neglected for years after its plea has been presented for breathing room. It is the most unpleasing place to be found in Washington today. It ought to be the most inviting, the nost comfortable and the most attractive. There are barrels of money moulding in the treasury, and the library cannot get enough to decently house and protect itself, not to speak decently house and protect itself, not to speak
of its rightful demand for those graces of
architecture and art which should adorn the
temples and the thrones of the kings of
thought. Every session there is
promise of a beginning of a new
library building ample in size and fitting in
elegance for its high purposes, but the sessions
and the years pass and the intelligent citizen

and the years pass and the intelligent citizen grows more and more ashamed as he visits the great, crowded, squeezed, deformed and dwarfed library. How long will the wisdom of congress exhibit this dusty monument of itself to the afflicted gaze of the country?

A COSTLY LUXURY.

The Swaim court martial has already continued "ad nauseam." The daily reports of its proceedings are certainly read only by the parties directly interested and those who are afflicted with superabundant leisure. The trial drags along every day in the parlors of the Ebbit house, superabundant leisure. The trial drags along every day in the parlors of the Ebbit house, with now and then an angry wrangle of counsel and a quick relapse into its normal stupidity. The government is paying for this dull sport, and a pretty bill is running up. Where are the compensating benefits to come in? General Swaim had not been in good day between his complications with Mr. Bate. cdor before his complications with Mr. Bate-man. Some of the evidence adduced shows a loose state of morals among army officers, and points to the conclusion that and points to the conclusion that many of them are habitually in debt. Their poker games and debts of honor have been aired before the public and Mr. Bateman's various business enterprises have been pretty fully discussed. There has been time though and talk enough to have exhausted slimest any conceivable subject and the counalmost any conceivable subject and the country is yet in awful suspense over the trial which must settle the official fate of General Swaim and fix the exact condition of his account with Bateman & Co. Swaim is one of our most expensive luxuries. It will be a pity to part with him after spending all this money to find out all his nice points.

F. H. R.

AN ELECTRICAL STORM.

A Ship Wrapped Up in a Sheet of Lightning PHILADELPHIA, January 14.—During the passage of the American line steamship, British King, which arrived here to-day from Swansea, she encountered a blinding electrical storm, such, perhaps, as has never before been experienced by a trans-Atlantic vessel. The ship was off St. George's banks on Monday last, during a heavy rain and thunder storm. The electricity in the atmosphere became so in tase that it blinded the men on lookout, and as a preventive against accident the engines were stopped. The horizon, as far as the eye could reach, was flashing with vivid, continu--- A Narrow Escape. were stopped. The horizon, as far as the eye could reach, was flashing with vivid, continue a sheets of lightning. At the same time St. Elmo's fire appeared on the yardarms and mastheads in the shape of luminous meteors.

The Artesian Well. At midnight the artesian well was 1,102 feet seep. The drill was in hornblende, and the drill-

A DASTARDLY DEED FRUSTRATED. Iwo Desperate Negroes whose Fiendish

Plot for Murder is Exposed. HARRISBURG, Pa., January 14.—The detective force of the Pennsylvania railroad company, aided by the police of this city, made two important arrests at a late hour at night, and prevented thereby the commission of an atrocious crime. Two negroes, Bob Kelley, known popularly as "Jesse James," and a companion named Miller, had planned the robbery of the store of J. Steiner, a wealthy goocer, and the murder of his family. Information of the scheme reached Detective Abe Rost, of the Pennsylvanis railroad, and the men were shadowed for several days. After 11 o'clock several detectives concessed themselves in Steiner's store. While Mr. Steiner was usefuls and his con-Mr. Steiner wes upstairs Kelley and his com-

papion entered and began a conversation, which was overheard by the detectives: "What will we do with the woman?" asked "We'll cut her throat," hissed Kelley from

"We'll cut her shroat, hissed retrieved his teeth.

"And Steiner?"

"We'll cut his throat too," replied Kelley, a fiendish grin overspreading his brutal countenance.
"What will we do with them afterwards?"

asked Miller.

"We'll pour coal oil over the floors and set her on fire after we get the money." The men then looked cautiously around them and prepared to go up stairs, evidently with the intention of committing the crime. Detective Roat here stepped out from under a stairway Roat here stepped out from under a stairway into the middle of the floor and covering Kelinto the middle of the floor and covering Kel-ley with a double-barrelled gun, called to the surprised villain to "throw up his arms." The order was promptly obeyed, while the other officers with cocked revolvers came upon the scene and secured and handcuffed both their prisoners without trouble. Kelley wilted com-pletely and shock from head to foot with fear. On Kelley was founded the principle with the principle with the state of the principle with the state of the On Kelley was found a strong case knife with about one-third of the blade broken off, the end ground down to a point and the edge ren-With this formidable dered keen as a razor. weapon no doubt he intended to attack Steiner and his wife. Kelley was asked by Detective

doat:
"Did you really intend to cut that poor wo-

man's throat?"

After hesitating for some time he sa id:
"No. I intended togo up stairs and overcome
them in some way, tie them and then rob the
house," a flat contradiction of his intentions
in the conversation overheard only a few mo-The men were removed to the city prisen to

ALABAMA NOTES Matters of Personal, Railroad and Criminal

Note. MONTGOMERY, Ala., January 14.—[Special.]—
Judge Bruce is detained from holding the
Mobile federal court, being down with erysip-

General Freight Agent Wyly, of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia system, was served with a bill in equity, filed in the federal court by the Central Trust company, of New York; against his company.

J. W. Gullahorr & Bro., storekeepers and extensive saw mill owners, Clanton, Ala., are reported closed up, having transferred their property. Mr. John S. Marks, a prominent merchant,

Mr. John S. Marks, a prominent merchant, was married to-night to Miss Bettie Lee.

MR. M'CLURE IN MONTOOMERY.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., January 14.—[Special.]

The annual supper of the Veteran Montgomery Grays to-night was attended by many distinguished persons, including the governor and staff, McClure of the Philadelphia Times, and others.

imes, and others, McClure and party were called on at the Exchange hotel to-day by many citizens, and also by Mrs. Captain Hoxie, known as the celebrated sculptress, Miss Vinie Ream.

Superintendet Belkap, of the Mobile and Montgomery division, has tendered his resignation.

It is stated that B. C. Epperson, present rain master of the Louisville and Nashville, t Nashville, will be Belknap's successor. The farmers historic "crazy quilt," won by Joe H. Frances, New York, goes to the New Orleans exposition with the following card: "Quilt made by Montgomery ladies to the Montgomery Blues." The Blue square therein, upon which a confederate flag is worked, is a piece of the original confederate flag first made and hoisted on the confederate capital at Mont-

gomery
The milk-white trained mare Gipsy, used and left here by Miss Zoe Gayton, of the Mazeppa company, was railled off to night, and won by R. T. Armstong, of Notasulga, and H. A. Jones, of Montgomery.
Mr. Haney's store and safe, at Auburn, Ala., was forcibly opened by experts last night and the contents all taken.

TURNING TO TOBACCO.

The Cotton Planters of South Carolina Seek-ing a New Industry. COLUMBIA, S. C., January 14.—[Special.]—It having been proved that cotton raising is not profitable in some parts of South Carolina, the profitable in some parts of South Carolina, the planters are turning their attention to something else that promises to pay better, vizitobacco culture. "It is not generally known," says the Evening Yeoman of this city, "that there is a belt in South Carolina which is specially adapted to the growing of the finest quality of leaf tobacco—equal to that raised in Mecklenburg county, N. C., and which is said to be the finest in the world. The soil is of a particular color, and is known as the Laurentian' formation. This particular kind of soil is found in upper Edgefield, Newtian' formation. This particular kind of soil is found in upper Edgefield, Newberry, Fairfield and Chester counties, and runs through all the counties between there and the North Carolina line. Tobacco clubs are now being formed in some of these counties, and ex-Senator Moore, of Spartanburg, expects to put fifty acres in tobacco this year, Colonel A. P. Butler, commissioner of agriculture, will furnish all information desired on the subject, and also seed to parties who may want them. A progressive farmer who lives a few miles above Columbia has wholly abandoned cotton culture and will give tobacco raising a thorough, practical test this year. Another planter in Fairfield county is going into the business on a large scale. These experiments will be watched with much interest. watched with much interest.

CAROLINA FISH EXHIBITED.

A Superb Collection on Show in the New Orleans Exposition. COLUMBIA, S. C., January 14.—[Special.]—Mr. C. J. Huske, South Carolina fish commissoner, has returned from New Orleans, where he placed on exhibition a superb collection of fishes. He is justly proud of the display in this department made by South Carolina. Many visitors regard it as second to none. He thinks the exposition is a big thing. His stay in the crossenteit was year enjoyable.

in the crescent city was very enjoyable.

Major Luther M. Ransom, the accomplished and courteous chief clerk of the agricultural department of this state, has gone to look after our exhibit in the world's fair. Colonel Butler, the commissioner, having come home, Major Ransom has gone to take his place. Colonel Butler speaks in enthusiastic terms with regard to the exposition. He will "do it" again before it closes. Thus far it has not enticed many Columbians.

Going to the Inauguration

Columbia, S. C., January 14.—[Special.]—
It has been definitely decided that the Governor's Guards, one of the crack military companies of Columbia, will go to Washington and participate in the ceremonies connected with the inauguration of President Cleveland. A considerable crowd of Columbians will accompany them. pany them.

Death of Professor Silliman New Haven, Conn., January 14.—Professor Enjamin Silliman, of Yale college, died at 10 to-night. During the day he had been gradually sinking, but retained consciousness almost to the last. His death was caused by heart disease, which induced dropsy and uraemic poisoning. He has been ill since the 6th of last October.

Captured Canned Goods. Captain Crim captured a lot of canned goods yesterday. The goods are at the stationhouse awaiting a claimant. INTENSELY ROMANTIC.

THE MARRIAGE OF MR. B. WILLING-HAM TOMISS ANNIE RUSHIN. The Couple Start for Alabama and Are Married at the Young Lady's Home-Off for New Orleans

-A Story of Leve and Determination—

What Energy Will Do-Other News.

MACON, January 14 .- [Special.] - One bright Sunday about a year ago, Mr. B. L. Willingham, with his son, Mr. Broadus E. Willingham, were seated in Christ's church in this city. Across the church were seated nearly one hundred young ladies, pupils of the Wesleyan Female

"Do you see that young lady in the center of the crowd? Well, I want her for my wife, and am go-The young lady was Miss Annie Lou Rushin, of Tallassee, Ala., a member of the senior class, and

The young man turned to his father and said:

he had never met her. One afternoon about a month later a small boy appeared at the front door of the college and asked for Dr. Bass. He carried a large basket of flowers with instructions to deliver it, and say nothing and leave. When the venerable doctor took it he spied a dainty little card, half hidden in the flowers, and inscribed on it the words "For Miss Rushin." He gave the boy a peculiar look and, in a voice that meant "Tell me, sir," asked him who sent it. The answer was "Mr. Broadus

said not to tell." During the commencement week in June the young couple couple met. It was a case of love at After commencement she left for her home. No

one knew of the attachment of the young man except his father. A correspondence followed as time rolled on.

They did not see each other until about three weeks ago, when she visited Macon as the guest of Colonel T. J. Hunt. There the young man renewed his attentions, and pleasant engagements, buggy rides, parties, etc., followed. The young couple became engaged, and were to

marry in March. The young man grew impatient. She was invited to receive NewjYear's with Mrs. E. J. Willingham, and afterwards she became her

Last Sunday he said to her that he could not wait until March. "I want to visit the New Orleans exposition, and want you to go with me. Won't you marry me and let us go together?" "No," she replied, " I cannot without the con-

sent of my parents, but if you will go home with me Tuesday morning and get their consent I will marry you at my home." Yesterday morning the young couple left on the Columbus train for her home in Alabama.

- AN AFFECTING SCENE.

The scene between mother and son at the parting was most affecting. He was the apple of her eye, she bestowed that blessing on him which only a mother could, and bade him God speed. The young couple reached Tallassee last night and found that the young lady's parent's had no objection. To-day the young man telegraphed

"All O. K. We will be married at one o'clock to-His father immediately wired him his congrat nlations and blessings. At the time announced they married and went to New Orleans. The groom is the sixth son of Mr. B. L. Willing

ham, who is the father of a most remarkable fam ever tasted tobacco or intoxicating beverages. He is a member of the cotton firm of C. B. & B. C. Willingham, and is a young man worthy any

The bride is a daughter of Dr. James K. Rushin of Tallassee, Alabama. She is a graduate of Wes-leyan Female college and is a young lady of varied accomplishments and a great favorite in Macon.

The Return of Dr. W. C. Bass HE RETURNS FROM FLORIDA, WHERE HE ATTENDED

THE FLORIDA CONFERENCE. Macon, January 14.—[Special.]—Dr. W. C. Bass, president of Wesleyan Female college, returned ast night from Gainesville, Florida, where he went to represent the college in the Florida conference

to represent the college in the Florida conference of the M. E. church south. This conference has a joint interest in Wesleyan and Emory with the Georgia conferences, and is represented in the board of trustees.

The conference was presided over by Bisbop Parker, of New Orleans. He delivered a sermon sunday in the Grand opera house to a congregation of over one thousand people.

Among the notables present at the conference were Dr. J. B. McFerrin, of Nashville, of the Southern Methodist Publishing house; Dr. J. W. Hinton, of Macon, of the Methodist Quarterly Review; Rev. Jno. W. Burke, of Macon, of the Wesleyan Christian Advocate; Rev. Mr. Dunlap, of the North Georgia conference, and of Paine institute. Augusta. Dr. Bass submitted a report of the condition of the college. Re

ted a report of the condition of the college. Resolutions of support and patronage were passed. A beard of visitors was appointed to attend next commencement. The services we e very interesting. The body is improving yearly.

Dr. Bass said, in a conversation: "We have one hundred and thirty-five regular boarders in the house and a daily atsendance of two hundred and fifty-three. Applications are daily-coming for new scholars. The health of the college is excellent, and we are on a big boom."

Successful Farming. AN INTERESTING TALK WITH MR. L. H. HIX-FARM.

MACON; January 14 .- [Special.]-"Whoa! Come, ump in and ride with me," said Mr. L. H. Hix, of Taylor county, to-day as he pulled the reins taunt over a pair of fine mules. "G'lang, Charley! Hup, Dick! and away the

heavy wagon went. He was on his way home,

"G'lang, Charley! Hup, Dick! and away the heavy wagon went. He was on his way home, about five miles from Reynolds and thirty-three miles from Macon. He had been to the city to do some shopping for the family. The conversation turnen to farming, and what can be done by energy and perseverence. He was a good talker, and what he said was particularly interesting.

He began by saying, "I live at home and board at the same place, I make my meat meal, corn, onts, potatoes, melons, fruit, vegetables, syrup and everything else that a person needs to live on at home, and don't have to buy a thing but little tricks that we can't make at home. I am going to plant twenty-five acres to the mule this year and am going to make it pay me. There is one thing that we Georgia farmers need and that is to raise our own meat and break up this everlasting buying western meat at such exhorbitant prices. I hear men say we can't raise it at the price we pay for it. Last year I killed eleven hogs and secured twenty-two hundred pounds of meat. Besides this I saved enough lard and other parts to last a long time and divide with my neighbors. I am going to do better than that this year and raise it for seven cents. A great mistake the farmer makes is not knowing how to do a thing right, and not trying to improve himself. I am going to plant for my hogs plate of one acre each in chulas, potatoes, melons, turnips and other things to latten them on. Why, take the old goober! It is the best hog fattener that can be raised, and they can be raised at scarcely nothing. I sm going to put an acre in cane this year. Last year I used red cane and placed seven to eight hundred stalks on an acre five feet apart. I found my neighbors were beating me, so I have decided to take a half acre and place the stalks at three and a half feet apart. I am a believer in cane, and expect to plant a half acre in yellow amber, for I think it the best variety I know of. I received a package containing a quart of seed from the agricultural department and planted it in r

points. My neighbors have been clamoring for the beed.

"I have been farming thirteen years, and I have never seen prospects more bright for a man to live as he ought to. Our people are ruining themselves making cotton and paying time prices for supplies and fertilizers. I do not plant much cotton, I generally make provision for six or eight bates to secure ready cash for farm use. I am going to plant corn largely this year and place some on the market. I made one or two experiments last year. The result of one was raising fourteen hundred pounds of cotton on an acre, with the hardest kind of weather against me. I planted it three and a half feet wide in rows, with the cash of the control of the contro

in that way. The average weight of the heads was three to five pounds, which were worth, at the lowest calculation, ten cents a head. About three years ago I raised some weighing thirteen pounds. The variety was the marble head and mammoth head. I believe in goobers, and am going to put in two acres this year, which will pay me; besides, I am going to grow a patch of melons that will startle the natives. Besides my farm products, my wife devotes herself to chickens, ducks, cows and bees. Out of this alone the saving is great. My farm last year paid file twenty-five hundred dollars. It consists of sixty acres, and is to me the garden spot of the earth."

The conversation was a refreshing one as he orifted from one product to another. Visions of the happy life presented themselves. The impression was a delightful one, and the picture one that can be made the more perfect by determination, energy, preserverence and economy.

Macon, January 14.-[Special.]-The Floyd Rifles will have their annual inspection and drill Friday next. Miss Annie Persons will leave to-morrow for

Hamilton, where she will resume her duties as instructress of art at the Hamilton academy. The action of the council last night in regard to mounting the two lieutenants of police m approbation of the people. The officers are Messrs. W. A. Wylie and C. M. Wood, two as good officers as can be found. Both will ride like Centaurs. A new sidewalk is being placed in front of the store of Mr. W. R. Cox, on Third street.

There is not a vacant business house in the business thoroughfare of Macon. A gentleman to-day wanted to open a new enterprise, but could to day wanted to open a new enterprise, but could not find a storeroom.

A negro man chased the wife of Policeman Summerfield Martin, near St. Faul's Episoopal church, about dark yesterday. She ran home and told her husband, but he could not be found.

The street hands are doing some fine work oppo-ite the Blind academy on High street.

Miss George E. Mitchell, of Thomasvilla, is city the guest of the city treasurer, O. F. Adams. The tramp, Beveil, who claims to be a descendant of George III, was released by order of council. He proved to be a satior who wandered away from port. He was headed for Savennsh and given six hours in which to leave the city. To-day a negronamed Andy Doty trying to ride a mule at Stewart's livery stable, was thrown off and dragged some distance. He escaped unburt. Miss Annie Stanford, a popular young lady o Sparta, is in Macon, the guest of Mrs. Williams Poplar street.



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DILLON-GRAHAM-Marriedt Sunday, January 1th, by Rev. G. B. Strickler. at parsonage of Central Presbyterian church, Mr. John R. Dillon, of Brunswick, Ga., to Miss Robbie Graham, of Rock dale county. Brunswick and Conyers papers please

Will You Read?

Since the unprecedented rush on our stock during the holidays, we have been daily in receipt of fresh invoices of new goods, and are now as well stocked as any taste could demake our establishment une-qualed in the south, and visitors will find it a Perennial Fair containing, as it does, a rare collection of the latest novel-ties in Art Goods, Diamonds and all the fresh conceits in Jewelry. Not a day passes that we do not receive something new. Our Diamond stock thing new. Our Discounts and is now an elaborate one, and contains many thousand dollars' worth of the rarest gems. You are cordially invited to come in at any hour, with the promise on our part of polite attention and fair dealing un-der all circumstances.

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ing specialty. 31 WHITEHALL ST.

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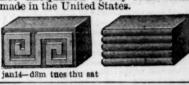
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The treatment is so simple, so easy, so painless that all who come accept it gladly so as to be relieved from suffering.

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Rey The names of ladies will not be made ite:
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Jos. M. Wilcon, Atlanta, Ga.
John Crawford, Atlanta, Ga.
John Crawford, Atlanta, Ga.
John R. Miller, Dalton, Ga.
John R. Miller, Dalton, Ga.
J. M. Manard, Dalton, Ga.
Col. S. B. Henderson, Kingston, E. Tern.
Dr. J. N. Willis, Kingston, E. Tern.
Dr. J. N. Willis, Kingston, E. Tern.
Dr. G. F. Frazier, Glen Alice, Tenn.
Dr. G. F. Frazier, Glen Alice, Tenn.
Cowan, McClung & Co., Knoxville, Tenn.
McTeer Bros., Knoxville, Tenn.
L. C. McNabb, Glen Mary, Tenn.
E. C. Edwards, Coal Creek, Tenn.
Geo. W. Sbort, Robtsville, Tenn.
Thos. Kertlep, Greenville, Texas.
Hon. R. E. Cowan, St. Louis, Mo.
Judge G. & Lee, Danville, Ky.
Rev J. A. Bogle, Houstonville, Ky.
Rev J. A. Bogle, Houstonville, Ky.

W. H. BETTS, M. D.,

fectly cured without using KNIFE, LIGATURE OR CAUSTIC

in the world.

We are pleased to add to our Surgical Staff the name of Dr. E. J. Nickerson.

Dr. Nickerson is a regular graduate, and eminert surgeon of twenty years practice in Missouri and Kentucky, and has performed more operations upon diseases of the Rectum than any physician in the world, and has never caused a death, nor lest a patient by his scientific method of treatment. Nor has he ever failed to cure a case of Piles.

Reader, to satisfy you and all doubtful doctors of Dr. Nickerson's ability to cure every case—as piles, he respectfully refer you by permission to the following gentlemen with postoffice address, named as follows:

Rev J. A. Bogle, Houstonville, Ky.
W. A. Caldwell, Perryville, Ky.
A. J. Bosley, Stanford, Ky.
Thomas B. Walker, Kirksvill'e, Ky.
H. O. Sutton, Lancaster, Ky.
George Bohon, Harrodsburg, Ky.
Rev. W. H. Rowland, Harrodsburg, Ky.
J. C. England, Burgin, Ky.
Asa M. Fayne, Jr., Burgin, Ky.
S. P. DeBaum. Cornishville, Ky.
John A. Hanley, Paris, Ky.
G. W. Lewis. Campbellsville, Ky.
G. S. Bosley, Lebanon, Ky.
A. A. Mccinnis, Bowlinb Green, Ky.
G. S. Bosley, Lebanon, Ky.
C. C. Shuemaker, Mcafee, Ky.
Thomas Brown, Antioch, Ky.
J. S. Johnson. Bryantsville, Ky.
Eld, L. B. Wilks, Columbia, Mo.
J. T. Singleton, Columbia, Mo.
J. T. Singleton, Columbia, Mo.
A. Victor, Columbia, Mo.
A. Victor, Columbia, Mo.
Charles Canoll, New Franklin, Mo.
William Webb, New Franklin, Mo.
William Webb, New Franklin, Mo.
William Harel, Liberty, Mo.
J. L. Stephenson, Liberty, Mo.
J. L. Stephenson, Liberty, Mo.
J. L. Staphenson, Liberty, Mo.
Jesse Sharp, Liberty, Mo.
Jesse Sharp, Liberty, Mo.
Jesse Sharp, Liberty, Mo.
Jesse Sharp, Liberty, Mo.
Joseph Hamton, Dover, Mo.
George Moor, Independence, Mo.
Benjamin Morrow, Independence, Mo.
Jonna Hanton, Dover, Mo.
George Moor, Independence, Mo.
Benjamin Morrow, Independence, Mo.
Benjamin Morrow, Independence, Mo.
Benjamin Morrow, Independence, Mo.
A. M. Rogers, Independence, Mo.
Stewart Summers, Lexington, Mo.
A. M. Rogers, Independence, Mo.
Stewart Summers, Lexington, Mo.
A. M. Rogers, Independence, Mo.
Francis McVeigh, Independence, Mo.
Captain Henry Rhodewalde, Independence, Mo.
Francis McVeigh, Independence, Mo.
John Hedges, Independence, Mo.
John Hedges, Independence, Mo.
John Hedges, Independence, Mo.
John Hedges, Independence, Mo.
Captain Henry Rhodewalde, Independence, Mo.
Captain Henry Rhodewa

A. Chen anit, College Hill, Ky.
Sam M. Spoonsmoore, Stanford, Ky.
J. F. Lankford, Penick, Ky.
W. P. Richardson, Stanford, Ky.
Jen. Spalding, Danville, Ky.
Juo, M. Spoonsmore, Danville, Ky.
S. L. Cook, Basville, Ky.
W. P. Temple, Danville, Ky.
R. W. Caldwell, Danville, Ky.
H. M. Spoonsmore, Danville, Ky.
W. B. Moore, Danville, Ky.
G. W. Linney, Danville, Ky.
Georgege Bohn, Danville, Ky.
C. C. Shoemaker, and thousands of of

M. COLE & CO., Atlanta, Ga. 331/2 Whitehall Street, ATLANTA, GA

W. H. PATTERSON, BOND AND STOCK BROKER

NTED.—Georgia R. R. Stocks and Bonds,
Central R. R. Debentures.
A. & W. Pt. R. E. Stock and Debentures.
State of Georgia Bonds.
Atlanta City Bonds.
Atlanta City Bonds.
Augusta City Bonds.
Conduction of Control of Control
C

JAMES' BANK,

OPEN 8 to 4—EXCHANGE AND BANKING uniness; deals in stocks and bonds on comnission; Accounts of merchants and indivduals solicited. Savings Department—Allows inerest on deposits at the rate of 4 per cent per unum; collections in the city made free of change,
have turned my attention to lending money inedilections in the lending in the turned my attention to lending in stocks.

JOHN H. JAMES.

AVINGS DEPARTMENT With Interest on Deposits.

TO ENCOURAGE AND STIMULATE THE DIS-

The Gate City National Bank Has instituted a SAVINGS DEPARTMENT, and on and after the first day of January, 1885, it will issue TIME CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT, bearing FOUR PER CENT INTEREST for any amout not less than 55 President Gaia City National Bank.

F. S. McCANDLESS, Cashier.

Central Bank Block Stock. WE WILL PAY CASH FOR THE ABOVE

HENDRIX & OSBORN. & OSBOL. 31 S. Broad St. 2wk

FINANCE AND COMMERCE Bonds, Stocks and Money.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, ATLANTA, January 14, 1885. Money is plentiful at 8 per cent.

New York exchange buying at par to 1/8 pre mium; selling at ¼ premium. 43

ATLANTA BANK STOCKS. S. Carolina... 5 Atl'ta Nat'l...206 — Central... 73 M'ch'ts B'k ...18 110 Gate City Nat.100 156 Gate City Nat.100 105 BALLBOAD BONDS. Ga. R. 68,1897.101 104 C. C. & A. ... 15

NEW YORK STOCKS. Stocks as Reported in the New York Stock

Exchange. NEW YORK, January 14.—Business at the stock exchange this morning was quiet, but generally 11/4; Western Union was also weak selling down 1/4 per cent. Before the second call a firmer tone pre vailed and under leadership of Grangers prices oved up % to 1% per cent, Northwest leading. Lackawanna rallied to 893/g. In the afternoon unfavorable rumors were circulated, none of which could be traced to any reliable source. The market, however, was weaker on these reports and fell off % to % per cent, Northwest again_leading. At the close there was a rally of 1/2 to 1/2 per cent, and the market left off firm. Michigan Central which sold at 55 sometime ago brought 61 to-day. Compared with last night's closing prices 1/2 to 1 Transcontinental Lackawanna and Western

Exchange 481%. Money 1@2. Sub-treasury balnees: Coin \$126,278,000: currency \$17,281,000. Governments strong; 4s 122; 8s 101. State bonds quiet.

Union, which were 1 to 1/2 per cent lower. Sales

| 188 | 187 | 1860. & Allegheny, | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 1 Tenn. R. R.

THE COTTON MARKETS.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE. ATLANTA, January 14, 1885.

New York—The condition of the cotton market

shows no particular change. The tone continues dull for futures. Spots, middling 11 1-16c. Net receipts for four days 96,249 bales, against 68,685 bales last year; exports 106,981 bales; last year 111,908 bales; stock 967,442 bales; last year 1,165,014

Closed quiet and steady; sales 61,900 bales Liverpool - Futures closed quiet and steady. Spots- Uplands 576d; Orleans6d; sales 8,000 bales, of which 5,500 bales were American; receipts 8,090;

Local-Cotton nominal and dull; Strict good middling 10 7-16c; good middling 10%c; middling 10 5-16c; strict low middling 10%c; low middling 10%e; tinges 10 1-16c; stains 9%@9%e.

The following is our statement of receipts an shipments for t-oday:

24.977

The following is our comparative statemecelpts to day.....

NEW YORK, January 14-The Post's cotton market report says: Future deliveries are quiet but are kept up in price. At the third call only 100 bales April were sold at 11.19 and 190 bales Au-quart at 11.68, showing a decline of 129-100. Janu-ary and February are held at 11.06 and 11.06—actu-

ually higher than vesterday at the closing. Futures closed quiet and steady, January and February 2-100 higher and July and August 1-100 lower than

By Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, January 14—Noon — Cotton dull and in buyers' favor; middling uplands 5 15-16; middling Orleans 6 1-16; sales 0,000 bales; speculation and export 500; receipts 8,000; American 7,800; uplands low middling clause January and February delivery 5 86-64, 5 57-64; February and March delivery 5 60-64, 5 59-64; March and April delivery 6 5 63-64; April and May delivery 6 4-64; 58-64; May and June delivery 6 8-64; July and August delivery 6 15-64; futures opened quiet and steady.

LIVERPOOL. January 14-2:00 p. m.—Cotton, By Telegraph.

Intures opened quiet and steady.

LIVERPOOL, January 14-2:00 p. m.—Cotton, middling uplands 6%; middling Orleans 6; sales of American 5,500 bales; uplands low middling clause January delivery 5 57-64, sellers; January and February delivery 5 57-64, sellers; Haruary and March delivery 5 59-64, buyers; March and April delivery 5,83-64, sellers; April and May delivery 6 3-64, value; May and June delivery 6 7-64, sellers; June and July delivery 6 16-64, buyers; July and August delivery 6 18-64, value; August and September delivery 6 18-64, value; futures dull.

IIVERPOOL, January 14-5:00 p.m.—Uplands low middling clause January delivery 5:56-64, sellers; January and February delivery 5:56-64, sellers: February and March delivery 5:56-64, buyers; March and April delivery 5:62-64, buyers; April and May delivery 6:2-64, buyers; April and May delivery 6:2-64, buyers; May and June delivery 6:6-64, buyers; June and July delivery 6:9-64, buyers; July and August delivery 6:13-64, sellers; August and September 6:17-64, sellers; futures closed quiet and steady.

NEW YORK, January 14—Cotton dull; sales 213 bales; middling uplands 11 1.16; middling Orleans 11 6-16; net receipts 659; groses 11,869; consolidated net receipts 25,778; exports to Great Britain 7,866;

GALVESTON, January 14—Cotton steady; mid-dling 109-16; net receipts 973 bales; gross 973; sales 700; stock 40.725; exports coastwise 3,576. NORFOLK, Januray 14—Cotton steady; middling 10%; net receipts 2.158 bales; gross 2,158; stock 45,986; sales 585; exports coastwise 1,134. WILMINGTON, January 14—Cotton quiet; mid-dling 10 9-16; net receiepts 227 bales; gross 327; sales none; stock 12,129.

SAVANNAH, January 14—Cotton quiet and easy; m14dling 10%; net receipte 1,545 bales; gross 1,545; tales 1,400; stock 76,017. sales 1,400; stock 76,017.

NEW ORLEANS, January 14—Ootton quiet; middling 16%; net receipts 46,903 bales; gross 17,252; sales 5,600; stock 892,615; exports to Great Britain 8,6%; to France 3,972; coastwise 3,778.

MOBILE, January 14—Cotton dull; middling 10%; net receipts 641 bales; gross 791; sales 500; stock 55,477; exports coastwise 667.

MEMPHEM, January, 14—Cotton guiet; middling

MEMPHIS, January 14—Cotton quiet; middling 10%; net receipts 1,298 bales; shipments 2,435; sales 1,600; stock 119,153; sales to spinners—. AUGUSTA, January 14—Cotton dull; middling 10%; net receipts 312 bales; shipments—; sales 267. OHARLESTON, January 14—Cotton quiet; mid-iling 104; net receipts 1,322 bales; gross 1,322; sales 500; stock 38,012; exports coastwise 1,467.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Features of the Speculative Movemen a to Grain and Produce.

By telegraph to The Constitution CHICAGO, January 14-The wheat market reversed its bent to-day and took on exactly the op-posite course from the last three days. February opened %c off and May %c, sold down a notch o two and then went straight up 13/01/2c with but little difficulty. Liverpool was dull and 2d per cental lower for California club and 1d lower for red winter and American spring. Mark Lane was easier and cheaper, but the strength here was due mainly to reports of damage to winter wheat by cold weather, which frightened shorts and turued them into bulls. Imports into the United King dom the past week were 270,000 to 275,000 quarter of wheat. 95,000 to 110,000 quarters of corn and 195,000 to 200,000 barrels of flour. No cargoes off coast offering, but a large number due. Receipts to-day were 192 cars, against 396 yesterday. The wheat here is influenced somewhat by the pros-

pects of the next crop. Corn was strong and active to-day, influenced primarily by the quality of receipts. Out of 297 cars received only 13 graded No. 2, and at this rate the stock of contract corn will never grow large. Liverpool was easier on corn, but no lower. Feb. ruary and May both opened 1/2 lower, but soon advanced under good buying 1@1%c. The corn crop of 1884 is coming forward very slowly. Many think there is a large amount of it lying back and hence are afraid to buy much; while others believe the crop will never show up according to the

Oats were 1/4@3/c higher with wheat and corn. This market, as a rule, follows the course of the other cereals, although oats may soon have an independent strength, owing to the small amount

May pork opened 15c lower at \$12.20, sold down to 12.15 and up to \$12.40. March lard opened 5c lower at \$6.90 and sold up

PROVISIONS, GRAIN, ETC.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE. ATLANTA, January 14, 1885. The following quotations indicate the fluctus

Mons on the Chicago board of trade to-day: Opening. Highest, Lowest. Closing

ATLANTA, January 14—The market for grain, especially corn and oats, is decidedly active and firm with upward tendency and meager stocks. Corn has been bought to satisfy all present demands, but the blockade prevents its prompt delivery. As soon as transportation can be made, things will work more satisfactory. Flour—Patent process 20.65 g6.00; extra fancy \$5.00; fancy \$4.75; extra family \$4.50; amily \$4.25; superflue \$3.25; \$3.75. Wheat—Mills about supplied. The unsettled state of the market is such that no satisfactory and reliable prices can be given. Corn—The following prices ruled to-day; white, car lots, bulk, 58c; 40. sacked 50c, mixed, car lots bulk \$6c; 40. sacked 57c. Corn Mesl—65c. Oats—No. 2 western bulk \$9c; 40, sacked 57c. Corn Mesl—65c. Oats—No. 2 western bulk \$9c; 40, sacked 57c. Corn Mesl—65c. Oats—No. 2 western bulk \$9c; 40, sacked 57c. Corn Mesl—65c. Oats—No. 2 western bulk \$9c; 40, sacked 57c. Corn Mesl—65c. Corr, small bales, \$15.00; large bales \$15.00; clover, small bales, \$15.00; large bales \$15.00; clover, small bales, \$15.00; large bales \$15.00; clover, small bales, \$15.00; large bales Flour, Grain and Meal.

bales \$15.00; clover, small bales, \$16.00. Wheat Bran-Car lots, small sacks, \$20; large \$50. Grits—\$4.65 \(\text{P}\) bbl.

BALTIMORE, January 14—Flour steady and fairly active; Howard street and western superfine \$2.60 \(\text{G}\) \$2.85; extra \$3.00 \(\text{G}\) \$3.50 \(\text{G}\) \$2.85; extra \$3.00 \(\text{G}\) \$3.00 \(\tex

HOUSVILLE, January 14—Wheatstronger; long-berry 50; No. 2 red 78. Corn. No. 2 mixed 41/2; do. white 44. Octs. No. 2 mixed 82.

ATLANTA, January 14 - Coffee —Rio 10@13%c; old government Java 25c. Sugars—Biandard A 6%c; ranniated 6%c; white extra Coc; New Orleans sugars, white best 5%c; yellow Carified 5%c%c 7ccs—Black strap in bbls 20c. Syrup—New Orleans sugars, white best 5%c; yellow Carified 5%c%c 7ccs—Black strap in bbls 20c. Syrup—New Orleans choice 50c; prime 48c; fair 55@40r: common 25c. Scot. Cloves 25c. Alaptoe 12c. Clunamon 25c. Cloves 25c. Alaptoe 12c. Clunamon 25c. Alaptoe 12c. Clunamon 25c. Sago 50c. African ginger 16c. Mace 30c. Pepper 20c. Crackers—Milt 7%c; Boston butter 8c; pearl 27ster 6%c; X sods 5%c; XXX do, 6c. Clandy—Assorted stick 9c. Mackers—No. 3 kits, L.W., 25@50; do. % bbls, 30 Bs, \$2.75g38.00; do. % bbls, 100 Bs, \$2.50, \$300 Bs, \$2.50, \$300 Bs, \$2.50, \$400 Ms, \$3.50, \$40c. \$100 Bs, \$2.50, \$300 Ms, \$3.50, \$30c. \$100 Bs, \$30c. \$30c. \$100 Bs, \$30c Groceries,

New Orleans 40,652. Bloe steady: domestic 5/4 5/4; Patns 47/405/4; rangoon 47/405/4.

NEW ORLEANS, January 14—Coffee quiet and strady: Rio cargoes, ordinary to prime, 7/4011. Sugar in active demand and strong; common to good common 27/405/8/5/4; fair to fully fair 3/404; yellow clarified 5/605/4. Molames in good demand; prime to choice 3/6044. Rice in good demand; Louisians ordinary to prime 4/405/6.

OHICA GO, January 14—Sugar firmer; standard A \$; cut loai 7@7%; granulated 6%66% OINCINNATI, January 11—Sugar steady; flards zeined 5%67; New Orleans 4%66.

LOUISVILLE, January 14—Provisions active and firm. mess pork \$12.50. Bulk mests, shoulders \$5; clear sides \$6\%; clear sides \$6\%; clear sides \$7\%; hams, sugar-cured 10\%. Lard, prime leaf \$8\%. OFIICAGO, January 14—Pork closed steady and fe higher; cash \$11.80@512.00. Lard steady: cash 6.774@6.82%. Boxed meats in fair;request; dry salted shoulders 4.90@4.95; short ribs 6.95@6.00; short clear 6.46@6.45.

ST. LOUIS, January 14—Provisions firm and fairly active. Pork § 225. Bulk meats, long clear 6.06 short rib 6.15; short clear 6.40 Bacon, long clear 6.95@7.00; short rib 7.10@7.12½; short clear 7½. Lard 6½@6½. NEW YORK, January 14—Pork very steady and quiet; new mess spot \$13.25. Middles dull: long clear 6%. Lard opened a shade lower and closed firm: western steam spot 7.15@7.20; January 7.13

CINGINNATI Uanuary 14—Fork slow; meas \$12.25 @\$12.50. Lard firm; prime steam 6.30@6.35. Bulk meats quiet; shoulders 4%; short rib 6%. Bason steady; shoulders 5%; short ribs 7%; short clear 7%. ATLANTA, January 14—Clear rib sides 634@7c. Bacon—Sugar-cured hams 13½c. Lard—Tierces. re-fined 8½c; tuba 8½c.

Wines, Liquers, Site.

ATLANTA. January 14—Market steady. Corn whisky, rectified \$1.00@\$1.40: nye, rectified, \$1.10@\$1.40: nye, rectified, \$1.10@\$1.60: nye and Bourbon medium \$1.50@\$2.00; rum, rectified, \$1.25@\$1.57: New England \$1.75@\$2.50: St. Croix \$4.00: Jamaica \$3.50@\$4.50: gin, domestic, \$1.50@\$2.50; imported \$5.00@\$4.50: Cognao brandy, domestic, \$1.50@\$2.50: Imported \$5.00@\$0.00; copper distilled corn whisky, Georgia made, \$1.75; apple and peach brandy \$2.00@\$3.00; cherry and gluger brandy \$1.00@\$1.50; port wine \$1.50@\$6.00, owing to quality: Sherry \$1.50@\$6.00; catawba \$1.25@\$6.01; for the sherry \$1.50@\$6.00; catawba \$1.25@\$6.00; for the sherry \$1.50@\$6.00; Wines, Liquors, Ste.

ST. LOUIS, January 14.—Whisky steady at \$1.12, CHICAGO, January 14.—Whisky steady at \$1.13.

ATLANTA, January 14—There is some demand for dried fruit. Apples—\$3.00@\$3.50. Lemons—Messina \$4.00@\$4.50 box; Palezmo \$3.70@\$4.00. Oranges — \$1.55@\$2.00 box for choice selected. Large stock on the market. Occoanuts—4@4½0. Pineapples—None. Bananas—\$1.25 9.25% bunch. Figs—16@180. Raisins—*8 box \$2.75; new London \$3.75; % box \$1.75; % box 900. Curauts—73@8c. Oranberries—600 \$ gai; \$14.00 bbl. California Pears—\$5.00 \$ box. Oltron—25@40c. Almonds—20. Pecans—12. Brasils—10. Filberts—15@46c. Walnuts—16c. Apples and rough dried peaches \$6; North Carolina \$4/2; Virginia 7%@8; roasted 1½0 \$ b extra. Cider—Apple barrels \$7.50; % barrels \$4.00; crab. barrels \$8.50; % barrels \$4.50. Navai Stores. Fruits and Confectioneries.

WILMINGTON, January 14—Turpentine firm at 27½; rosin firm; strained \$1.05; good strained \$1.10; tar firm at \$1.10; crude turpentine firm; hards \$1.15; yellow dip and virgin \$1.76. 8; sales 200 barrels; rosin firm at \$1.05@\$1,25; CHARLESTON, January 14—Turpentine quiet at 28: rosin steady; strained \$1.00; good strained \$1.05. NEW YORK, January 14—Rosin firm at \$1.95@ \$1.30; turpentine firm at \$1½.

Hardware. Hardware,
ATLANTA, January 1:—Market active. Horse shoes \$4.00; mule shoes \$0.00 horse-shoe nails 12½ (200. Iron-bound hames \$4.00. Trace-chains 319 70. Ames' shovels \$9.50. Spades \$0.59813.00. Area \$7.00@10.00 \$400s. Cotton cards \$4.00@35.00. Wollbuckets \$4.00. Cotton rope 16. Swede fron 5c; rolled (or merchant bar) 2½ rate. Cast-steel 15c. Nails \$2.50. Glidden barbed wire, galvanized, \$1.70, Bar-lead 7c; shot \$1.85.

Country Produce: Ountry Produce:

ATLANTA, January 14—Eggs—23@25c. Butter

—Strictly choice Jersey 30c; strictly choice Tennessee 20c; other grades 12%@18c. Poultry—Young
chickens 15@18c; small 16@12%c; heus 25er ooks
26; ducks 20@22c; live turkeys 10@11c \$\pi\$ h. Bressed
Foultry—Chickens 11@2%; turkeys 18@15. Irish
Fotatoes—Choice eastern and western\$2.5@37.75.
bbl. Sweet Potatoes—Choice white 30@30c. Honey
—Strained 9@12%c; in the comb 18@15c. Onions
— Choice eastern \$2.50@\$2.75, Cabbage—2%g3c.

Cheese—Skims 11.

Miscellaneous. ATLANTA, January 14— Leather — Jobbers report a very satisfactory trade: 6, L. 2423; P. D. 11624c; best 25625c; whiteoak sole 40c; harness leather 30623c; black upper 35640c. ATLANTA, January 14— Bagging—1½ he 100 10%; 134 hs 10%@10%c. Iron ties—Arrow \$1.400 \$1.45 \$ bundle

Live Stock. ATLANTA, January 14—Mules strong and firm with demandactive. Plug horses in good request; harness horses dull with no demand and few offering. We quote: Horses, plug, round lots, \$90@\$125. Mules, car lots, \$120@\$159, owing to grade. CINCINNATI, January 14—Hogs weak; common and light \$3.50@\$4.40; packing and butchers \$4.50@\$4.70.

AMUSEMENTS.

OPERA HOUSE

Thursday and Friday, Special Friday January 15 and 16. Matinee at 2. FUNNIEST PLAY ON EARTH!

The New Musical Version of PECK'S BAD BOY

AND HIS PA.

Played Only bg ATRINSON'S COMEDY COMPANY!

The Well Known Grocery!

New and Sparkling Music!

The Great Goat Scene!

COMEDIANS WHO ACT AND SING!

You will Smile, Titter, Laugh, Scream, Yell.

Usual prices. Reserved seats at Phillips & Crew's

SATURDAY NIGHT, SATURDAY JANUARY 17. MATINEE AT 2.
The Representative American Comedian,

MR. JOHN T. RAYMOND Saturday night in his celebrated and timely satire, by Mr. D. D. Lloyd, entitled

FOR CONGRESS, A Campaign Joke in four parts, illustrating the iumorous Aspects of Political Methods. At Saturday Matinee, in his Celebrated success, IN PARADISE, Aided and Abetted in fun by his own Model Comedy Company. Usual prices, Reserved seats at Phillips & Crew.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION. ATLANTA, GA., January IS, 1884.

THE FIRM OF SANDERS & SHOMO IS THIS
day dissolved by mutual consent, Mr. At M.
Shomo retiring. Mr. W. P. Sanders will constnue
the business and collect all bills due said firm and
will settle any indebtness of said firm now outstanding, Mr. A. M. Shomo, by contract of the firm
being relieved from all liability for same.

W. P. SANDERS,
A. M. SHOMO.



WAUKESHA GLENN MINERAL WATER. DURE DRINKING WATER from the Waukesha Gleun Spring, Waukesha, delivered in any
part of the world. The demand for the celebrated
water by our leading families as a regular drighting water is daily increasing. Invaluable in all
kidnep and liver difficulties. For sale by leading
Druggists, Sample Rooms, Grocers, or direct from
Spring in Barrels, Half's and Glass Bottles. Althese these ways was a first of the control of

What to Plant

IN JANUARY.

ARTICHOKES, BEETS, CABBAGE, KALE onion sets, extre early peas, potato, raddish pinach, turnip, oat grass; wholesale and retail MARK W. JOHNSON & CO'S, 1 week 27 Marletta Street.

RESEARCH. EXPERIMENT STUDY

practitioner, especially in Female Troubles, was at omni is a preparation that daily grows in popular favor. Testimonials from responsible persons all over the country furnish ample evidence of the wonderful power of Luxomui as a remedial agent for the relief and permanent cure of all those dis tressing conditions incident to females. Luxomni is specially adapted to troubles of pregnancy. It greatly amileorates the pangs of child birth, shorens labor, prevents after pains, and facilitates recovery. Owing to the strengthening and toning influence Luxomni relieves all MENSTRUAL IR-REGULARITIES, and is a superior uterine sedative and tonic.

Price \$1. If your druggist has not the prepar THE BARRY MF'G CO., Drawer 28, Atlanta, Ga.

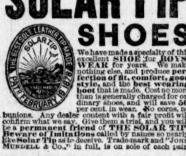
combination of herbs and plants in package form

Write for Interesting Book. Malled Free.



STATE OF GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—THE Detition of John A. Colvin, James F. Dyar, James W. English, R. H. Kuapp, Jacob Haas, Jack W. Johnson, W. H. Clayton, Frank T. Ryan, Jacob Elsas, James Ormond and William A. Hemphill, of said county, respectfully shows that they have associated themselves together for the purpose of engaging in the manufacture and sale of the Dyer Double Acting Tresdle and other machinery under the name of "The Atlanta Machine and Iron Company." The principal office of said company and the place of doing business to be insaid county. They propose to employ a capital stock of twenty-five thousand dollars to be divided into shares of fifty dollars each, twenty-five per cent of which has been paid in; the capital stock to be increased to one huadred thousand dollars should it be deemed advisable by said company. They desire corporate authority under said name to purchase, hold and enjoy all property both personal and real, and to make all contracts necessary to carry out the objects of raid company, and that authority may be conferred on them to make such by-laws for the government of said company as they may see proper. proper.
Wherefore they pray that they, their associates and successors may be incorporated under the

SHOES



THOS. L. JOHNSON VS. A. J. HAILE—FULTON
Superior Court, fail term 1881. It appearing
to the court, by the petition of Thomas L. Johnson, that A. J. Haile on the 12th day of May, 1884
executed and delivered to the said Thomas L.
Johnson a mortgage on a tract or parcel of land
lying in said county, and known as all that certain tract of land lying, being and situate in the
city of Atlanta, third ward, in land lot 54 and
more particularly described, as follows: Commencing at the intersection of Love and Hill
street, and running thence south along the west
side of Hill street one hundred feet; thence west
on a line parallel with Love street one hundred
feet; thence north parallel with Hill street one
hundred feet; thence east along the south side of
Love street one hundred feet, to starting point,
being lots one (1) and two (2) of tract of land sold
by Goode, Fontsine & Elmore, auctioneers, on
May 3d, 1883, according to plat exhibited by them
at said, sale, and said plat on file in office of city
chegineer of the city of Atlanta, for the purpose of
securing the payment of a certain promissory note
for the sum of two hundred dollars, made by the
said A. J. Haile on the 12th May, 1884, and payable to the said Thomas L. Johnson, due ist November, 1884, with legal interest from maturity
till paid and sill costs of collection, including ten
(10) per centum as attorney's fees, which the said
A. J. Haile refuses to pay.

It is therefore ordered that the said A. J. Haile
pay into this court, on or before the next term
thereof the principal, interest and attorney's
fees due on said notes, and the costs of this suit,
or in default thereof the court will proceed as to
justice shall appertain, and it is further ordered,
that this rule be published in the Atlanta Daily
Constitution, a newspaper published in Fulton
county, once a month for four months, or served
on the said A. J. Haile, or his special agent or attorney, three months previous to the next term
of this court. In open court, this 6th December,
1884.

Jack THOS. L. JOHNSON VS. A. J. HAILE-FULTON



PETER LYNCH, AT HIS OLD STAND

95 Whitehall Street,

WINES AND LIQUORS

-JUST RECEIVED FOR HOT PUNCHES-

Embossie Metal.

EXTRA FACILITIES

-FOR-

PASSENGERS

To & from Columbus, Ga.

The Western Railway of Alabama, and the

Atlanta and West Point Railroad Company,

ON AND AFTERDANUARY 11th, THROUGH

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE

THE LIMITED EXPRESS TRAIN

NEW ORLEANS

Now Leaves the Union Depot at

1.27 P.M.

Accurate in Its News, Steadfast

for the Right, Unsparing in

the Exposure of Wrong.

To Mail Subscribers, Postpaid.

DAILY, exclusive of Sunday, per year...........\$6 00

 DAILY, including Sunday, per year
 7 50

 SUNDAY ONLY, per year
 1 50

 DAILY, 1 month, with or without Sunday
 75

The Semi-Weekly Times.

The Weekly Times.

TERMS CASH IN ADVANCE. Remit in Postal

Notes, or Postoffice Money Orders. We have no traveling agents. Sample copies sent free. Address

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

NEW-YORK CITY.

AUCTION.

WILL BE FOLD AT THE STATIONHOUSE at 12 o'clock m. on Friday, January 16th, 1885, ten pigs and one cow, unless sooner claimed by he owners.

A. B. CONNOLLY, St. Chief of Police.

322 Market Street, 1011V119, Ky Bet. Third and Fourth, 1011V119, Ky A regularly educated and legally qualified physician and the most successful, as his preside will prove.

Cures all forms of PRIVATE, CHRONIC and SEXUAL DIS-

marriage improper or unhappy, are thoroughly and perma-nently cared. SYPHIL IS positively curved and en-tirely cradicated from the system; Genorythea, GLEET, Sertcure, Orchitis, Reruia, (or Rupture). Piles and other private diseases quickly sured.

nd askip by mail or express naywhere.

Cures Guistranteed in all Cases
undertaken.

Commissions personally or by letter free and invited
harges reasonable and correspondence at first condenses.

PRIVATE COUNSELOR of 500 pages, sent to hay address, accurely scaled, for three on cants. Should be send by all, Address as above the bours from to a. al. 20. P. M.

Spermatorrhea and Impotency,

Single Copics, one year

Single Copies, one year......

thu sat mon

MONTGOMERY, Ala., January 8th, 1885.

1 Cask Ramsey's Scotch Whisky

1 Cask Wise's Irish Whisky,

Is just receiving and has on hand in addition to his large and varied stock the following goods for the CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS

Toask Kamsey's Scotch Whisky. For Cullinary and Table Purposes— Cask Very Fine Port Wine, Cask Very Fine Sherry Wine, Cask Very Fine Madeira Wine. Also all kinds of Wines for Cooking Purposes. A few more bushels Rye and Barley Seed just received. Will have his stock seed Irish Potatoes and fresh Garden Seeds by the 1st January, 1885. PETER LYNOH, 95 Whiteball and 7 Mitchell Sts., Atlanta, Georgia December 19, 1884. REPOUSSE WORK!

FOR FIFTY YEARS, by Dr. A. L. Barry, an old last rewarded in the discovery of that certain and safe specific for woman troubles, Luxonni. Lux-ON AND APTERGJANUARY 11th, THROUGH
Sleeping Cars will run between Atlanta and
Columbus, Georgia, on Atlanta and Wost Point
Railroad train No. 52. leaving latlanta at 11.40 p.
m. daily, arriving at Columbus 5.46 next morning.
Passengers can take this car any time afters p.
m. and remain in it after arrival at Columbus
until 8 a. m. if desired.
CECIL GABBETT, CHAS, H. CROMWELL,
General Manager.

Note.-Luxomni is no alcoholic mixture, but

from which a simple tea'is made



No Change of Cars of any class Mann's Boudeir Dining and Sleeping Cars ON THIS TRAIN ONLY Berths and State-rooms secured a month THE LOWEST FARE OF ALL LINE ASK FOR TICKETS VIA THE Georgia Pacific Railway SAM, B. WEBB, Pass. Agent. ALEX. S. THWEATT, Trav. Pass. Agen G. C. JENNER,
Gen'l Agent,
tf Atlanta.

L. S. BROWN,
G. P. and T. A'
Birmingham

name aforesaid for the full term of twenty years with the privilege of renewal with all the powers herein before named and such other powers as are incident to corporations under the laws of said state. are incide

aid state

WALTER R. BROWN,
Petitioners' Attorney.
Filed in office December 31, 1884.
C. H. STRONG,
C. S. C.

A true extract from the minutes of Fulton superior court, of Fulton county. C. H. STRONG, C. S. C. FOR 1885 AN HONEST AND FEARLESS NEWSPAPER THE ABLEST, THE CHEAPEST, THE BEST!



Jack J. Spalding, plaintiff's attorney.
W. R. HAMMOND, J. S. C. A. C.
A true extract from the minutes of Fulton Superior Court, December 9th, 1884.
lamam thur, C. H. STRONG, C. S. C.



An Open Letter

-IN WHICH-

ALL LADIES

DEEPLY INTERESTED.

READ IT!

Bradfield's Female Regulator," in my family for a long time, and I want to say to the suffering one of my sex that there never was anything to equal it. Would to God that every afflicted woman in our land knew of its wonderful virtues and curtive powers as I do. I have used a great deal of it since the birth of my last child, about a year and a half sgo, and I do think had it not been for this valuable medicine, I would have been

BED-RIDDEN FOR LIFE! But thanks to a kind Providence, I was directed to its use, and my life and health have been spared me. If my means would admit of it, I would nev er be without it in my house.

I have recommended it to a number of my friends, and without exception they have all been wonderfully relieved and cured. I give this indorsement without solicitation and freely, for the benefit of the suffering ones of my sex.

Very respectfully, MRS. ANNA RAMP. Send for our Treastise on Female Diseases, mailed ree. Address.

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR Co., Box 28, Atlanta, Ga.

PIEDMONT AIR-LINE Richmond and Danville

RAILWAY SYSTEM. The Great Through Car Route

DOUBLE DAILY TRAINS

AND THROUGH SLEEPING CAR SERVICE COMPLETE

SOUTH AND NORTH 72 MILES SHORTER -AND-

8 HOURS QUICKER Than any other route To Washington and the East.

Richmes and Danville Railroad Time One Hour Faster Than At-

Schedule in effect, Oct. 12th, 1884.	Mail and Express No. 53.	Expi
Leave Atlanta (City Time) Leave Atlanta (R. & D. Time) Luls Greenville Charlotte Salisbury Greensboro	8 40 a m 11 04 a m 2 50 p m 6 30 p m 7 53 p m 9 28 p m	6 00 8 41 12 85 5 30 7 17 9 20
Arrive Danville. Leave Danville. " Ly.ichburg	11 30 p m 1 55 a m 8 60 a m 8 00 a m 9 20 a m 12 45 p m 3 40 p m	11 45 1 8 00 1 5 25 1 10 25 1 11 15 1 12 30 8 8 40 8 6 40 8
Leave Danville	12 40 a m 5 20 a m	11 25 8

Leave Gainesville city time..... ONLY 31 HOURS TRANSIT

ATLANTA TO NEW YORK. The Only Line Running Pullman Buffet and Sleep ing Cars, without change, Atlanta to New York via Washington Washington.
Births secured and numbers given ten days in advance in these cars. Train number 58 has Pullman Palace cas New Orleans to Washington.
Train number 51 has Pullman Buffet and Sleep ing Car Atlanta to New York.

Two daily trains for Athens, Ga. EXCEPT SUNDAY.

E. BEEKELY,
Superintendent,
Atlanta, Ga.
C. W. CHEARS,
Ass. Gen. Pass. Agt.
Alanta, Ga.

M. SLAUGHTER,
Gen. Pass. Agent,
Richmond, Va.
C. E. SEEGEANT.
City Pass. Agent,
Atlanta, Ga. THE GEORGIA RAILROAD GEORGIA RAILROAD COMPANY,

AUGUSTA, Ga., January 3d, 1885.
Commencing Sunday, 4th inst., the following Passenger Schedule will be operated:
Trains run by 90th meridian time, 22 minutes slower than Atlanta time:
RO. 27 WEST-DAILY.
L'VE AUGUSTS.

OFFICE GENERAL MANAGER.

. 4 10 pm ...8 15 pm Arrive Augusta.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Train No. 28 will stop at and receive passengers to and from the following stations only: Grove town, Bersella Harlem, Dearing Thompson, Camak Barnett, Crawfordville, Union Foint, Greensboro, Madison Rutledge, Social Circle, Covington, Congers, Stops Mountain and Becatut.

No. 28 stops at Harlem for suppor.
Connects at Angusta for all points East and

THROUGH THE CITY

VENTS OF INTEREST GATHE UP ABOUT TOWN

Rappenings Here and There—In the Courts,
Capitol, Around the Station House and on t
Birects—Minor News Notes Caught up on
the Sidewalk—Gossip in the Gutters.

The sanitary inspectors now assert that

The rain last night about dark was Coal hods, fire sets, shovel and tongs, low at King's, 49 Peachtree.

The street commissioners have under sideration a petition to give Hunter rubble stone from Butler street to the Marietta street residents want some

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Mr. Joseph Ormond was quite weal pight late, but his friends feel certain th ill soon be up. Mr. Ormond has been r only a week or ten days. Pure Jersey milk and butter. Mil nts per gallon; butter, 40 cents per pend your orders to "Hilldale farm." hone No. 22. Five calls.

The governor has been notified of an on to contest the sheriff 's election in ounty. A contest is reported in Rabus over the tax receivership.

The Palace barber shop just opened Peachtree is a gem. It will pay you and see how handsome a barbershop comade. The shop is run by A. Nash. barbers are the pick of Atlanta. "We emphatically announce that D Malt Whisky contains no adulteration glycerine, syrups or coloring. Its meri lased alone upon its positive purity."

H. D. D. Twiggs has filed a "petition charge trustee" against Mrs. Mary B. P. Charles C. Poe. The matter is set for a ing before Judge Stewart on the 17th. lar session yesterday in the committe at the city hall. The appropriation for the department for the coming ye discussed. The board of firemasters convened

D. C. Bacon & Co. offer a large lot of ber at greatly reduced rates. The is reasoned and is first-class in every lect and should be seen by all who was thing in that line. See the card. A few druggists and liquor dealers haved to register with the ordinary. A heavy penalty is provided for all particular with the ordinary but won selling intoxicating liquors or bitters.

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CUTTING DOWN WAGES The Central Railroad Preparing for

Ten Per Cent in Wages. It is stated on good authority that ral railroad company has ordered a cu er cent in the wages of its employes fect on the first of February. The e have not yet heard of the proposed were not able to give THE CONSTITUT idea of what would be done in case comes. One man to whom the m

mentioned, said:

"For God's sake, don't tell me that is to be cut! I'm down at bed ro Surely you must mean they're goir wages ten per cent!"

Another man said:

"I don't see how it can be true. doing a good business. We sent out doing a good business. We sent our nine cars of local freight alone to-day. the report is not true."

A prominent railroad man not we

Central said:
"The Central'is doing a good busi
so is the East Tennessee. I see no rea
the Central should reduce the pay of In spite of all these things, however be announced as a fact that the order hissued for a general reduction of ten after February 1st.

RURNED TO DEATH.

Miss Lizzie W. Thomas of Atlanta te Death at Orange Courthouse, Miss Lizzie Thomas, of this city, d terday afternoon at Orange Courtho from the effects of a burn received lat before last.

She was a daughter of Colonel J. Thomas and a grand-daughter of Mr Ormond. Last September she left h to attend school at Orange house, Virginia. She was panied by her sister, Miss Montaine and together the two young ladies panied by her sister, Miss Montaine and together the two young ladies themselves to their studies. Night by while preparing to retire, Miss clothing caught fire by coming in conthe grate. In an instant she was entable properties of the grate. The flames quickly contact with her skin, and before the be extinguished she was horribly but

a bright blaze. The flames quickly contact with her skin, and before the be extinguished she was horribly but hands, arms and body were awfully and the young lady's suffering was tense. Physicians who were to her bedside were quiperceive that the young lady could cover. They began doing all they relieve her sufferings and informed and friends that death was inevitelegram containing the sad intelligent to the young lady's mother. I ceived early yesterday morning and few hours after its receipt Mrs. Those defor her suffering daughter's bedsithe will arrive this morning. Soon yesterday a second telegram was rethe city stating that the young lady Miss Thomas was a you of bright, sunny disposition many friends in Atlanta, who will beyond expression to hear of her hountimely death. Her father, who it are southern agent for the Coates ton company, is in New York, and hight telegraphed the sad news. Ill be brough home for interment when it will reach Atlanta is not yet

Open Letter

LL LADIES

EPLY INTERESTED.

READ IT!

BELAIR, Ga., Nov. 6, 1884.

been using your wonderful remedy, "Dr. birth of my last child, about a year and o, and I do think had it not been for this

-RIDDEN FOR LIFE! iks to a kind Providence, I was directed

, and my life and health have been spared out it in my house.

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ur Treastise on Female Diseases, mailed THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Box 28, Atlanta, Ga.

EDMONT AIR-LINE. nmond and Danville RAILWAY SYSTEM.

Great Through Car Route

OUBLE DAILY TRAINS AND THROUGH

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HOURS QUICKER Than any other rout

Washington and the East. on Hour Faster Than At-lanta City Time.

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City Pass. Agent,
Atlanta. Get RKELY, aperintendent, Atlanta, Ga. CHEARS, Sen. Pass. Agt. Atlanta, Ga. E GEORGIA RAILROAD

GEORGIA RAILROAD COMPANY.

NO. 28 EAST-DAILY.

OFFICE GENERAL MANAGER.

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ADGUSTA, Ga., January 3d., 1885, mencing Susday, 4th inst., the following ger Schedule will be operated: as run by 30th meridian time, 22 minutes than Atlanta time:
FAST LINE.
NO. 27 WEST-DAILY. be announced as a fact that the order has been issued for a general reduction of ten per cent after February 1st.

... 2 45 pm ... 5 55 am ... 7 85 pm ... 7 20 pm ... 4 10 pm ... 8 15 pm

BURNED TO DEATH.

Miss Lizzie W. Thomas of Atlanta Barned te Death at Orange Courthouse, Va. Miss Lizzie Thomas, of this city, died yes terday afternoon at Orange Courthouse, Va.,

from the effects of a burn received late night Miss Thomas was just fourteen years of age. She was a daughter of Colonel James W. Thomas and a grand-daughter of Mr. James Thomas and a grand-daughter of Mr. James Ormond. Last September she left her home to attend school at Orange Courthouse, Virginia. She was accompanied by her sister, Miss Montaine Thomas, and together the two young ladies applied themselves to their studies. Night before last, while preparing to retire, Miss Thomas's clothing caught fire by coming in contact with the grate. In an instant she was enveloped in a bright blaze. The flames quickly came in contact with her skin, and before the fire could be extinguished she was horribly burned. Her hands, arms and body were awfully scorched, and the young lady's suffering was most in-

be extinguished she was horribly burned. Her hands, arms and body were awfully scorched, and the young lady's suffering was most intense. Physicians who were called to her bedside were quick to perceive that the young lady could not recover. They began doing all they could to relieve her sufferings and informed her sister and friends that death was inevitable. A telegram containing the sad intelligence was sent to the young lady's mother. It was received early yesterday morning and within a few hours after its receipt Mrs. Thomas started for her suffering daughter's bedside where the will arrive this morning. Soon after noon justerday a second telegram was received in the city stating that the young lady was dead. Miss Thomas was a young lady of bright, sunny disposition and had many friends in Atlanta, who will be grieved beyond expression to hear of her horrible and antimely death. Her father, who is the general southern agent for the Coates spool cotton company, is in New York, and was last might telegraphed the sad news. The body will be brough home for interment, but just when it will reach Atlanta is not yet known.

LOVE LAUGES AT THE LOCKSMITH. A Pomentic and Secret Wedding that Took

THROUGH THE CITY

EVENTS OF INTEREST GATHERED

UP ABOUT TOWN.

Happenings Here and There-In the Courts, at the

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Pure Jersey milk and butter. Milk, 40

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yesterday from Knoxville, where she died last Monday. The body was buried in West View

Place Last Sunday. Mr. John R. Dillon and Miss Robbinette Grabam were married Sunday afternoon at the Rev. Dr. Strickler's residence, 57 Washington street.
The marriage was both romantic and secret.

The groom is a son of Judge D. J. Dillon, while the bride is the daughter of a well-to-do while the bride is the daugnter of a well-to-do Rockdale county planter. Neither has been in Atlanta very long. About four mouths ago Mr. Dillon came to Atlanta as the general local menager of the burglar alarm, now being inducted into the city. He is a young man of good appearance. His frank countenance good appearance. His frank countenance recommends him to the stranger and he found no trouble in securing recognition from the good people of the city. He engaged board at 108 Marietta street, where he soon became popular with all whom he met. He had traveled extensively and is gifted with excellent conversational powers. Soon after Mr. Dillon came to Atlanta Miss Robbinette Graham, a relative of the lady with whom Mr. Dillon was boarding, came to the city on a Orninam, a remarks of the lady with whom air. Dillon was boarding, came to the city on a visit. She is pretty, accomplished and altogether quite charming. She has a rich, rosy complexion, and soon made a conquest of more hearts than the one she has chained captive. Among the first to form her acquaintance was Mr. Dillon, and as time progressed the young The boarders looked on and other. The boarders looked on and smiled, speculating among them-selves as to the result. The lovers were inseparable, and every eye could read the old, old story. Mr. Dillon thought the world and all of K iss Graham, and Miss Graham surveyed the today and Satisfactors. ham reciprocated the tender affection.

True love run in an easy, graceful groove, and everything was lovely until last week, when the old folks at the country homestead, when the old folks at the country homestead, in Rockdale, heard-that the daughter had lost her heart, and traits weeding are certainly arranged for the fature. The young lady was then hastily summoned to her home, but she declined to go. She had no idea of deserting her betrothed just at the most interesting period of their acquaintance, and so she went about the house with a merry twinkle in her eye, laughing at locksmiths and all such nonsense, as lovers have done from time immemorial.

Last Sunday about three o'clock the young people left the house, 108 Marietta street, os-tensibly to visit the cemetery, but really to utter the vows which would make them husutter the vows which would make them husband and wife. The ceremony was performed at the residence of Rev. Dr. Strickler, on Washington street, in the presence of the minister's family. After the marriage Mr. and Mrs. Dillon resumed their journey to the cemetery, but were overtaken by a rain which fell about that time, and they returned to the city in a horse car. They agreed to keep the affair a secret for two weeks, but yesterday one of the groom's friends, who was intrusted with the secret, gave it away.

ORANGE BLOSSOMS

Miss Minnie Lee Park, an Atlanta Belle Married to Mr. Homer Reed. Mr. Homor Reed and Miss Minnie Lee-Park were united in marriage yesterday afternoon at the residence of the bride's parents, 216 Rawson street. The ceremony was performed in an impressive manner by the Rev. Dr. Kendall, of Trinity church. No invitations to the wedding had been issued and only a few of the most intimate friends and relatives of the contracting parties were present. The ceremony took place at three o'clock, and after an elegant diamer the bride and groom, accompanied byla few friends, were driven to the union passenger depot, and took passage on the Central train for Florida, where they will remain for several weeks.
Mr. Reed is well-known in Atlants, and has
many friends, who will wish him a happy
life. His bride has, ever since she entered
society, been one of its most popular mem-

CALLING FOR CASH TOO EARLY. What a Leading Business Man Has to Say of the Rush for Funds.

Yesterday a Constitution reporter met s leading Atlanta business man, who advances money every year, largely to the country mer-chants, and in speaking of the times, the business man said: "I never saw such a demand for money, so early in the season."

When asked how he accounted for it, he

when asked now in accounted for it, he replied, that provisions, such as flour, bacon, etc., are much lower, than for a number of years, and the merchants, seeing the price so low, are clamorous for money to make purchases at once, in anticipation of higher

In regard to higher prices he said: A expect to see prices lower for provisions in minety days than they are now, as the west has made the largest crop of provisions of every kind that has been made for many years. The entire west is full of these products, and the principal market is in the southern

He further stated that, in conversation with a Chicago man, he was told by him that the people were having the hardest time in that country than they have had for years, owing to over production and low prices. It is almost impossible for the farmer to live at the present rates in the west.

CITY COURT CRIMINALS.

Small Fry Offenders on the Mourners' Bench Before Judge Clarke.

In the city court gesterday the following cases were disposed of: Jonas Arney, charged with larceny from the house, was cleared. Emma Arney, up for a like offense, was convicted and given a sentence of \$25 or three months. Mat McGregor, a white man, entered a blee of equility to a charge of vagrancy, and a plea of guilty to a charge of vagrancy, and was sentenced to pay \$25 or go up for three months. He said he was a rolling mill man from Cincinnati and was anxious to get work, but could find none. James Murray was convicted of larceny from the house and given a sentence of \$25 or three months. J. H. Ogburn, a white man, pleaded guilty to larceny from the house, and

pleaded guilty to larceny from the nouse, and was sentenced to pay \$25 or go up for two menths. John Martin, for carrying a concealed weapon, was sentenced to pay \$30 and costs or go up for four months. Butler Williams was convicted of larceny from the house. He was sentenced to pay \$50 or go up for six months. Joe Burge was convicted of stealing two hushes, of corn from a railroad car and two bushels of corn from a railroad car and was sentenced to pay \$50 or serve six months. His case will be appealed. Sam Reed was convicted of larceny from the house and sentenced to pay \$50 or serve three months. Judge Clarke has been on the bench nine days and has tried over sixty cases.

PERSONAL.

J. W. Fourz, of New York, is in Atlanta. L. A. DEAN, of Rome, was in the city yester-

W. H. CLARKE, of Anniston, Ala., is in the Hon. A. O. Bacon, of Macon, was in the city

yesterday. M. M. PEPPER, of Rome, was in the city yesterday.

GENERAL P. M. B. Young, of Cartersville, is in the city. MR. AND MRS. W. D. BARKER, of Rutledge are in the city.

S. D. SMITH and wife, of Macon, are at the Markham house. Dr. P. W. Douglas, office and residence, 26 West Baker street. J. S. Cook and S. A. Hemphill, of Augusta,

were in Atlanta yesterday. THEODORE MAYER and wife, of LaGrange, vere in the city yesterday.

MR. M. O. MARKHAM returned from Florida last night, called to the bedside of his father, who s sick at the Markham house.

Hon. MARTIN V. CALVIN, of Richmond, passed through Atlanta yesterday, on his way to he New Orleans exposition.

Palace Barber Shop just opened a 11 Peachtree.
Everything new and handsomeand polite attention.

THE DESERTE AMP.

ARRIVAL OF CAPTAIN NELMS AND THE CONVICTS.

What Captain Nelms Has to Say of His Trip to Lock ett's Dougherty County Camp—Colonel Looksett Protests Phat the Removal of the Convicts Will Buin Him—The Latest.

Yesterday Captain John W. Nelms, principal keeper of the penitentiary, reached the city with his fourty-four convicts only an hour and a half behind schedule time. Captain Nelms made the trip to Dougherty county in safety and without any trouble. He was accompanied by Colonel Towers, assistant keeper of the penitentiary and Mr. Ed Murphy, who did valuable service in managing the convicts. On his arrival in Atlanta yes terday, Captain Nelms turned the convicts over to Messrs. English & Murphy, and they were taken by them under a corps of guards to the camp of B. G. Lockett & Co., on the Chattahoochee river.

CAPTAIN NELMS TALKS. Captain Nelms was asked by a Constitution man for an account of his trip. He said:

"As you know, I was ordered by the governor to proceed to Lockett's camp, in Dougherty county, and remove the convicts there confined to the headquarters of the company in Fulton county. I reached the camp on Tuesday about half past ten o'clock, accompanied by Colonel Towers and Mr. Murcher. nied by Colonel Towers and Mr. Murphy. I informed Colonel Ben Lockett of my errand, and the orders under which I was acting. He protested that he would be ruined if the order was carried out, as it was doubtful if he could secure free labor at this time of the year. told him that was a matter over which

I had no control, as I was mere carrying out the orders of the governor. told him I was compelled to REMOVE THE CONVICTS THAT DAY. He then asked to be allowed time to serve a mandamus upon me. I told him I could not to that, Such a course would be like holding so that, Such a course would be like nothing a dog until a rabbit ran in a hole, and then expecting the dog to catch the rabbit. I told him my orders were imperative, and if he desired to fight the matter he would have to come to Atlanta and fight it before the governor or wherever else he might choose. I standard the standard of the course of the standard of the standard of the course of the standard o nor or wherever else he might choose. I stated that he had been notified and forewarned by orders from my office for three months, that unless the management

that unless the management of his camp was changed he might expect trouble. Colonel Lockett said he was at the camp for the purpose of taking personal control of it, and that everything should be conducted right. I replied that the action I was taking was for the

DISCRIPTION OF ORDERS
in the past. The governor and his agents
have the police regulation of the convicts, and
whenever from any cause the welfare of the
convicts was jeopardized, the law compelled
him to act. Colonel Lockett repeated that he
would be ruined by the action of the governor,
but said he would have to submit. The convicts were a coulde of miles away in the DISOBEDIENCE OF ORDERS victs were a couple of miles away in the woods. A trusty who was present was sent to the woods after the convicts and they were ordered up. When they were ordered up. When they were placed in the stockade and given their dinner I went down to see what they had to eat, and to hurry them up as much as possible. When I was inside the stockade Mr. William Lockett, on whose ac-

stockade Mr. William Lockett, on whose account the camp was

ORDERED BROKEN UP,

came to the door, in company with Colonel
Töwers, and said he was going to lock the
door and he wished me to step outside, upon
which I notified him that I was respensible
for the safe keeping of the convicts, and he eneed not trouble himself further. He insisted
on my coming out and I told him to let the
door alone; that I had the convicts in charge
and would see that they were
carried to Fulton county in accordance with the orders of the governor. When ance with the orders of the governor. When the convicts heard that they were to be brought away there was great rejoicing amongst them. They left the place

singing at the the place singing at the rejoicing singing at the rop of their voices and dancing and rejoicing in every imaginable way. They danced and sang until late in the night."

"Did you bring them all away?"

"There was one negro there whose time will expire on the 8th of next month, I left him. expire on the 8th of next month, I left him. There was another who was sick and the doctors said it would be dangerous to move him, he was left also. I intended leaving Henry Hooks, whose time will be out on the 26th of this month. He came down to the train to bring some of the baggage of the grands and said to me. Where carries of the guards, and said to me, 'Marse capt'n, for God's sake let me go? I don't want to stay here another day.' I told him

HIS TIME WOULD BE OUT

on the 26th and to bring him up here would be but to put the lessees to expense as he would have to be furnished with transporta-tion to his home in Baker county after his diston to his home in baser county after his discharge. He said if that was the only objection he was willing to work his passage back or to walk—anything to get away from the camp. He begged so hard that when the train came along I told him to climb on. The sick man will be forwarded as soon as he is able to travel."

"What time was it when you left the "What time was it when you left the

"It was about half past eleven o'clock. Captain Davis, the superintendent of the branch of the Central railroad, at Albany, sent a special train down into the plantation to get the convicts, and they were taken to Albany. On account of a delay in the trains we were forced to

we were forced to

TAKE A FREIGHT TRAIN
from there. We left Albany at two o'clock
yesterday, were delayed an hour and a half at
Macon and arrived here at half past eleven today. We were assisted by five guards from Lockett's camp and, on arriving in the city, turned the convicts over to Messrs. Murphy & English, who are of the firm of B. G. Lockett & Co. I found it impos-sible to buy anything along the road and we were from four o'clock yesterday until room to day without snything to act." until noon to day without anything to eat."

Colonel Lockett is now engaged in trying to procure free labor for his plantation. He will doubtless be in Atlanta soon, and it may be that he will make some sort of contest about the squelching of his camps. It is not known now what his course will be in reference to the

CUTTING AND STEALING.

A Negro Badly Knifed in Adair's Row-

Thieves Arrested-A Runaway Boy. Jim Floyd, a negro man, was seriously knifed early yesterday morning near Adair's row. Floyd's assailants were both negroes and are unknown to him. Floyd lives near West End, and spent Tuesday night in the city. Yesterday morning about daylight he started home, and when near Adair's row met two negro men, who suddenly, and without one word of warning, sprang upon him. One man held Floyd while the other two gave him two severe wounds with a kuife. One wound extended entirely down the right cheek, while the other was an ugly stab in the

head.
Sam Blackman was yesterday run in by
Pstrolmen Poole and Hildebrand. Blackman
is charged with burglary, and the arresting
officers aver that they have evidence enough
to prove that he burglarized a house near
Pence de Leon springs a few nights ago.
For more than a week past regular raids have
hear made upon Conductor Dempse Perkerson's

been made upon Conductor Dempse Perkerson's room on Broad street. Clothing, jewelry and creaments have from time to time disappeared. The pelice have been notified, but until yes-The police have been notified, but until yesterday were powerless to do any good. In the afternoon, however, Patrolman Hoyle ran upon Joe Harris, a negro, in whose possession he found some of the stolen articles. Harris was arrested and will get a term.

Alice Miller was yesterday arrested by Patrolmen Philips and Steerman. She is charged with the theft of the silverware from Mr. Husch's house a few nights ago. She was sent to jail.

Ned Arrington and Joe Pace, two suspects, were given cells in the city prison yesterday. Jerry Banks, a dray driver, was before the

STILSON. Reliable Goods, Fair Dea 53 WHITEHALL STR

recorder yesterday morning charged with dis-orderly driving. He was fined five dollars and cost.

J. J. Williams, who resides at Stone Moun-

J. J. Williams, who resides at Stone Mountain, yesterday visited police headquarters and entered a complaint. Mr. Williams stated that a box containing a fine silk dress had been stolen from a dray he had hired to haul some things for him.

W. T. Buzbee, a Mills street grocer, yesterday left a description of his twelve year old son at police headquarters with request for his arrest. The lad has left his parents' home without permission.

THE RAILROAD CROSSING NUISANCE. Mr. Mahoney Has a Scheme for Putting an End to the Trouble.

In his report to the mayor and council a few days ago, Mr. M. Mahoney spoke of a project in embryo to relieve the city of the railroad crossing nuisance. A Constitution man asked him yesterday if the matter was taking any shape, and he replied:

"Yes. To commence at the beginning, the mayor and general council of 1884 had this subject under advisement. It is rather a diffcult one to overcome, but one in which every citizen of our city is interested. I have given the subject very close attention, devising one way or another to surmount this difficulty. In speaking of the matter to Mr. H.L. McDaniel, assists tity engineer, about three weeks ago, he outlined the present plan to me, which I quickly saw was the only soluation of this

vexed question.

'The plan isto leave the present grade of the Georgia railroad at Calhoun street bridge and run down grade to Pryor street crossing, then a level grade to Whitehall and thence up a level grade to Whitehall and thence up grade running west to intersect with the pres-ent grade of tracks at the west end of the Wes-tern and Atlantic railroad freight depot in one direction and 300 feet further on the Central railroad tracks for thejsame purpose. The result gives an easy grade for highway bridges across Loyd, Pryor, Whitehall and Forsyth streets and gives the railroad free and untrammeled use of their right of way and at the same time gives the city for all time the same great ben-efit which is so great that it cannot be fully

cfit which is so great that it cannot be fully estimated."

"What will the cost be?"

"The cost to the railroads will be \$40,150 and to the city \$26,000 or \$28,000. The present passenger depot need not be disturbed, but a basement can be added which would be accessible from Wall street by commodious stairways and elevators. The tracks of the Georgia railroad which connect with their freight depct need not be disturbed. The side tracks which deliver freight to the wholesale houses from Loyd to Whitehall will be connected with the basement. The tracks which deliver freight to the warehouses west of Whitehall can remain as they are, provided they are made spur tracks so as not to cross Whitehall going east. The tracks are, provided they are made spur tracks so as not to cross Whitehall going east. The tracks can all be lowered, however, to pass under the bridges in the discretion of the railroad authorities. This plan does not seriously affect the Western and Atlantic freight depot tracks. A peculiar feature of the plan is to build from a point on the Forsyth street bridge to the Western and Atlantic depot an inclined plane, so that wagons can reach the depot without crossing a single track, and on a lighter grade than the present road from the railroad tracks up Forsyth towards either Marietta gor Alabams streets. This incline can, at some future time, be extended east from Forsyth street bridge to Broad street bridge—thus giving a new street from Broad to the Western and Atlantic freight depot. The earth excavated can be hauled by train to the deep holow south of the Western and Atlantic shops, and would be nearly sufficient to fill it.

and would be nearly sufficient to fill it.
"What about the time required and the inconvenience to be undergone in the execution "That matter has been carefully considered.

There is less than 90,000 cubic yards to be excavated with two trains of five cars each and lowering two tracks at a time, can do the grading in forty-five days and nights. Everything should be ready before commencing the work. The work should progress swith military precision to prevent delay. The railroad would save about \$4,000 per annum on watchmen on the crossings or 10 per cent annually on the investment, to say nothing of the great convenience which will be afforded them in facilitating business. Mr. Hugh Angier, the city engineer, is now working on map and profile to be submitted to the mayor and general council next Monday. This is an imporowering two tracks at a time, can do the tant matter, and one in which our citizens should all take a hearty interest. We expect to get the hearty co-operation of the rail-

THE GENERAL AND THE JUDGE. Contest in the Ordinary's Court for the Possession of Two Small Boys.

Yesterday an interesting habeas corpus case was tried before Ordinary Calhoun. Mrs. Sarah Chapman filed before the ordinary her petition against Alexander Ratte:ree alleging that he had the control of her two illegitimate children, namely General Alexander Ratterree and Judge Washington Ratterree, aged reand Judge Washington Ratterree, aged respectively eight and ten years or thereabouts. It was alleged that the children had been legitimated and put into the control of Alexander Ratterree, their father, by the judgment of the superior court. It was further alleged that Ratterree was cruelly treating the children and failing to provide for them, and it was prayed that they be taken from his possession, under the provisions of section 1795 of the code, and that a guardian be appointed to take charge of their persons. Hooper Alexander represented the petitioner, and S. B. Spencer the defendant. A number of witnesses were sworn, and after a full hearing the prayer of the petitioner was denied, and the children ordered to remain under the control of Alexander that the second of the petitioner was denied, and the children ordered to remain under the control of Alexander that the second of the petitioner was denied, and the children ordered to remain under the control of Alexander that the second of the petitioner was denied, and the children ordered to remain under the control of Alexander that the second of the petitioner was denied, and the children ordered to remain under the control of Alexander the control of the person of the petitioner was denied, and the children ordered to remain under the control of the person of the per ordered to remain under the control of Alexander Ratterree.

Peck's Bad Boy. This typical American comedy will open to night a short season of two nights and one specia Friday matinee. One runs no risk of false prophecy in predicting that a large house will greet the At-kinson's company in their celebrated play, a dramatization of the famous Bad Boy sketches of Mr. George W. Peck, editor of the Milwankee Sun. In George W. Peck, editor of the Milwaukee Sun. In the middle of a ocean of very excruciating fun, the piece runs without intermissions, to the intense satisfaction of the audience, to a very moral conclusion. This play can be witnessed by the pious and the fastideous, provided their ribs are proof against rupture by laughter. So we advise everybody who want a lew hours of good time to see the Bad Boy, and none will ever regret it. Ses rather the opinions of those who did:

The company is all that any one could desire, and it is one of the funniest comedies ever written.—Philadelphia Republic.

It is full of fun, and has proved a decided hit.—Philadelphia Record.

There are lots of funny situations in the play, which is a roaring comedy from beginning to end.—Philadelphia Times.

It is very funny, and was given with a dash by an excellent company.—Philadelphia Sun.

John T. Raymond in "For Congress."

John T. Raymond in "For Congress." Mr. R. G. Morris spoke as follows in the New York Evening Telegram, Friday, January 11, 1884: "For Congress," Mr. D. D. Lloyd's satire in four acts, was an immense success at Colville's Fourteenth street theater last night. It was written for Mr. John T. Raymond, and is the best thing that gentleman ever appeared in before a New York audience. The part of General Josiah Limber, a audience. The part of General Josiah Limber, a politician, is better than Mulberry Sellers, for it reproduces with just enough of exaggeration a character familiar to all and dear to the American heart. General Limber knows how to run a convention, and could give Zach. Chandler points in matters of ways and means. The general knows how to kindle patriotism in the stagnant sonl of a rural citizen with a bank account, and the manner in which the gallant purveyor of principles and ballots packed the district convention would delight the average Tammany man and give points to the independent democracy of Gotham. From the rise to the fail of the order in last night the sudjence in the Fourteenth street theater were convulsed with laughter.

Jeweler. ling and Bottom Prices EET ATLANTA GA.

A Pleasing Incident. The large infant class of the First Methodist church, of over seventy five little folks, under charge of Mrs. F. A. Kimball, is a model of its

charge of Mrs. F. A. Kimball, is a model of its kind. A number of the children, on New Year's eve, headed by Mrs. Dr. Green, her valuable assistant, went in a body to Mrs. Kimball's residence and presented her with a testimonial of their affection and gratitude.

Last Sabbath Mrs. Kimball called the names of the ladies and children who united in the gracious tribute, and read a fervent and grateful acknowledgement to them. She said it was a great surprise, and showed they could keep a secret. Her heart was full of gratitude that none of her little lambs had been taken last year. She was proud to live in their hearts, and with her blessing pledged renewed service.

A Good Sign. Our reporter was in the real estate office of A. J. West & Co., this morning and saw thirteen letter's West & Co., this morning and saw thirteen letters written to that firm within the last week from people in as many different states, northand west, inquiring about Atlanta property. All of them bear the impress of business solidity, and express a desire to invest here. A. J. West & Co. advertise in two northern papers that circulate all over the United States, and in a quiet way are doing great good in bringing money here for investment. If you have any real estate for sale leave it with them, and you will find them prompt and re liable.

TO THE PUBLIC.

PALACE BARBER SHOP Just Opened.

I have opened at 11 Peachtree street a strictly first-class barber shop, and have secured six of the best workmen in the city. My furniture, fixtures,

etc , are all new, elegant and complete.

I have gone to considerable expense to open a place that is a credit to Atlanta. I have a number of the best bootblacks and have brought out some handsome bootblacks and have brought out some handsome bootblack chairs so that my customers can get ahines with perfect ease and comfort. Master Frank Darley, the cashier, will be on hand with a select stock of all the popular brands of cigars and tobaccos, and I hope all my old and as many new customers will call at once and give us a trial, We will try to please you.

George Williams, Howard Jones, Beauregard Burke, Waiter Pitts and Wiley Dent.

Kespectfully ask all their customers to call and see them at their new quarters.

A. NASH,
Formerly at Bob Steele's. place that is a credit to Atlanta. I have a numbe

For Fine Beef, Mutton, Pork, Etc.,

Always go to Clemmons & Kenny's, 127 Whitehall fine meats always on hand. Wholesale and re Cheap Jellico Mountain Coal at R. H. Villard's, 135 Loyd street,

Telephone 348. Give your children Smith's worm oil. Tate Spring water warranted to cure dyspepsia

All Lumps-No Trash Buy Glen Mary coal, \$4.50 per ton, and you will get all lumps, nice, clean coal. Telephone No. 12. th sat mo J. C. Wilson & Co., 7 Spring st. Glen Mary is the best; all lumps and no dust.

A car of Yam Potatoes at Clark & Webster's. Malt Whisky cured one of the most desperate cases ever received at the Hebrew Hospital in Baltimore, that of Mr. Sol Weil.

Georgians drink Tate Spring water. Old papers for wrapping paper at

Constitution office at 25 cents a Valuable Central Property.

J. C. Kimball Coal Yard lot for sale Tuesday, 11 o'clock, January 20, 1885. L. B. Davis, Auctioneer. Call at Palace Barber Shop and give us a trial just opened at 11 Peachtree.

"Always use Duffy's Malt Whiskey as directed medicinally, and you will realize the greatest possible benefit."

Select stock of Cigars and Toparcos kept at the Palace Barber Shop, 11 Peachtree street A car of Southern Cabbage iust received. Clark & Webster.

The Cheapest and Best,



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Medical and Surgical Dispensary. 83% WHITEHALL STREET, ATLANTA. GA. 83% WHITEHALL STREET, ATLANTA, GA.
W. H. Betts, M. D., the consulting rhysician, is
the oldest, most successful, best known specialist
in the world. A graduate from four medical colleges, twenty-five years experience and extensive
practice in England, France and America, and has
secured a world-wide reputation in the treatment
and cure of Frivate, Nervous and Chronic Diseases,
embracing Seminal Weakness (resulting from indiscretions, Lost Manhood and Abuses of the Servery em.

NERVOUS Seminal losses, night Emissions, losses of vital power, Sieeplessness, Despondency, Loss of Memory, Confusion of Ideas, Blue before the eyes, Lassinde, Languor, Gloomines, Depression of Spirits, aversion to society, easily discouraged, lack of confidence, dull, listless, unfit for study or business and finds life a burden—

82 Safely, permanently and privately cured.

BLOOD & SKIN a discusse must convible in its results, completely eradicated without BLOOD & SKIN a disease must norther the use of mercury. Scrotula, Erysiphelas, Fever Sores, Blotches, Pimpies, Ulcers, Pains in the head and bones, Syphilitic Sore Throat, Mouth and Tongue, Glandular enlargements of the neck, Rheumatism, Catarrh, etc., etc., permanently cured when others have falled.

URINARY, Kidney and Bladder URINARY, Kidney and Bladder troubles, weak back, burning urine, frequency of urinating, urine high cloored or milky sediment on standing, Genorrhoza, Gleet, Cystitis, etc., promptly and safely cured. Charges reasonable.

Charges reasonable.

DRS. B! & B. impaired themselves by improper indulgence and solitary habits, which ruin both mind and body, unfitting them for business, study or marriage. Remarkable cures effected in old case which have been neglected or unskillfully treated. No experiments or failures. Parties treated by mail or express in any part of the world. Charges moderate and curable cases guaranteed. Send for list of questions and Guide to Health. Enclose stamp.

Address. W. H. Butts. E. D.

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30 DAYS.

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JOHN G. JONES, The Artist Tailor.

Jas. A. Anderson & Co., 41 Whitehall Street.

The Decisions of the February Term of the

SUPREME COURT have just been published in pamphlet form.

We will send the Pamphlet, post-age paid on receipt of One Dollar. Address THE CONSTITUTION, Atlanta, Ga.

East Tennessee, Virginia & Georgia

RAILROAD.

DIVISIONS IN GEORGIA.

THE NEW SHORT LINE. Chattanooga to Atlanta

Atlanta to Macon. Rome to Atlanta.

- AND -THE SHORTEST OF ALL ROUTES.

Chattanoora and the West.

To Florida and the Sontheast. Closely Connecting in Union Depot at Chattanooga

BOTH NORTH AND SOUTH with trains of Cincinnati Southern Railway, and Memphis and Charleston Railroad division, Nash-ville, Chattanooga and St. Lonis Railway.

Only Line Running Pullman Sleeping Cars daily BETWEEN ATLANTA AND FLORIDA

The year round without change and without delay.
Trains at Atlanta arrive at and depart from Short
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THE ONLY LINE RUNNING. THROUGH PASSENGER COACHES

Without change and without extra fares.

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NORTHWARD, Leave BRUNSWICK . Arrive JESUP | Leave | JESUP | 11 | 40 am | 12 20 am | 12 20 am | 12 20 am | 12 20 am | 13 m | 15 m

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Trains Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4 connect at Cleveland with main line East fenn., Va. & Ga. R. R. and connect at Rome with Alabama Division E. T., V. & Ga. R. R.

Trains Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4 connect at Atlanta and Macon with all diverging roads, and connect at Jesup with S., F. & W. R'y for Florida

THROUGH CAR SERVICE.

THROUGH CAR SERVICE.

Trains Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4 have Pullman Paisce 8 ing Cars between Cincinnati and Jacksonv and through day coaches between Chattan and Jacksonville. Trains 3 and 4 nect at Cleveland with Pullman Sleepers between Cleveland and New York, and also with Sleepers between Cleveland and Warm Springs with change.

Cochran daily, except Sunday.

J. R. MALLORY,
Superintendent Brunswick Division, Macon.
J. W. FRY,
SuperintendentAtlanta Division, Atlanta, Ga.
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COTTON AND WEATHER

Daily Weather Report.

ORESEVAR'S OFFICE SIGNAL CORPS, U. S. A.,
U. S. CUSTOM HOUSE, January 14, 10:00 F.M.
All Observations taken at the same moment of time at each place named.

NAME OF STATION.	Barometer.	Thermometer.		WIND.		96	
			Dew Point.	Direction.	Force.	Bainfall.	Weather
Augusta Key West Savannah	30.42	50		N E	Brisk Light Fresh	.00	H'y rain Cloudy Cloudy
Time of observation.	CAL	OI	SE	CRVA	TIONS		
2.31 p m 8:31 p m	30.49	44 49 45	$\frac{22}{20}$ $\frac{27}{27}$	E	Brisk Brisk Brisk Brisk Brisk	.00 .00 .56	Cloudy Fair Fair Lt Rain H'y rain
Meandaily bar.	r	42	.5	Minix	num th	er	49 0 37.3

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Undoubtedly in Demand

Worn by railroaders, bankers, merchants, every-body, and always pronounced correct to the min-ute. There's no getting around this fact. Its merit sells it. Never a man failed to praise it.

Stevens Watch! HAVE NONE OTHER!

J. P. STEVENS & CO.,

Masanic Motice, The regular communication of Falton Lodge's No. 216, F. and A. M., will be held to-night at 7 o'clock, for regular business and work in the Degrees. All Master Masons are cordially invited. By order of Jas. A. Gray, W. M.

The Women's Christian Temperance Union.

The usual weekly meeting will be held to-day, at 3 p. m., at the parlor of the Y. M. C. A., corner of Walton and Forsyth streets. All members of at Sp. In and Forsyth streets.

Malton and Forsyth streets.

the union, and all ladies interested in temperanor

work, are requested to be present.

Mrs. E. C. Wiffer,

President.

CITY ITEMS.

Send and get your wrapping paper at The Confitution office, for 25 cents a hundred. Large

Supreme Court of Georgia.

ATLANTA, Ga., January 14, 1885. List of circuits showing the number of cases, in-

No. 26. Gaskins vs. City of Atlanta. Case, from City Court of Atlanta. Argued. Milledge & Smith; Haygeod and Martin, for plaintiff in error. W. T. Newman; E. A. Angler for defendant.

fendant.

27. Manning vs. Mitchell et al. Case, from
City Court of Atlanta. Argued. Reaben Armold, for plaintiff in error. No appearance for
deforders.

mold, for plaintiff in error. No appearance for defendants.

No. 28. Niles vs. Groover. Complaint, for land, from Fulton. B. F. Abbott, for plaintiff in error. Mynaft & Howell, for defendant.

No. 30. Patton vs. State. Dismissed.

No. 31. Littlejohn vs. Central Rai road. Case, from City Court of Athana. Argued. G. E. Thomas; Geo. 8. Thomas, for plaintiff in error. A. R. Lawton; Jackson & King. for defendant,

No. 32. Refer vs. City of Atlanta. Trepass, from City Court of Atlanta. Argued. Hoke-Smith; F. A. Art. cler. Reuben Argued. Hoke-Smith; F. A. Art. cler. Reuben Argued.

Nos. 33 and 34 11 de Bro vs. Rich, and vice versa. Claim, free Futtou. Reed & Reinhardt, for plaintiffs. A. A. Manning; Frank A. Arnold,

Pending argument of Mr. Reed, the court adjourned to 9:30 a. m. to morrow.

Special Business Notices.

A CARD-TO ALL WHO ARE SUFFERng from error and indiscretion of youth, nerveus weakness early decay, loss of manhood, etc., I will send a recipe that will cure you free or CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send self addressed envelop to REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D., New Dec 8 su tu th wky eow next rd maj

SPRING OATS.

ONE CAR CELEBRATED McCollough Spring Oats.

Can Sow up to First of March.

YIEI D VERY LARGE. PRICE, \$1.25 PER BUSH. 500 bushels Tuscarora Seed Corn, 250 "Pearl or Flint Seed Corn Little Red Cob Seed Cor.

over, Millet, Grasses, Millo maize and acclimated TELD AND GARDEN SEED OF ALL KINDS Send for new Catalogue.

SOUTHERN SEED CO .. in15-6&wklm Seed Growers, MACON, GA.

NOTICE.

HE FIRM OF GRIFFIN & VERNER IS THIS dissolved by mutual consent & J. Griffin remains J. J. Verner continues the business, asmes the liabilities and owns he assets. ry 14, 1885.

PHOTOGRAPHS

CHRISTMAS

C. W. MOTES

SPOT CASH. This year we are determined that

our business shall be very much larger than any previous year and in order to gain the end for which we strive, we are aware of the fact tha it will not do to open the campagn with blank cartridges, so from the ramparts of Spot Cash we intend to throw a few solid shells, such as

Good Prints, fast colors and good

styles at 3½ cents. Gray and brown Twilled Flannel all-wool filling 12½c, worth 20c. Red Twilled Flannel for 25c, worth 40c.

All-wool French Cashmeres, double width, 35c, worth 5oc.

All-wool French Cashmeres, double width, 50c, worth 65c. All-wool French Cashmeres, dou-

ble width. 75c, worth \$1. A full size Bed Comfort 75 cents, worth \$1.00. A full size Bed Comfort \$1.00,

worth \$1.50.
A 10-4 White Blanket 90 cents, worth \$1.20. Jeans for Pants at 25 cts former

price 40 cents. Jeans for Pants at 40 cts, former price 50 cents.

Big drives in Cassimeres from 50c to \$1.00 per yard.
All-Linen Towels at 121/2 cents,

worth 18 cents. Big values in Table Linens and

Napkins. Big drives in Ladies' and Misses' Hose at 10c, 15c, 20c and 35c. 4-4 Sea Island at 5 cts and extra

good for 61/4c per yard. Black Silks at 75 cts, worth \$1. Black Silks at \$1.00, worth \$1.25. Black Silks \$1.50, as good as any in town for \$2.00.

Handkerchiefs for 3c, 5c, 10c, 15c, all worth double the money. Handkerchiefs-Gentlemen's all-Linen at 10 and 15 cents, worth 15c and 25 cents.

The biggest drives on record is our Ginghams at 5c, 61/4c and 8c per yard. They would be cheap at 71/2c, 8c and 10c per yard.

Just bring this advertisement along with you and read out what you want and we will show you that we are not "JUST OUT."

LOOK OUT For Panic Prices,

____AT___

Dobbs & Bro.,

For ten days only, we propose to sell goods at the following pri-

Dec. China cups and saucers, \$2.00 per set, ormer price, \$3.00 per set.

Haviland & Co's. best china tea plates, 90c per set, former price, \$1.25 per set.

Haviland & Co's, best china breakfast plates,
11.00 per set, former price, \$1.50 per set.

Haviland & Co's, best china dinner plates,

\$1.25 per set, former price, \$2.00 per set. Haviland & Co's. best china cups and saucers, \$1.50 per set, former price, \$2,00 per set. Haviland & Co's. dec. dinner and tea sets, we will sell cheaper than the cheapest; Moss Rose tea sets, 44 pieces, \$6.50 per set, former price, \$8.00 per set; dec. tea sets, 44 pieces, \$4.50 per set, worth \$6.00; Band chamber sets, \$3.50 per set, worth \$4.50. Siver pitchers, nut bowls, jewelry cases, Biscque goods, etc.

WE WILL SELL AT NEW YORK COST If you don't believe that we mean business, call before the ten days are out, and we will

Dobbs & Bro., 53 PEACHTREE.

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GOLDEN SPECIFIC. A POSITIVE CURE FOR

DRUNKENNESS

OR THE LIQUOR HABIT.

Effecting a speedy and permanent cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. It can be given in a cup of tea or coffee, without the knowledge of the persons taking it as it is tasteless and odorless. Thousands o drunkards have been made temperate men wh have taken the Golden Specific in their coffee without their knowledge, and to-day believe they quit drinking of their own free will. It is abso lutely harmless. CIRCULARS FREE. Prepared

by the Golden Specific Co., 185 Race Street, Cincinnati, O. FOR SALE BY

MAGNUS&HIGHTOWER Druggists,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

LISTEN! NOW IS

Commencing on Monday, December 22d, We Begin MENS', BOYS' AND CH | ILDREN'S CLOTHING

PRICES THAT DE

HIRSCH

CLOTHIERS 42 and 44 WHIT

A GILT-ED OVER

Hard Pan Prices. WINTER U NDERWEAR Very L

MUSE & 38 WHITE

BOYD & ATLANTA FURN Walnut and Poplar

BUREAUS AN A SPEC Workmanship and Finish E SEND FOR NEW CATAL

ATLANTA. No. 5 NORTH FO Manufacturers of Wire and

WIRE WORK OF EV Were Chairs, S

Hanging Baskets, Fire Sc WINDOW

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J. L. 80

WHOLESALE LI QUOR DEALER,

22 ALABAM A STREET.

Old Baker and Monongahela

Imported Brandles, Gins, Sher Sec, VeClicquot, Monopo

> Champ French

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BASS BURKE'S ALE



6. W. WUPPERMANN, SOLE AGENT.

LOUIS RAVENE

ADVERTISING AGENT. Constitution Building, Atlanta. Ga. Advertisements Placed Chealpy and Promptly.

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& TAILORS.

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MEN, BOY'S A ND CHILDREN.

ow, at SWIFT'S HALL ST.

BAXTER, ITURE FACTORY

Bedroom Suites. D BEDSTEADS

IALTY. qual to any Northern Factory. OGUE AND PRICE LIST. Nos. 531, 533, 535 and | 537 MARIETTA ST.

Gate City Wire Works,

GEORGIA.

RSYTH STREET. Iron Railing, Tree Guards, ERY DESCRIPTION,

ettees, Arches, reens, Nursery Fenders,

GUARDS, ND WIRE CLOTH.

UTHCOMB, Manager.

JONES,

In Stock

WHIS KIES,

ry and Port Wines, Pommery le, G. H. Mumms & Co. agnes,

Liqueurs.

GOSTURA BITTERS.

CLARETS

GUINNESS STOUT. O. A. SMITH

MANUFACTURER OF Sulphuric Acid 66 Deg. Oil Vitriol,

AND OTHER CHEMICALS. i Moe, 15 M. Forsyth, corner Walton, Atlanta, Gaj ___ALSO.___ DISTILLER OF COAL TAR.

Manufacturer of Roofing and Paving Materials, Tarred Roofing and Sheathing Felts. PERFECTION BRAND OF

READY ROOFING Ordinary 2 and 3-Ply Roofing, ROOF COATINGS, VARNISH, Etc. No. 15 Forsyth St., Atlanta, Ga.



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35 Whitehall St., Atlanta, Ga. \$22,000

Ready Made Clothing PIECE GOODS, HATS, AND GENTS FURNISH-ING GOODS to be sold for what they will bring.

Regardless of Value,

MUST BE SOLD! IMMENSE SLAUGHTER Winter Underwear.

TAILORING DEPARTMENT

s a very fine selection of Piece Goods that will be made up in the best style known to the art, at the bare cost of manufacture, in order to dispose of this stock.

Improve this rare opportunity-A. M. ROBINSON, Assignee.

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Cotton, Stocks, Grain and Foreign Exchange,

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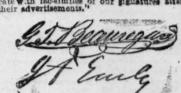
A Select Musical and Elocutional Institute of the highest merit, that recognizes and employs the best taient, who labor harmoniously under the most experienced management. Open entire year. Special opportunities for aspirants seeking choice positions. Graded teaching and prices in all branches. Piane or vocal, 20 lessons, \$10 and upward. For circulars, address MRS. D. N. GEPPERT.

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It never scales or postpones. the people of any State.
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A SPLENDIB OPPORTUNITY TO WIN A FORTUNE. SECOND GRAND DRAWING. CLASS B, IN THE ACADEMY OF MUSIC. NEW OCCUPANS, TUESDAY, February 10, 1885—117th Monthly Drawing.

CAPITAL PRIZE, \$75,000. 100,000 Tickets at Five Dollars Each, Fractions, in Fifths, in proportion.

1 CAPITAL PRIZE. 1 do do 2 PRIZES OF \$600

Orders or New York Exchange in ordinary letter. Currency by or expressal sums of five dollars and upwards by express at our expense) to [21. A. DAUPHIN, New Orleans, La., M. A. DAUPHIN, 607 Seventh St., Washington, D. U.
Make P. O. Money Orders payable and address
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NEW OBLEARS NATIONAL BANK, .

Louisiana State Lottery Dave C Johnston, Covington, Ky. Amounts of \$5.00 and over, by Express at my

A RE. H. MAGILL, FORMERLY OF SAVAN-Minah, Ga.. has opened a commodious house with home comforts at 166 East 23d afrect, New York city, for the accommodation of families visiting the north. Eight lines of cers run within a block of the house. References: Mrs. Georgia McIntosh, Dr. J. C. Le Hardy, E. J. Thomas, Esq. Sevannah, Ga.; Mrs. William Curtis, Fryor strong Atlanta. Gs. RULING and all kinds of JOB PRINTING done neatly and

promptly at the CONSTITUTION

A SOUTHERN HOME IN A NORTHERN CITY



Smith's Extract of Mayflower.

VOL. XVII.

THE NAVAL BILL.

A DEMOCRATIC CAUCUS DEB

The Tacit Agreement Reached That Action M Deferred Until the Democrate are in F Power-General Slocum in Charge of the Grant Bill-Other Federal Matters.

WASHINGTON, January 15 .- [Speci Though the democratic caucus this after

took no definite action, a general conc

was reached, which is understood, and

resist action on the naval bill for the nex 'cal year. Recently several democratic l have been urging that this bill should n beginning toward the construction navy, which it is urged will be one of the ducts of Cleveland's administration. caucus was called on a petition headed Randall. When it had assembled he ros said that the democrats on the appropria committee wished to ascertain the sen their party associates in the house before made up naval bill for the next year. Randall said he th it best not to make extraordinary appropriation, or atten-map out a naval policy. Though the exture of the amounts now appropriated not begin until next July, when the dem will be in control of the government, th would originate under a republican a

Mr. Ellis, of Louisiana, spoke in tave larger appropriation than that for the c year, but agreed with Randall in the He merely wished to continue certain now in progress. Several resolution offered, but none were adopted.

It was tacitly agreed that the line la by Mr. Randall as expressive of the o of the democrats on his committee, wo followed by the democrats in the house THE GRANT BILL. General Slocum has been placed in

of the Grant bill by the military com and may try to bring it up to-morro will not oppose the last bill passed by tate, but will insist on an amendment, Grant, as the other senate bill already the house does. If Grant's name is put bill, it will be subject to the objection of President Arthur vetoed the Fitzjohn bill, namely, that it creates an office an fills it, thereby usurping the prerogs the president. General Slocum says lieves Arthur will now admit that his the Porter bill was not backed by sa reasons, but most of Grant's friends s

Congressman Rankin, of Wisconsin, has been dangerously ill for several weeks. His physician to-day ordered his remova Thomasville, Ga., whither he will be

Slocum's amendment would prove fatal

in this district. The condition of his system made this step necessary. F

THE NICARAUGAN TREAT The Senate Spends the Whole Day in tive Session. on, January 15 .-Mr. Hale, from the committee on nava

the sufferers by the wreck of the Unite steamer Tallapoosa.

Mr. Miller, of California, introduced to increase the pension of Mrs. Fra Thomas, widow of General George H. Tfrom \$600 to \$2,008 a year, the same pension already granted to the widow miral Farragut. The senate proceeded consideration of bills on the calendar. The bill for the relief of the First N bank of Newton, Mass., was taken up cussed until two o'clock, without raction. The senate at 2:05 p. m. we executive session.

the senate adjourned.

SENATOR MORGAN'S SPEECH.

Senator Morgan made a speech in excession to-day in favor of the Nice treaty. He discussed the possible relative foreign powers to this subject, and sat great length, the advantage to this which it would benefit by the construction of the Nice treaty. There were no other speech an amendment was offered by Misman, looking to negotiations with Britain for the abrogation or amend the Clayton Bulwer treaty, before the reguan treaty shall take effect.

The senate to-day confirmed Richarmedy, at McMinnville, Tenn., and Tyler, at Anniston, Ala., to be postmather than the president sent to the senate to-domination of William A. Richardson, chief justice of the court of claims, vice chief justice of the court of claims, vi

IN THE HOUSE. Providing For the Washington Mo and the Inauguration.

Washington, January 15.—The spe before the house the estimate from a missioners of the District of Columbia appropriation of \$10,000 to enable maintain public order during the ce attending the dedicating of the Wa

maintain public order during the ceasttending the dedicating of the Wamonument and the inauguration of President. Referred.

The house then, under special or ceeded to the consideration of the Manding bill. After the reading of Mr. Henley, of Colorado, wishes to a it with the question of consideration, speaker ruled that the question couraised against a special order, and Mr. Revenue that he would on Sature the Northern Pacific land grant bills.

THE BILL EXPLAINED.

Mr. Wilkins, of Ohio, gave a brief of the features of the McPherson bill causes which necessitated the promose such measure. The simple properties bill was to increase the circulational bank notes from 90 per cent. The proposition was and comprehensive that it seemed to discussion should not be prolonged.

Mr. Henderson, of Iowa, suggeste hour's debate would be sufficient, or the for, and the other against the bill Mr. McMillin, of Tennessee, Vohic, and Mr. Weller' of Iowa, nat the whours was too short a till which to consider so important a No arrangement was arrived at, an hate proceeded. Among the speathers, Yaple, of Michigan, Cook, Jorth L. of Pennsylvania, Henderso which every for, growing apace.

to-morrow. Congressman Ward, of Indiana, w afternoon carried to the St. Elizabeth

reported favorably the bill for the the sufferers by the wreck of the Unite

executive session.

At 5:05 p. m. the doors were reoper the senate adjourned.

resigned; and of John Davis to be an justice of the court of claims, vice Ric John Davis is present assistant secre

istration. There is no cause for haste, this matter is left to the next congress honor for the vigorous and liberal policy will accrue to Cleveland's admi